



Neutrino Fits

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Moriond, La Thuile



Summary : SM + ν mass

M. Ishitsuka + T. Iwashita + S. Hatakeyama + J. Wilson

+ ALL other oscillation neutrino data BUT LSND

3 σ ranges:

$$|U_{\alpha i}| = \begin{pmatrix} |U_{e1}| & |U_{e2}| & |U_{e3}| \\ |U_{\mu 1}| & |U_{\mu 2}| & |U_{\mu 3}| \\ |U_{\tau 1}| & |U_{\tau 2}| & |U_{\tau 3}| \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.78-0.88 & 0.47-0.62 & 0.00-0.23 \\ 0.18-0.55 & 0.40-0.73 & 0.57-0.82 \\ 0.19-0.55 & 0.41-0.75 & 0.55-0.82 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$5.2 \leq \frac{\Delta m^2}{10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2} \leq 9.8$$

$$1.4 \leq \frac{\Delta M^2}{10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2} \leq 3.4$$

Summary : beyond standard

M. Ishitsuka + T. Iwashita + S. Hatakeyama + J. Wilson

+ ALL other oscillation neutrino data



Why a combined analysis ?

- Framework to test different scenarios on equal footing
- Correlations, Subleading effects, Consistency
- Determine ranges of parameters involved :
 - **Differences of squared masses** : differences of phases
 - **Leptonic mixing angles** : weak and free fields not aligned
- Determine physics involved, e.g., [A. Mirizzi, A.M. Rotunno](#)
- Pool analysis : identifying systematics [Fogli et al 2002](#)

3 ν : Parameter Space

$$U_{\alpha i} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} \\ U_{\mu1} & U_{\mu2} & U_{\mu3} \\ U_{\tau1} & U_{\tau2} & U_{\tau3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13}e^{+i\delta} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13}e^{-i\delta} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta m^2 \geq 0$$

$$\Delta M^2 \geq 0$$

$$0 \leq \theta_{ij} \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$0 \leq \delta \leq \pi$$

3 ν

$$\Delta m^2 \quad (\Delta m_{sol}^2)$$

$$\Delta M^2 \quad (\Delta M_{atm}^2)$$

interference

$$\frac{\Delta m^2}{E} \sim L$$

refraction index

$$\frac{\Delta m^2}{E} \sim G_F N_e$$

$$U_{\alpha i} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} \\ U_{\mu 1} & U_{\mu 2} & U_{\mu 3} \\ U_{\tau 1} & U_{\tau 2} & U_{\tau 3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-i\delta} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Searched by :

Atmospheric
K2K

CHOOZ
Palo Verde

Solar
KamLAND

3 ν

$$\Delta m^2 \quad (\Delta m_{sol}^2)$$

$$\Delta M^2 \quad (\Delta M_{atm}^2)$$

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3 ν

If $\Delta m^2 \ll \Delta M^2$

Solar $P_{3\nu}(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e) = P(\Delta m^2, \theta_{12}, \theta_{13})$

$$P_{3\nu}(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e) = \cos^4 \theta_{13} P_{2\nu}(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e) + \sin^4 \theta_{13}$$

Atmospheric $P_{3\nu}(\nu_{\alpha=e,\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\beta=e,\mu}) = P(\Delta M^2, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13})$

$$P_{3\nu}(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu) = \sin^2 2\theta_{13,m} \sin^2 \theta_{23} \sin^2 (\Delta M^2 L / 4E)$$

Reactor $P_{3\nu}(\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) = P(\Delta M^2, \Delta m^2, \theta_{12}, \theta_{13})$

Two scales

Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, hep-ph/0202218

Fogli, Lisi, Palazzo, PRD65, 2002

Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, P-G, Valle, PRD63, 2001

Bilenky, Nicolo, Petcov, PLB538, 2002

Mocioiu, Shrock, JHEP0111, 2001

3 ν : results

3σ (b.f.)

$$5.2 \leq \frac{\Delta m^2}{10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2} \leq 9.8 \quad (7.1)$$

$$1.4 \leq \frac{\Delta M^2}{10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2} \leq 3.4 \quad (2.4)$$

$$0.29 \leq \tan^2 \theta_{12} \leq 0.64 \quad (0.42)$$

$$0.49 \leq \tan^2 \theta_{23} \leq 2.2 \quad (1.0)$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} \leq 0.054 \quad (0.008)$$

3 ν : results

Gonzalez-Garcia, PG (2003), see also Maltoni et al (2003), Fogli et al (2003)

$$|U_{\alpha i}| = \begin{pmatrix} |U_{e1}| & |U_{e2}| & |U_{e3}| \\ |U_{\mu 1}| & |U_{\mu 2}| & |U_{\mu 3}| \\ |U_{\tau 1}| & |U_{\tau 2}| & |U_{\tau 3}| \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.78-0.88 & 0.47-0.62 & 0.00-0.23 \\ 0.18-0.55 & 0.40-0.73 & 0.57-0.82 \\ 0.19-0.55 & 0.41-0.75 & 0.55-0.82 \end{pmatrix}$$

Gonzalez-Garcia, NOON04

$$|U_{\alpha i}| \sim \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1+\lambda) & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1-\lambda) & \varepsilon \\ \frac{1}{2}(1-\lambda+\Delta+\varepsilon\cos\delta) & \frac{1}{2}(1+\lambda+\Delta-\varepsilon\cos\delta) & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1-\Delta) \\ \frac{1}{2}(1-\lambda-\Delta-\varepsilon\cos\delta) & \frac{1}{2}(1+\lambda-\Delta+\varepsilon\cos\delta) & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1-\Delta) \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} 1\sigma \\ \lambda = 0.23 \pm 0.02 \\ \Delta = 0.00 \pm 0.08 \\ \varepsilon \leq 0.02 \\ -1 \leq \cos\delta \leq 1 \end{matrix}$$

3 ν : next steps

More data in running experiments will fix plausible systematic shifts on mass scales :

- Solar + KamLAND : NSI effects
- Atmospheric and K2K : ν fluxes, cross sections

A. Cervera

Improvements in analysis:

- Solar : Independ. of ν fluxes Bahcall, PG (2003)
- Atmospheric : Understanding uncertainties NOON04

Future experiments:

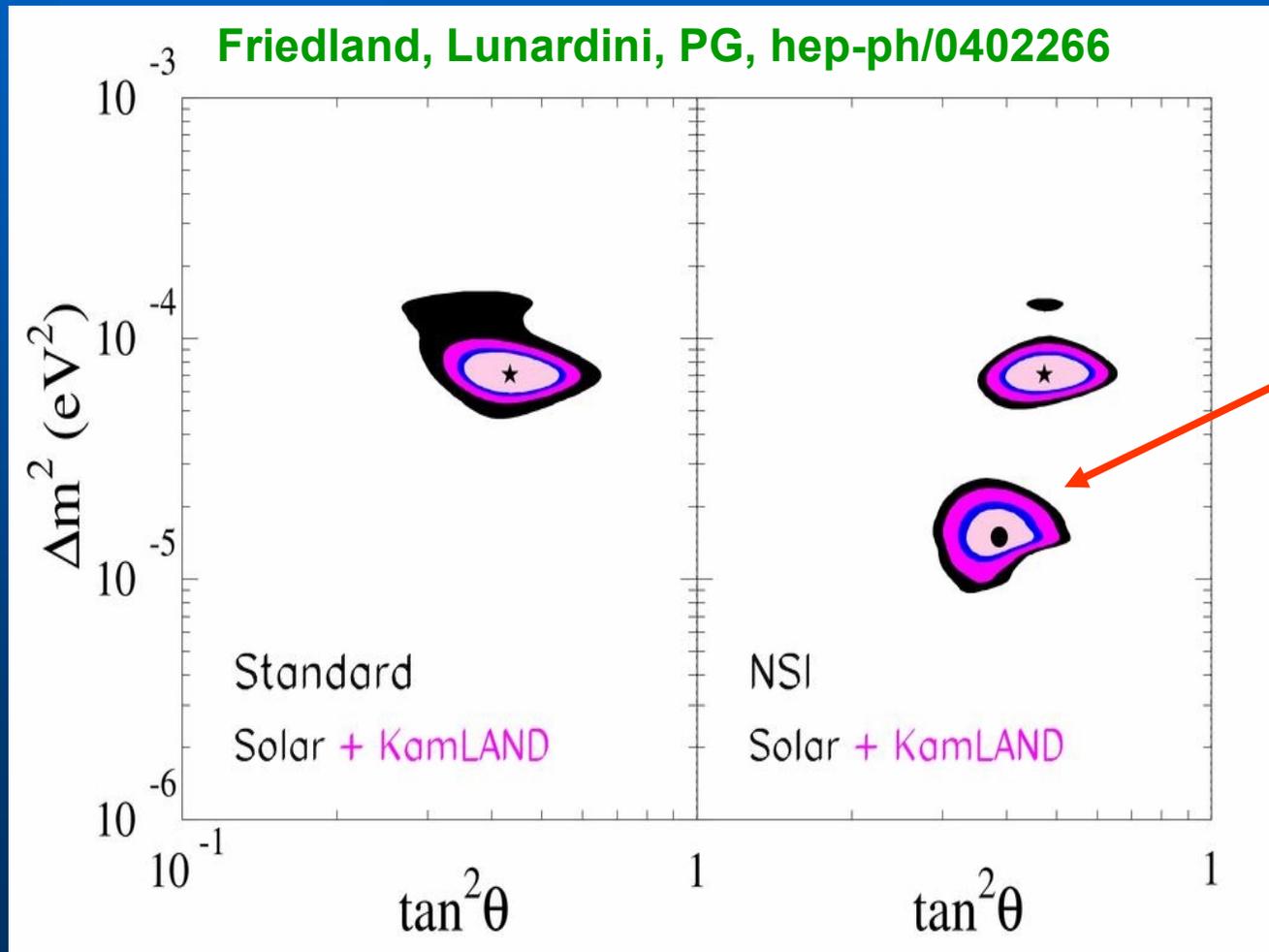
- Atmospheric scale: MINOS, ICARUS/OPERA
- θ_{13} determination S. Rigolin, F. Dalnoki-Veress
- Low energy solar neutrinos : Borexino

Non-standard neutrino interactions

Small flavor diagonal and flavor changing fermi interactions ($\sim 0.1 G_F$) with quarks



LMA with modified matter effects



What's new :

Lower Δm_{21}^2 region

Sensitivity in KamLAND reactor

Sensitivity in low energy solar neutrino experiments (Borexino/KamLAND sol)

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Beyond standard

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+ all other oscillation neutrino data



LSND vs KARMEN

LSND : L=30 m, 20<E<60 MeV

3.5 to 7 σ appearance signal depending on analysis

67 signal events in 1030 signal+background

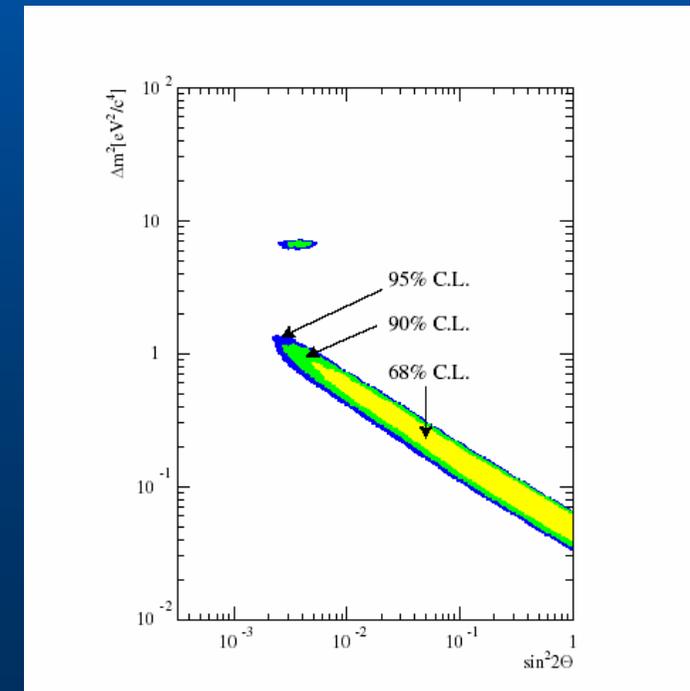
$$P(\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) = (2.6 \pm 0.8) 10^{-3}$$

KARMEN : L=17.5 m, 20<E<60 MeV

15 events in 15.8 background expected

Not compatible at 36%CL

Combined LSND/KARMEN : Church et al, hep-ex/0203023



Beyond standard picture

- * $\Delta L=2$ muon decay . Incompatible : LSND with Karmen

Disfavoured at 3.5σ

Babu, Pakvasa, hep-ph/0204236



+ Sterile. Incompatible :

- App. in LSND with disapp.
in Bugey and CDHS



- Sterile is not in solar (SNO)
nor in atmospheric (SK)

Disfavoured at $3.2(5.8)\sigma$

Bilenki, Giunti, GG, Valle, ...



CPT violation. Incompatible :
LSND with atmospheric (SK)

Baremboim et al, hep-ph/0212116

Disfavoured at 3.4σ

- * Extra interactions. Incompatible : LSND with atm. SK

More about it tomorrow : D. Kaplan

Concluding remarks :

Robust results (all but LSND) : improvements expected from data and analysis this year

Miniboone surprising us : J. Monroe

New ideas might be needed