

# Recent BES Results on Charmonium Decays

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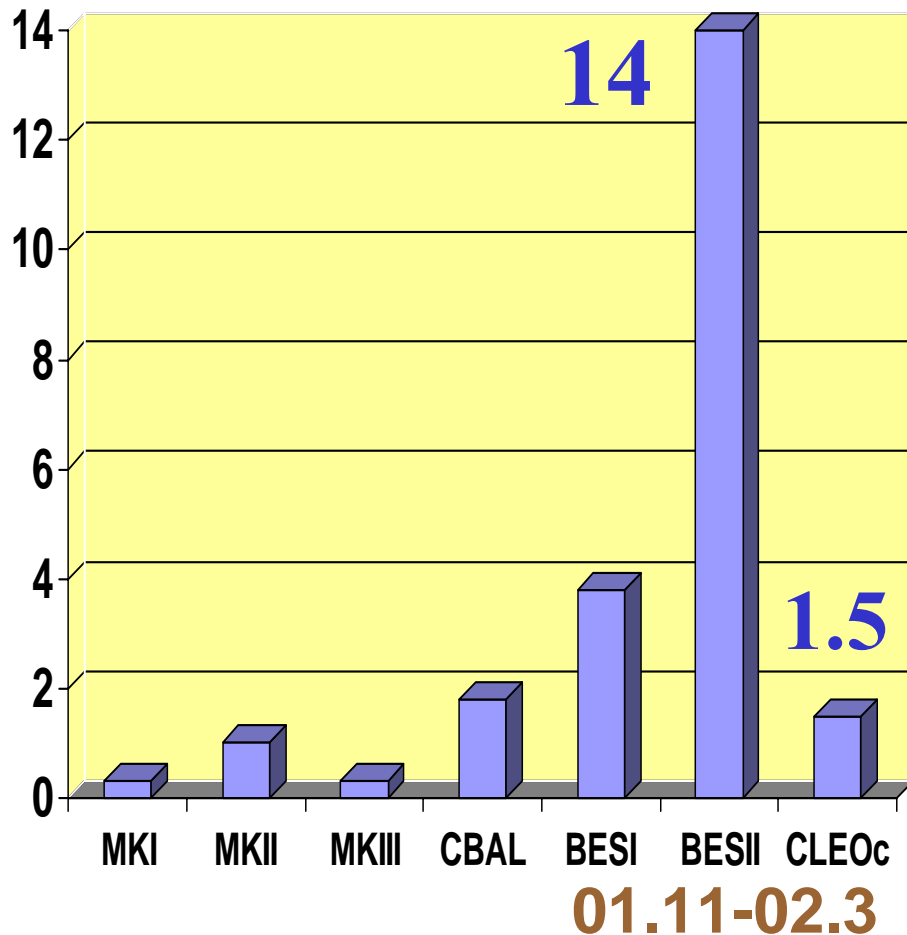
**for the BES Collaboration**

**XXXIVth Rencontres de Moriond**

**QCD and Hadronic Interactions at High Energy**

**Mar. 28 – Apr. 4, 2004, La Thuile**

# BESII obtained **14 M** $\psi'$ events



•  $\psi' \rightarrow VT$

•  $\psi' \rightarrow K_S^0 K_L^0$

( $J/\psi \rightarrow K_S^0 K_L^0$ )

•  $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma J/\psi$

•  $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$  and  $p\bar{p}$

•  $\psi' \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

# pQCD rule and “ $\rho\pi$ puzzle”

- pQCD rule (12% rule)

[the relation between  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi'$  ]

$$Q_h = \frac{B_{\psi' \rightarrow X}}{B_{J/\psi \rightarrow X}} = \frac{B_{\psi' \rightarrow e^+e^-}}{B_{J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-}} = 12\%$$

- Violation was revealed by MARK-II ,  
confirmed by BES at higher sensitivity

$$\psi' \rightarrow VT$$

❖ **BES-I results** [PRL81(1998)5080]

[PRD67(2003)052002]

VT Mode	$B(\psi' \rightarrow X)(10^{-4})$ (PDG2002 from BES)	$B(J/\psi \rightarrow X)(10^{-3})$ (PDG2002)	$Q_h(\%)$
$\omega f_2$	$< 1.7$ (C.L. 90 %) $1.1 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2$	$4.3 \pm 0.6$	$< 4.0$ $2.4 \pm 1.3$
$\rho a_2$	$< 2.3$ (C.L. 90 %)	$10.9 \pm 2.2$	$< 2.1$
$K^* \overline{K}_2^*$	$< 1.2$ (C.L. 90 %)	$6.7 \pm 2.6$	$< 1.8$
$\phi f_2'$	$< 0.45$ (C.L. 90 %)	$1.23 \pm 0.21 \dagger$	$< 3.7$

† This value from DM2 only

**12 % rule ( pQCD rule )**

**Suppressed!!**

$$\psi' \rightarrow VT$$

$\psi'$

$\omega$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$   
 $\rho$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\pi\pi$

$f_2$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\pi^+ \pi^-$   
 $a_2$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\rho \pi$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\pi\pi$

$\Rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\gamma \gamma$

$\Rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\gamma \gamma$

$K^*$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $K\pi$

$K^*_2$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $K\pi$

$\Rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

$\phi$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $KK$

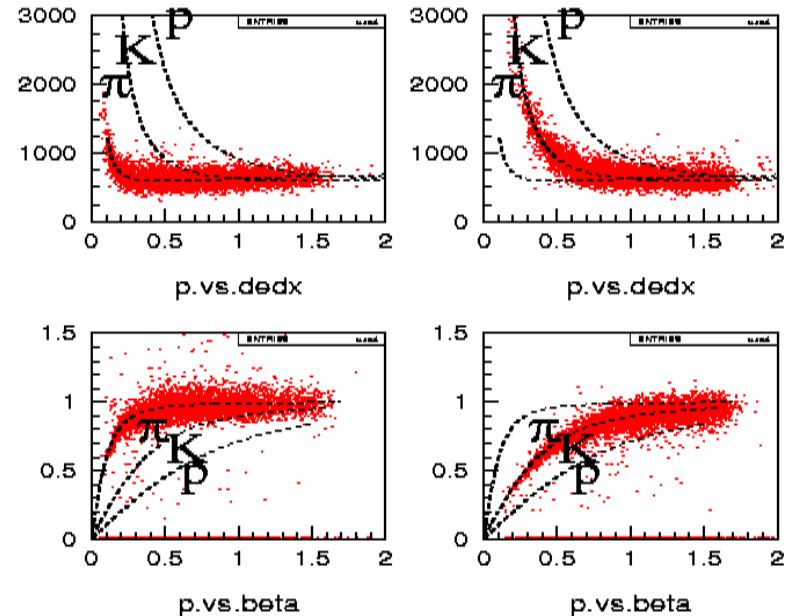
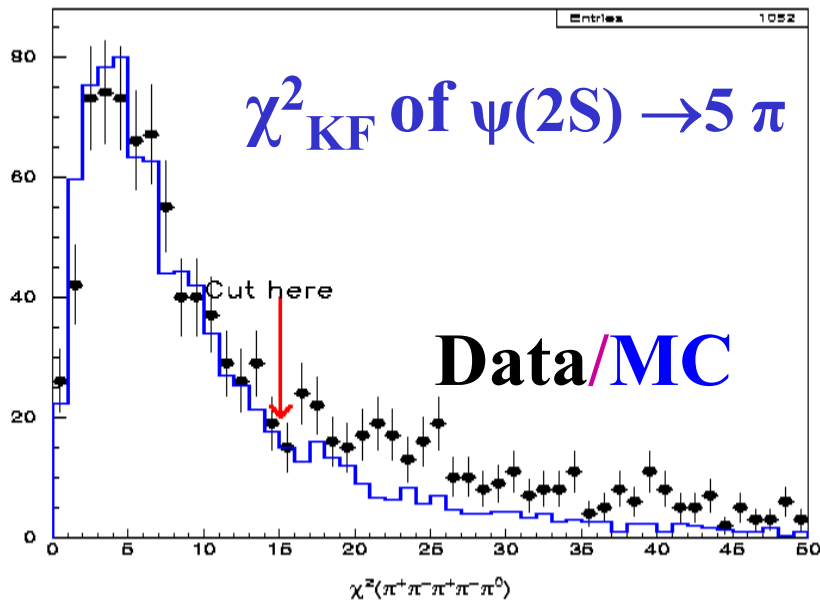
$f'_2$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $KK$

$\Rightarrow K^+ K^- K^+ K^-$

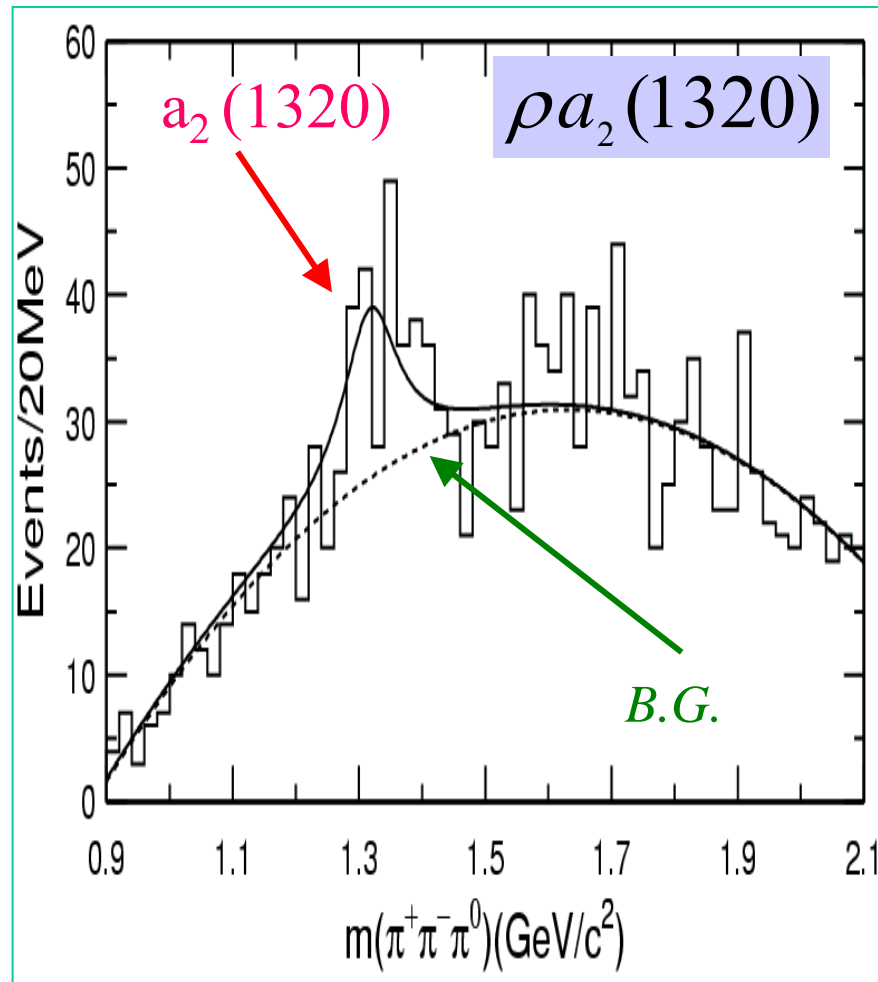
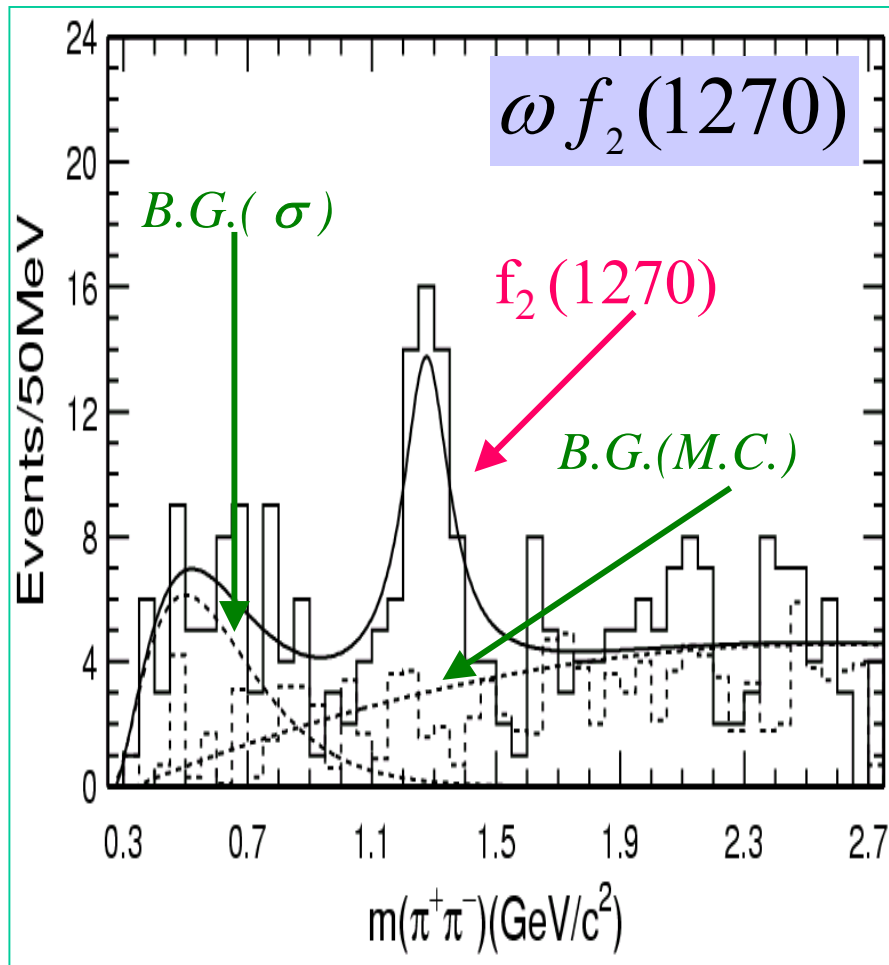
$$\psi' \rightarrow VT$$

# Event Selection

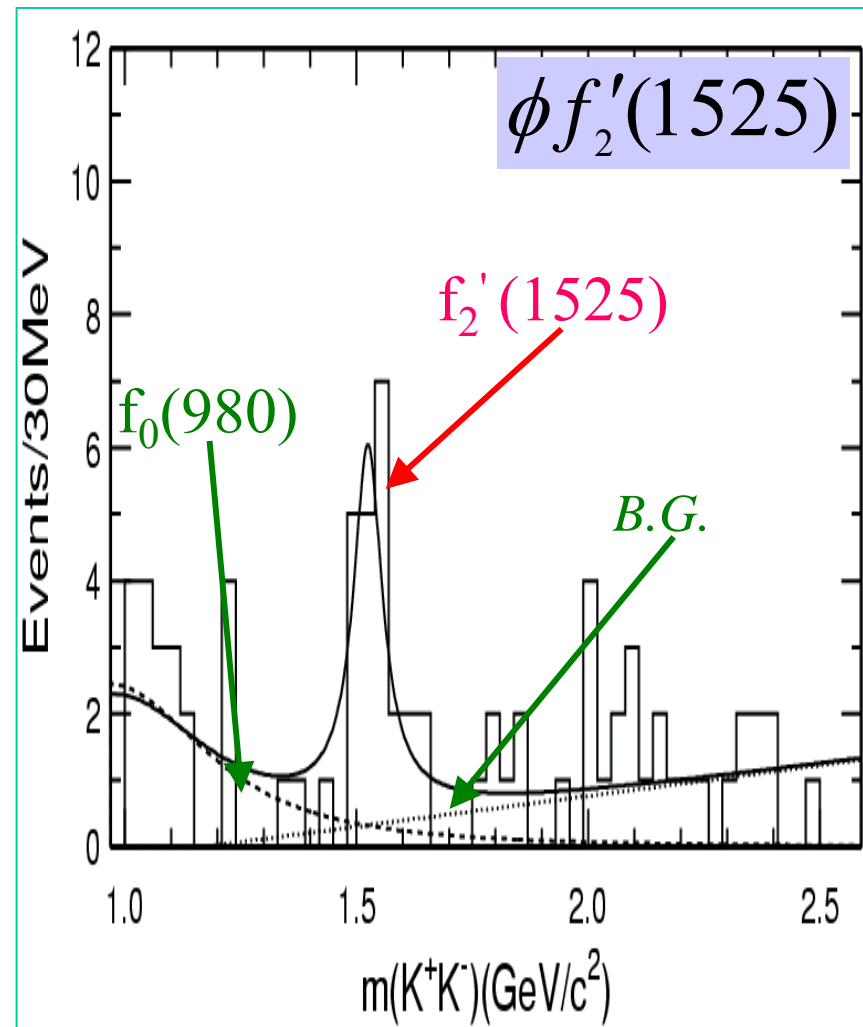
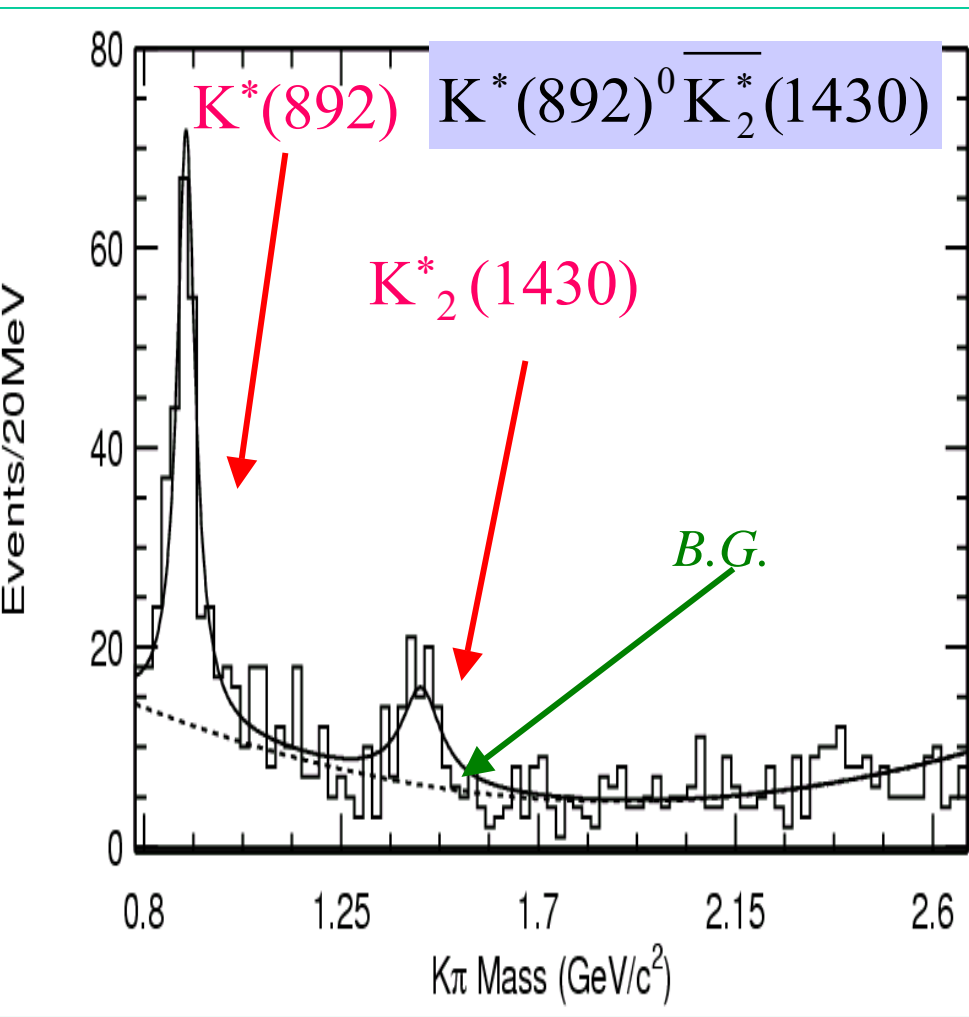
1. **Four** charged tracks with net charge zero;
2.  $|\cos\theta| < 0.80$  for all tracks;
3. **PartID** using TOF+dE/dx
4. At least 2 photon candidates for  $\pi^0$  channels;
5. Remove  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$  background;
6. **Kinematic fit** (4C/5C), Prob>0.01.



$$\psi' \rightarrow VT$$



$$\psi' \rightarrow VT$$





$$\psi' \rightarrow VT$$

$$B_{\psi' \rightarrow X} = \frac{n_{\psi' \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y}^{\text{obs}}}{N_{\psi'} \cdot B_{X \rightarrow Y} \cdot \epsilon^{\text{MC}}}$$

<i>VT mode</i>	$B_{\psi' \rightarrow X} (10^{-4})$ (BES-II)	$B_{J/\psi \rightarrow X} (10^{-3})$ (PDG2002)	$Q_h(\%)$
$\omega f_2$	$2.05 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.38$	$4.3 \pm 0.6$	$4.8 \pm 1.5$
$\rho a_2$	$2.55 \pm 0.73 \pm 0.47$	$10.9 \pm 2.2$	$2.3 \pm 1.1$
$K^* \overline{K}_2^*$	$1.86 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.43$	$6.7 \pm 2.6$	$2.8 \pm 1.3$
$\phi f_2'$	$0.44 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.11$	$1.23 \pm 0.21 \dagger$	$3.6 \pm 1.5$

† This value from DM2 only

**Suppressed!!**

Accepted by PRD

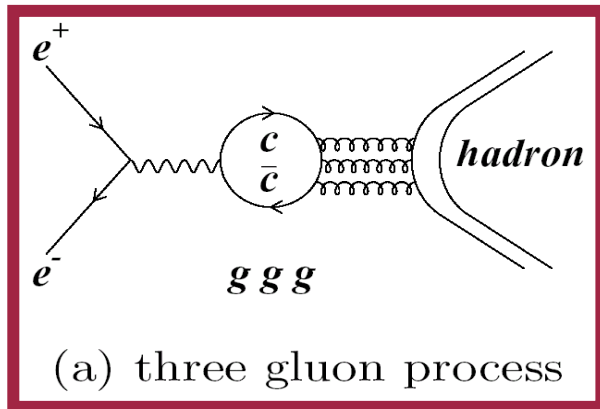
**12 % rule ( pQCD rule )**

$$\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$$

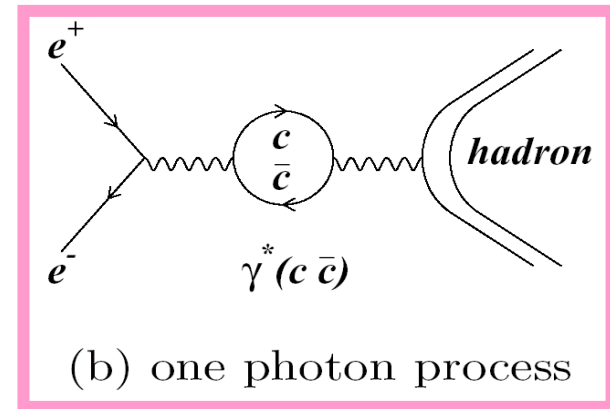
## Theoretical Background

### ► pQCD rule & Phase Study

$$B(\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L)$$



phase



## J/ $\psi$ Decays:

1. **AP:**  $90^\circ$  M. Suzuki, PRD63, 054021 (2001)
2. **VP:**  $(106 \pm 10)^\circ$  J. Jousset et al., PRD41, 1389 (1990)  
D. Coffman et al., PRD38, 2695 (1988)  
N. N. Achasov, talk at Hadron2001
3. **PP:**  $(90 \pm 10)^\circ$  M. Suzuki, PRD60, 051501 (1999)
4. **VV:**  $(138 \pm 37)^\circ$  L. Köpke and N. Wermes,  
Phys. Rep. 74, 67 (1989)
5.  **$N\bar{N}$ :**  $(89 \pm 15)^\circ$  R. Baldini et al., PLB444, 111 (1998)

## $\psi' \rightarrow VP$

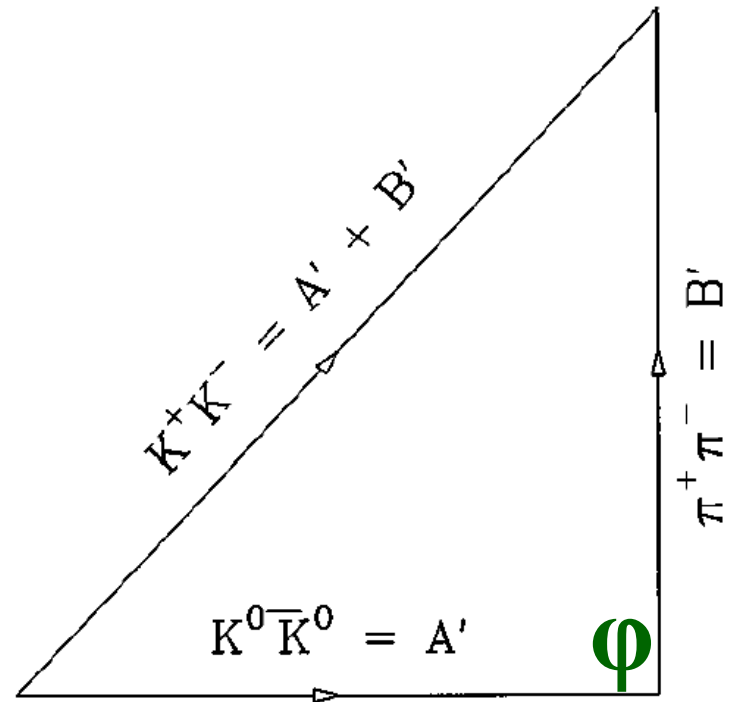
1.  $\phi=180^\circ$  ( $90^\circ$  ruled out!)  
M. Suzuki, PRD63, 054021 (2001)
2.  $\phi = -90^\circ$  or  $\phi=180^\circ$  (with continuum amplitude)  
P. Wang, C. Z. Yuan and X. H. Mo, PRD69, 057502 (2004)

# The Relative Phase

$$\Psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$$

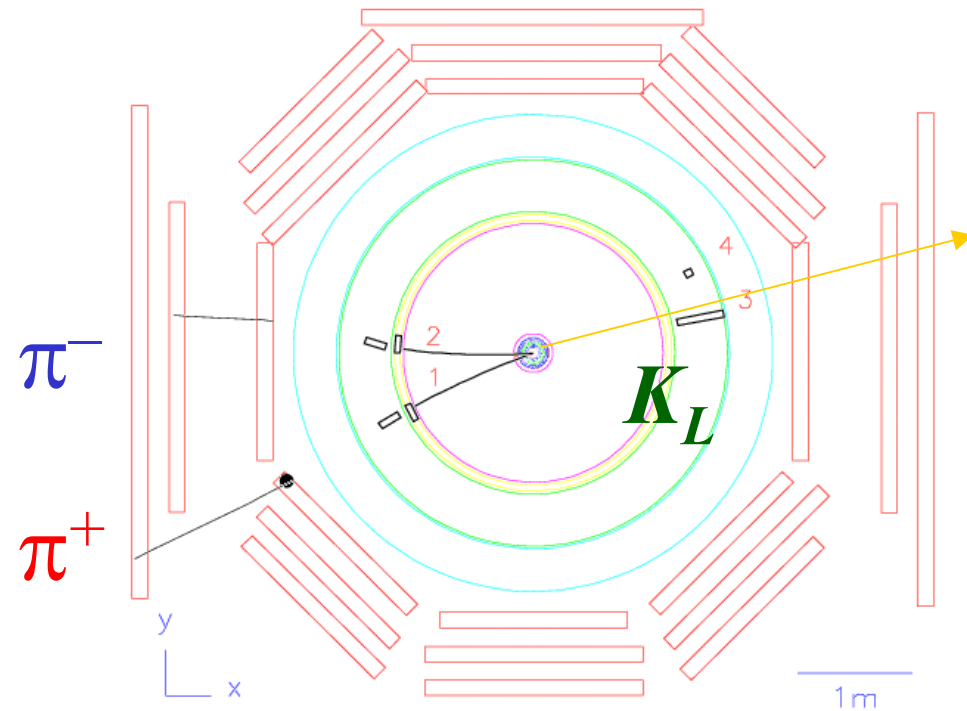
$\Psi' \rightarrow$  *Pseudoscalar Pseudoscalar*

$A'$  ( $\pi^+ \pi^-$ ) and  
 $A'+B'$  ( $K^+ K^-$ ) known,  
 $K_S K_L$  is needed to extract  
*the phase*  
between  $A'$  and  $B'$ .



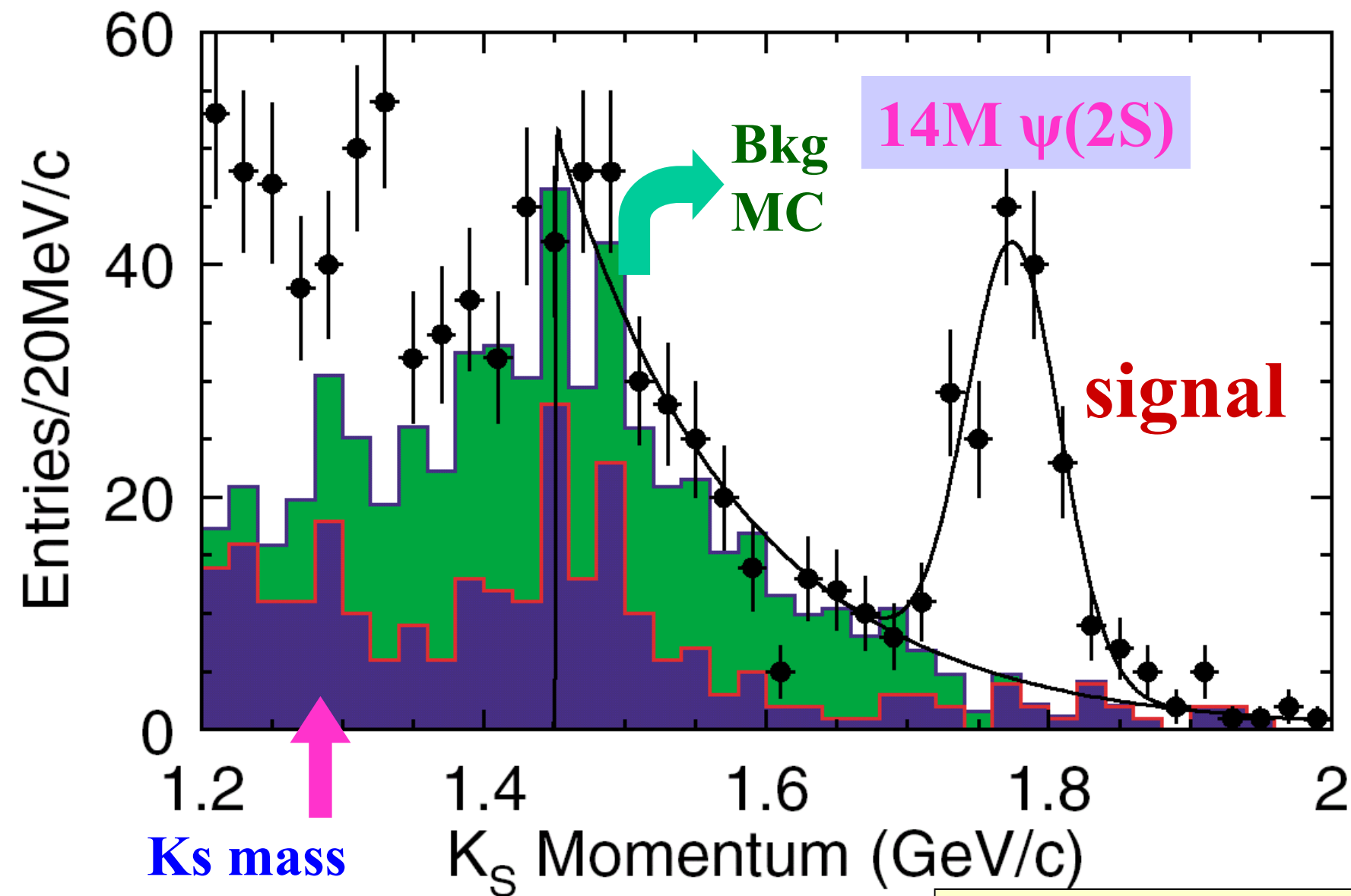
$$\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$$

# Event Selection



1. *Two Good charged tracks with net charge zero ;*
2. *Decay length in transverse plane greater than 1.0 cm for  $K_S$  ID;*
3. *Total Energy of photon candidates less than 1 GeV.*

$\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$



PRL 92, 052001 (2004)

$$\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$$

**BESII:** First measurement for  
 $B(\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L)$

$$B_{\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L} = \frac{n^{\text{obs}} / (\varepsilon \cdot f)}{N_{\psi'} \cdot B_{K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-}}$$

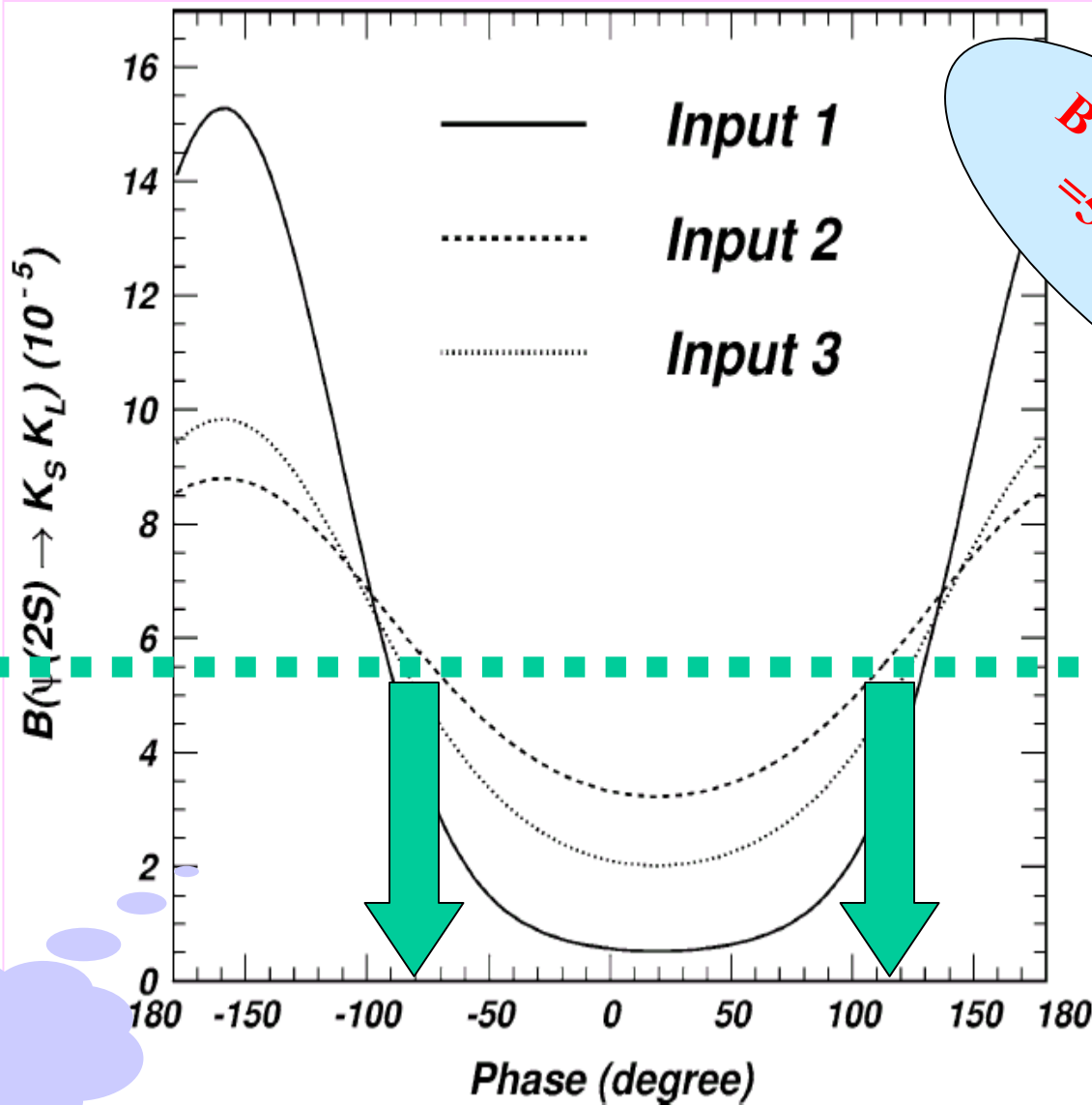
<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Value</i>
$n^{\text{obs}}$	<b>156 ± 14</b>
$\varepsilon_{MC} (\%)$	<b>41.59 ± 0.48</b>
$f (\%)$	<b>74.6 ± 3.5</b>
$N_{\psi'} (10^6)$	<b>14.0 ± 0.7</b>
$B_{K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-}$	<b>0.6860 ± 0.0027</b>
$B_{\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L} (10^{-5})$	<b>5.24 ± 0.47 ± 0.48</b>

**PRL 92, 052001 (2004)**

$$\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$$

First measurement of the phase in  $\psi'$  decays!

$K^+K^-$  &  $\pi^+\pi^-$   
→ inputs ;  
Input 1: DASP;  
Input 2: BES I ;  
Input 3:  $K^+K^-$   
from BES I &  
 $\pi^+\pi^-$  by form  
factor.



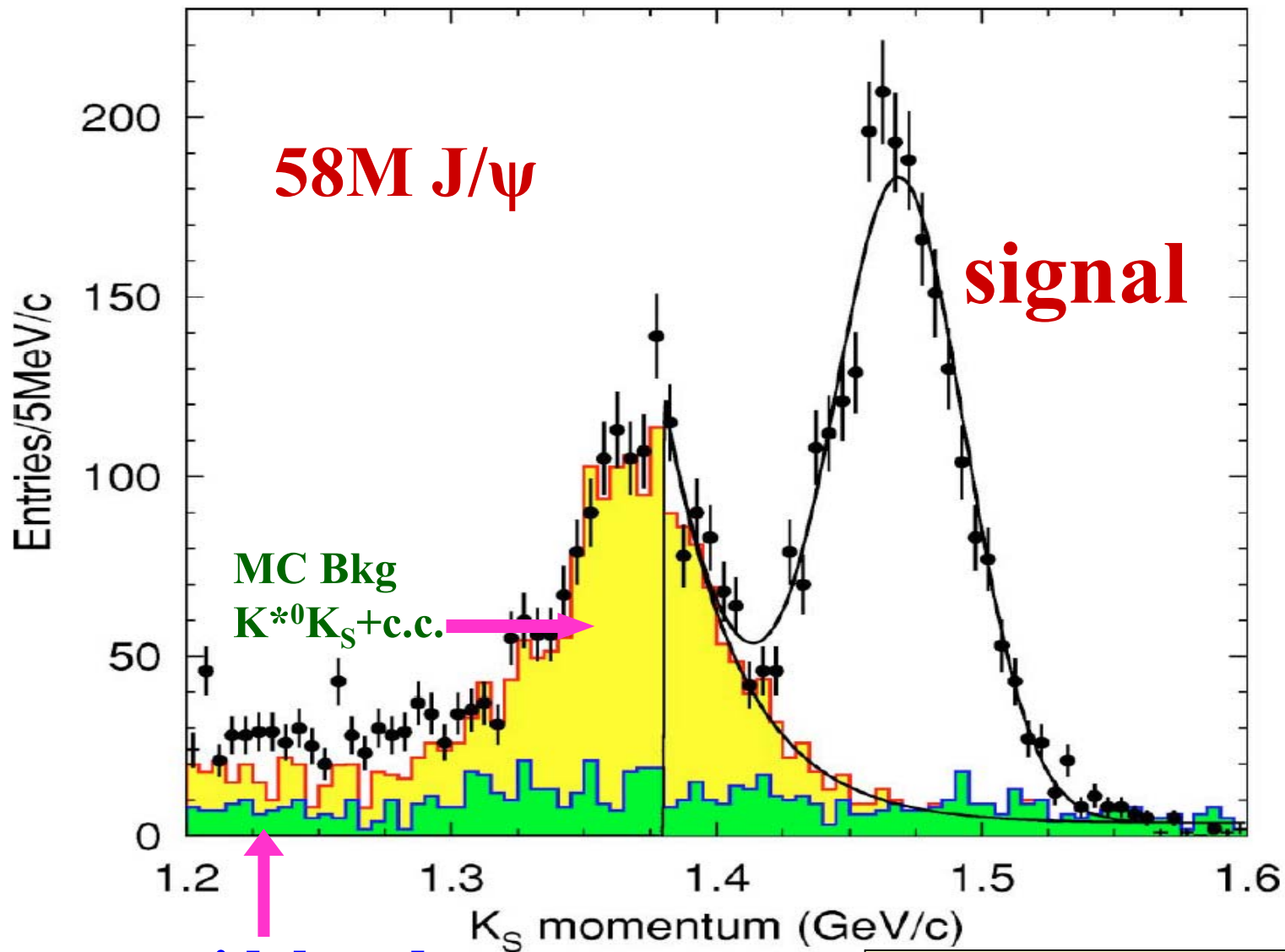
PLB567  
(2003)73

$-(82 \pm 29)^\circ$

$(121 \pm 27)^\circ$



$J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L$



**Ks mass sidebands**

**PRD 69, 012003 (2004)**

**$J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L$**

**BESII: Higher precision for  
B ( $J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L$ )**

$$B_{J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L} = \frac{n^{obs} / (\varepsilon \cdot f)}{N_{J/\psi} \cdot B_{K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-}}$$

<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Value</i>
$n^{obs}$	<b><math>2155 \pm 45</math></b>
$\varepsilon_{MC} (\%)$	<b><math>38.69 \pm 0.23</math></b>
$f (\%)$	<b><math>77.2 \pm 3.4</math></b>
$N_{\psi'} (10^6)$	<b><math>57.7 \pm 2.7</math></b>
$B_{K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-}$	<b><math>0.6860 \pm 0.0027</math></b>
<b><math>B_{J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L} (10^{-4})</math></b>	<b><math>1.82 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.13</math></b>

**PDG2002:  $B_{J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L} = (1.08 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-4}$**

**$\sim 4\sigma$  diff.**

**PRD 69, 012003 (2004)**

**$J/\psi$  ,  $\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$**

$$\mathbf{B}_{\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L} = (5.24 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.48) \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\mathbf{B}_{J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L} = (1.82 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{B}_{\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L}}{\mathbf{B}_{J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_L}} = (28.8 \pm 3.7) \%$$

$$Q_h = \frac{\mathbf{B}_{\psi' \rightarrow X}}{\mathbf{B}_{J/\psi \rightarrow X}} = 12\%$$

**$> 4\sigma$**

***$B(\psi')$  enhanced!***

$J/\psi, \psi' \rightarrow K_S K_L$

A solution of  $\psi'$  enhancement  
Wang, Mo and Yuan, hep-ph/0402227

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi'\rangle &= |2^3S_1\rangle \cos\theta - |1^3D_1\rangle \sin\theta, \\ |\psi''\rangle &= |2^3S_1\rangle \sin\theta + |1^3D_1\rangle \cos\theta, \end{aligned}$$

$$\Gamma(\psi'' \rightarrow f) = \frac{C_f}{M_{\psi''}^2} |\sin\theta R_{2S}(0) + \eta \cos\theta|^2,$$

$$\Gamma(\psi' \rightarrow f) = \frac{C_f}{M_{\psi'}^2} |\cos\theta R_{2S}(0) - \eta \sin\theta|^2,$$

$$\Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow f) = \frac{C_f}{M_{J/\psi}^2} |R_{1S}(0)|^2,$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\psi' \rightarrow f)}{\Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow f)} = \frac{\Gamma(\psi' \rightarrow e^+e^-)}{\Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-)}$$

$$\times \left| \frac{\cos\theta R_{2S}(0) - \eta \sin\theta}{\cos\theta R_{2S}(0) - \frac{5}{2\sqrt{2}m_c^2} \sin\theta R_{1D}''(0)} \right|^2,$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\psi'' \rightarrow f)}{\Gamma(\psi' \rightarrow f)} = \frac{M_{\psi'}^2}{M_{\psi''}^2} \left| \frac{\sin\theta R_{2S}(0) + \eta \cos\theta}{\cos\theta R_{2S}(0) - \eta \sin\theta} \right|^2.$$

Searching for  
 $\psi(3770) \rightarrow K_S K_L$   
to test the model!

Prediction on  $\psi(3770)$  branching fraction:

$$0.12 \pm 0.07 \leq 10^5 \times \mathcal{B}(\psi'' \rightarrow K_S^0 K_L^0) \leq 3.8 \pm 1.1$$

Wait for CLEOc/BESIII for the answer!

$$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \mathbf{J}/\psi$$

Measure 4 BRs:

$$\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 \mathbf{J}/\psi, \eta \mathbf{J}/\psi$$

$$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \mathbf{J}/\psi \quad (\mathbf{J}=1,2)$$

- Different measurements deviate from each other
- $\mathbf{B}(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 \mathbf{J}/\psi)$  very crude (23 evts at CBAL, 7 evts at MRK2)
- Theoretical prediction for charmonium hadronic transition amplitude can be tested by the high statistics measurements

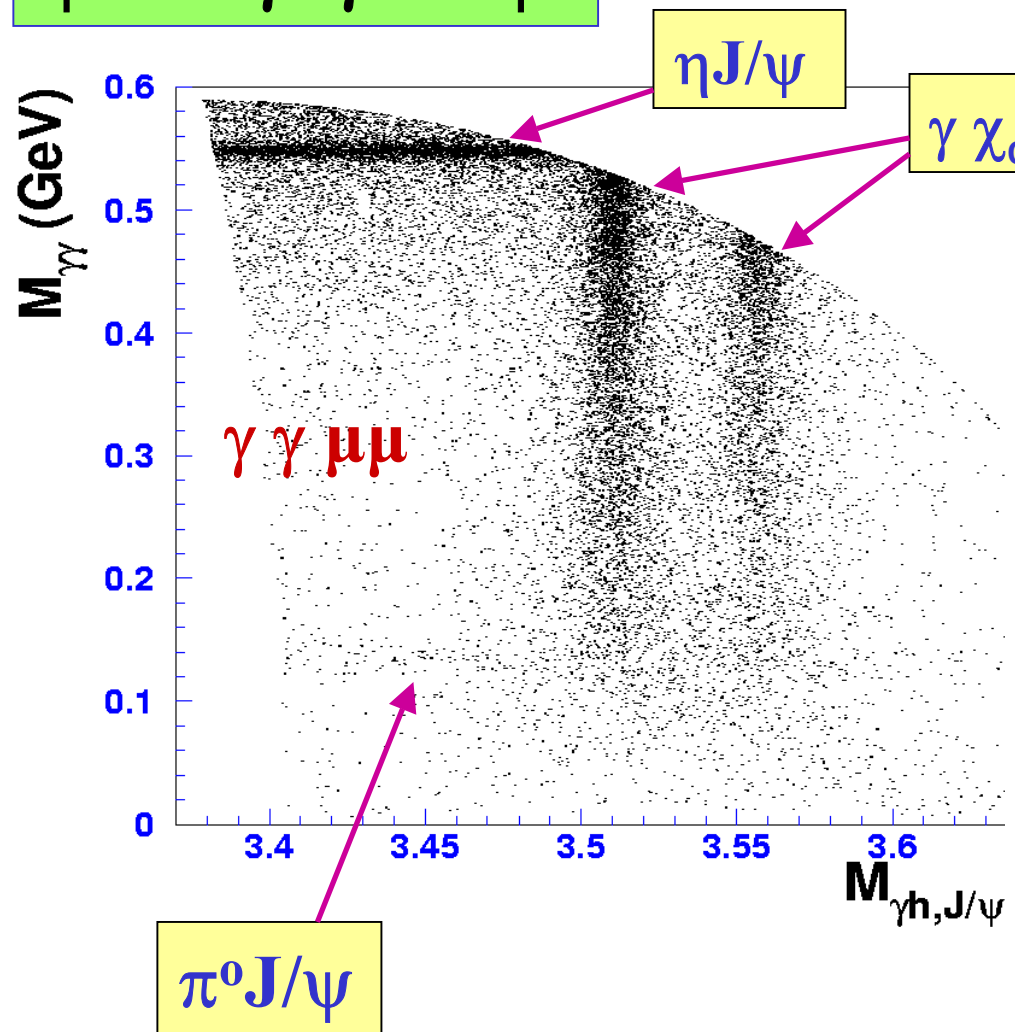
$$R = \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \eta \mathbf{J}/\psi)}{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \mathbf{J}/\psi)}$$

$$R' = \frac{\Gamma(\Upsilon' \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon)}{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \eta \mathbf{J}/\psi)}$$

$$R'' = \frac{\Gamma(\Upsilon'' \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon)}{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \eta \mathbf{J}/\psi)}$$

- Helicity amplitude analysis: not finished yet!

$$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma J/\psi$$



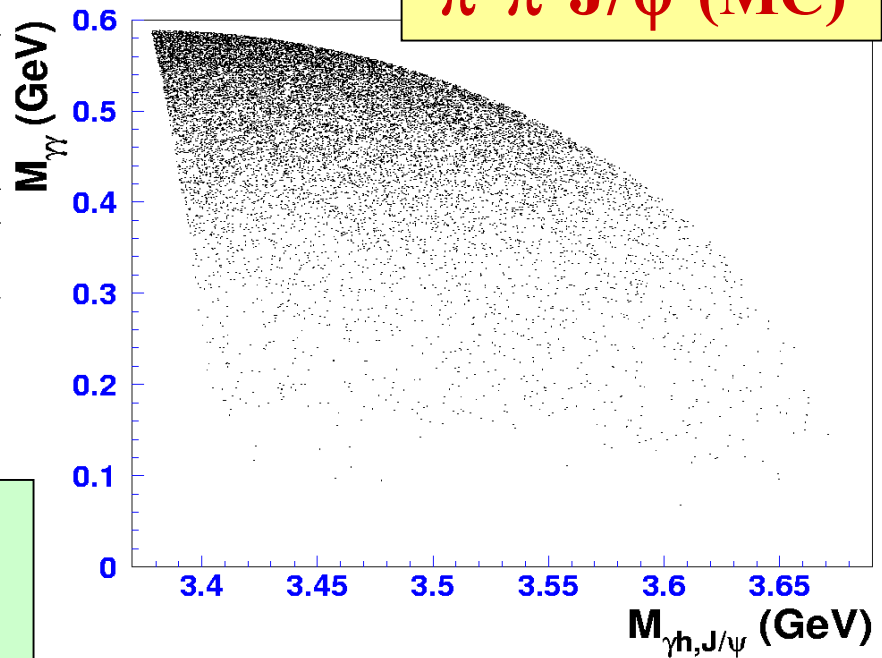
$$\gamma \chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma \gamma J/\psi$$

$$\eta J/\psi$$

$\gamma \gamma \mu\mu$

$$\pi^0 J/\psi$$

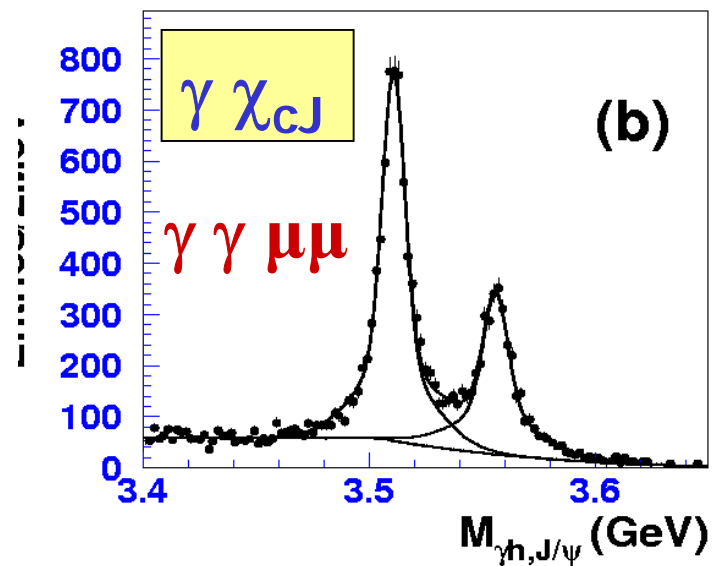
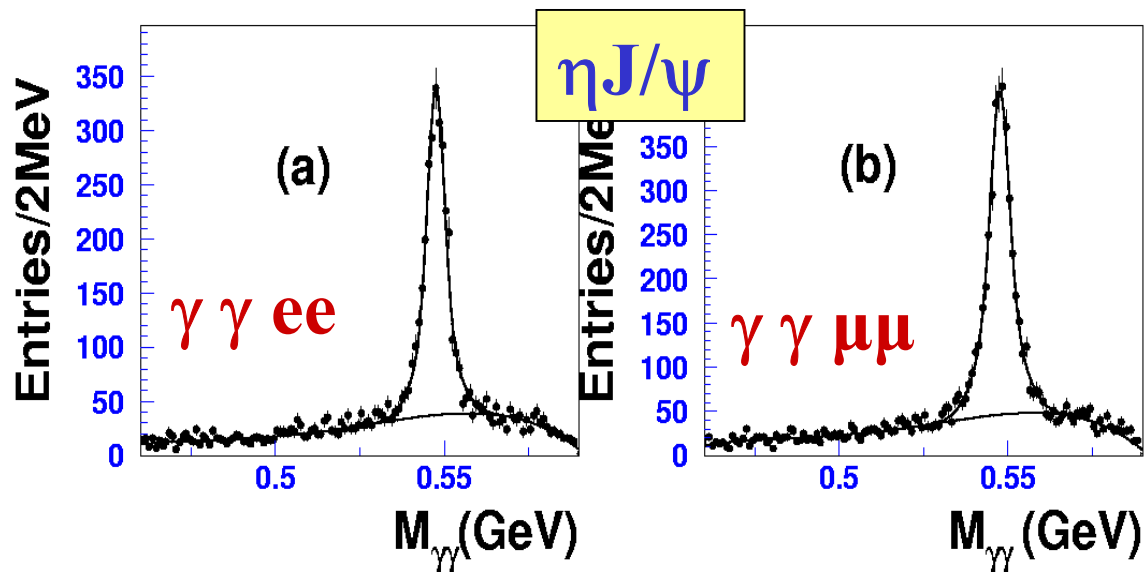
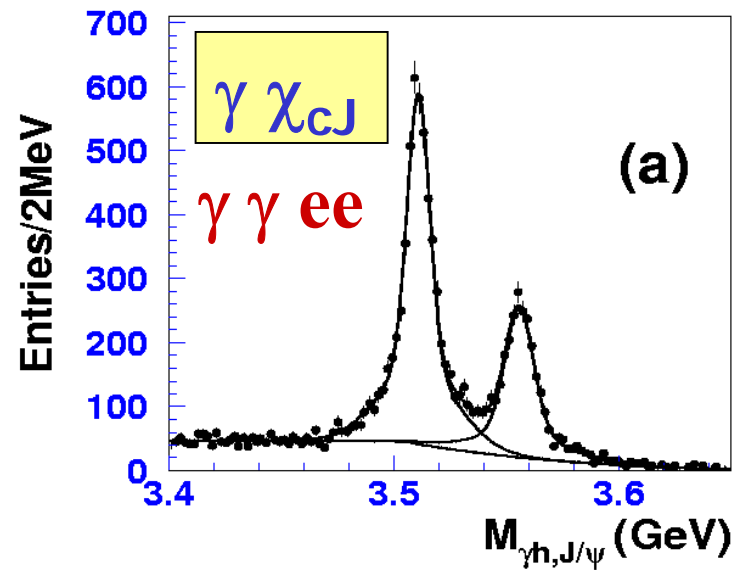
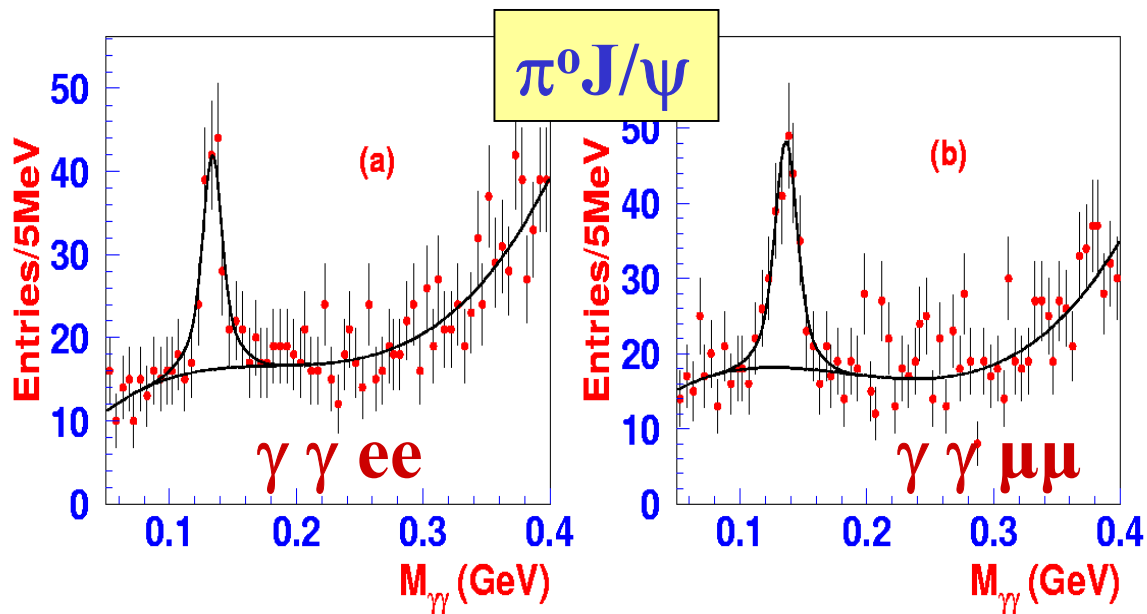
BKG from  $\pi^0 \pi^0 J/\psi$  (MC)



$J/\psi \rightarrow ee$  or  $\mu\mu$ , 5C ( $J/\psi$  mass) kinematic fit is applied!

$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma J/\psi$

BES Preliminary



# $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma J/\psi$

BES Preliminary

Channel	$\pi^0 J/\psi$		$\eta J/\psi$	
Final state	$\gamma\gamma e^+ e^-$	$\gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$	$\gamma\gamma e^+ e^-$	$\gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$
Number of events	$123 \pm 18$	$155 \pm 20$	$2465 \pm 101$	$3290 \pm 148$
Efficiency(%)	11.21	13.34	26.94	34.07
Sys. error (%)	9.68	8.77	8.54	8.40
Correction factor	0.962	0.974	0.962	0.974
BR (%)	$0.139 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.013$	$0.147 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.013$	$2.91 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.21$	$3.06 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.25$
Combine BR (%)	$0.143 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.013$		$2.98 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.23$	
PDG (%)	$0.096 \pm 0.021$		$3.13 \pm 0.21$	

Channel	$\gamma\chi_{c1}$		$\gamma\chi_{c2}$	
Final state	$\gamma\gamma e^+ e^-$	$\gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$	$\gamma\gamma e^+ e^-$	$\gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$
Number of events	$5263 \pm 124$	$6752 \pm 178$	$2512 \pm 82$	$3358 \pm 96$
Efficiency(%)	23.88	29.24	19.70	25.54
Sys. error (%)	12.23	12.45	12.10	12.44
Correction factor	0.962	0.974	0.962	0.974
BR (%)	$8.73 \pm 0.21 \pm 1.00$	$9.11 \pm 0.24 \pm 1.12$	$7.90 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.88$	$8.12 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.99$
Combine BR (%)	$8.90 \pm 0.16 \pm 1.05$		$8.02 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.94$	
PDG (%)	$8.4 \pm 0.6$		$6.4 \pm 0.6$	

$$B(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{c1}) \cdot B(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi) = (2.81 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.23)\%$$

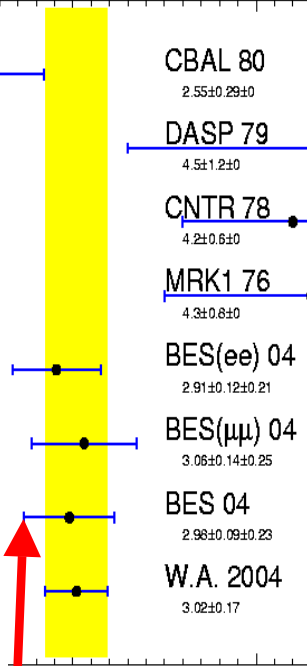
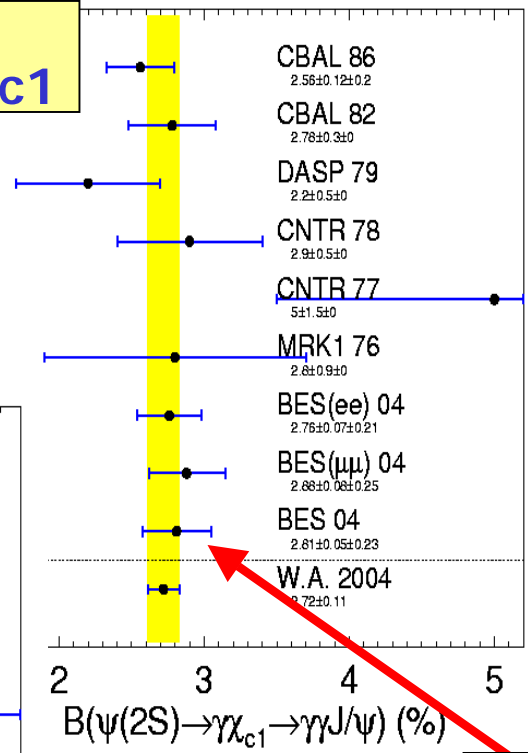
$$B(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{c2}) \cdot B(\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi) = (1.62 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.12)\%$$



# $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \text{ J}/\psi$

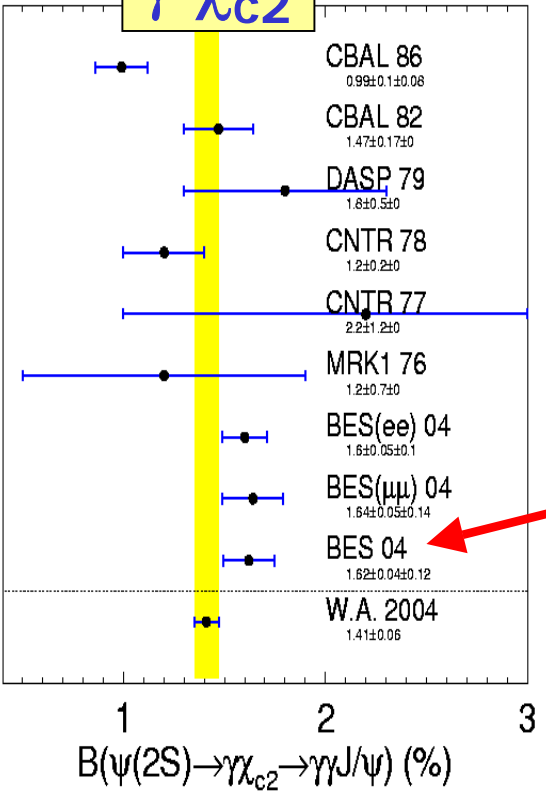
# BES Preliminary

## $\gamma \chi_{c1}$

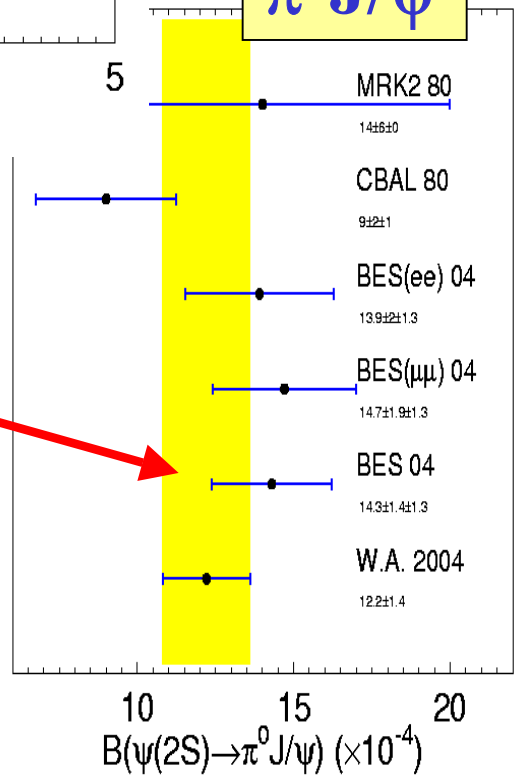


## $\eta \text{ J}/\psi$

## $\gamma \chi_{c2}$



## $\pi^0 \text{ J}/\psi$



## BES

BES measures the BRs in high precision!

$B(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{c2} \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \text{ J}/\psi)$  (%)

$B(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \text{ J}/\psi)$  (%)

$B(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \eta \text{ J}/\psi)$  (%)

$B(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \text{ J}/\psi)$  ( $\times 10^{-4}$ )

$$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \text{ J}/\psi$$

## Discussions

BES Preliminary

**BES (+PDG for  $\Upsilon$ ):**

$$\mathbf{R=0.048\pm 0.007}$$

$$\mathbf{R' < 0.0098}$$

$$\mathbf{R'' < 0.0065}$$

$$R = \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \eta \text{ J}/\psi)}{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \text{ J}/\psi)}$$

$$R' = \frac{\Gamma(\Upsilon' \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon)}{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \eta \text{ J}/\psi)}$$

$$R'' = \frac{\Gamma(\Upsilon'' \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon)}{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \eta \text{ J}/\psi)}$$

- PCAC [G. A. Miller, Phys. Rep. 194,1(1990)]: **R=0.0162** (too small!)

$$R = \frac{27}{16} \left( \frac{p_\pi}{p_\eta} \right)^3 r^2, \quad r = (m_d - m_u) / (m_s - 0.5 \cdot (m_d + m_u))$$

- QCD Multipole expansion & BTG potential model

[Y. P. Kuang, PRD24, 2874(1981), *ibid.* 37, 1210(1988)]

$$\mathbf{\underline{R' = 0.0025}}$$

$$\mathbf{\underline{R'' = 0.0013}}$$

$$R' \approx \left( \frac{m_c}{m_b} \right)^2 \cdot \left( \frac{p_\eta(\Upsilon')}{p_\eta(\psi(2S))} \right)^3 \cdot \left( \frac{f(\Upsilon')}{f(\psi(2S))} \right)^2$$

$$R'' \approx \left( \frac{m_c}{m_b} \right)^2 \cdot \left( \frac{p_\eta(\Upsilon'')}{p_\eta(\psi(2S))} \right)^3 \cdot \left( \frac{f(\Upsilon'')}{f(\psi(2S))} \right)^2$$

# COM for $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow B \bar{B}$

- $B(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow pp\text{-bar})$  from BES, PRL81, 3091 (1998); E760, NPB373, 35 (1992); R704, PLBB172, 455 (1986)

## • Nucleon wave function at small $Q^2$ :

$$|p, +\rangle = \frac{\varepsilon_{a_1 a_2 a_3}}{\sqrt{3!}} \int [dx][d^2\mathbf{k}_\perp] \times \left\{ \Psi_{123}^N |u_+^{a_1} u_-^{a_2} d_+^{a_3}\rangle + \Psi_{213}^N |u_-^{a_1} u_+^{a_2} d_+^{a_3}\rangle - (\Psi_{132}^N + \Psi_{231}^N) |u_+^{a_1} u_+^{a_2} d_-^{a_3}\rangle \right\}.$$

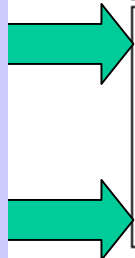
J.Bolz, P. Kroll, Z. Phys. A356, 327 (1996)  
 J.Bolz, P. Kroll, Eur. Phys. J. C2, 454 (1998)

For each s quark,  
 introduces

$$\exp\left(-\frac{a_{B_8}^2 m_s^2}{x_j}\right),$$

S. M. Wong, Eur. Phys. J. C14, 643 (2000)

BES can measure them!



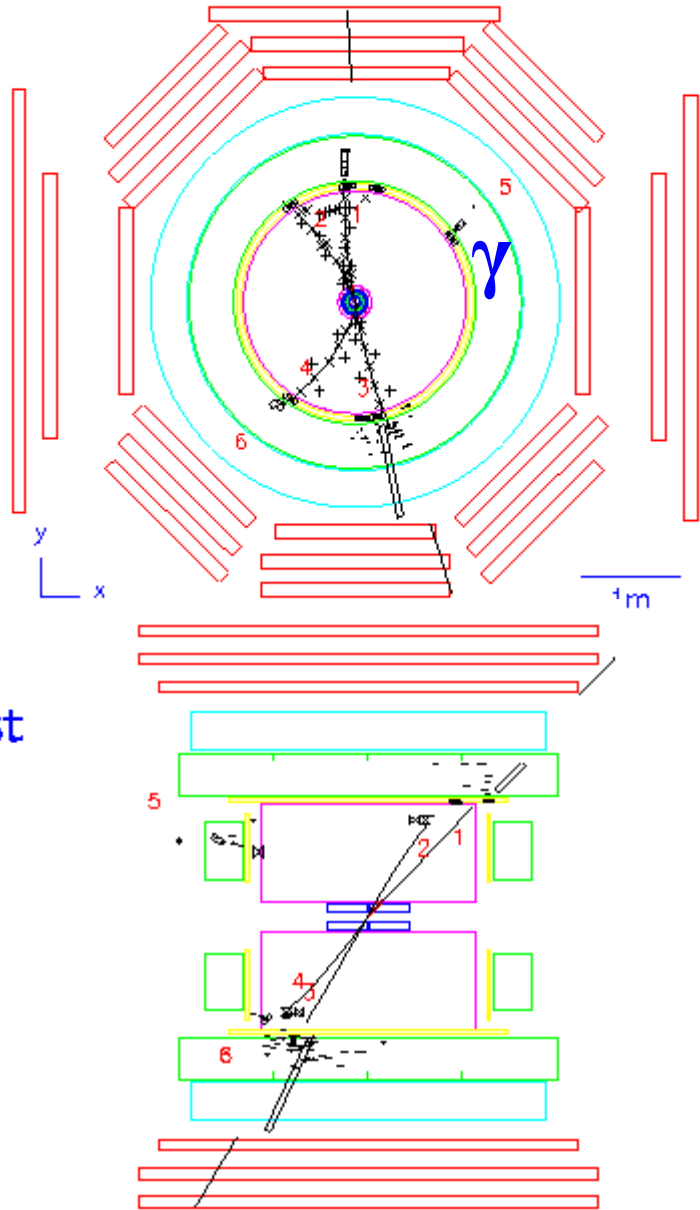
Octet Baryons	$\Gamma^{(1)+(8)}$ (eV)		Decuplet Baryons	$\Gamma^{(1)+(8)}$ (eV)	
	J=1	J=2		J=1	J=2
$\chi_J \rightarrow NN$	(56.27)	154.19	$\chi_J \rightarrow \Delta\Delta$	33.49	124.62
$\chi_J \rightarrow \Sigma\bar{\Sigma}$	28.42	97.69	$\chi_J \rightarrow \Sigma^*\bar{\Sigma}^*$	18.46	71.09
$\chi_J \rightarrow \Xi\bar{\Xi}$	21.49	72.62	$\chi_J \rightarrow \Xi^*\bar{\Xi}^*$	9.42	41.16
$\chi_J \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$	33.64	69.19			

$$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$$

# Event Selection

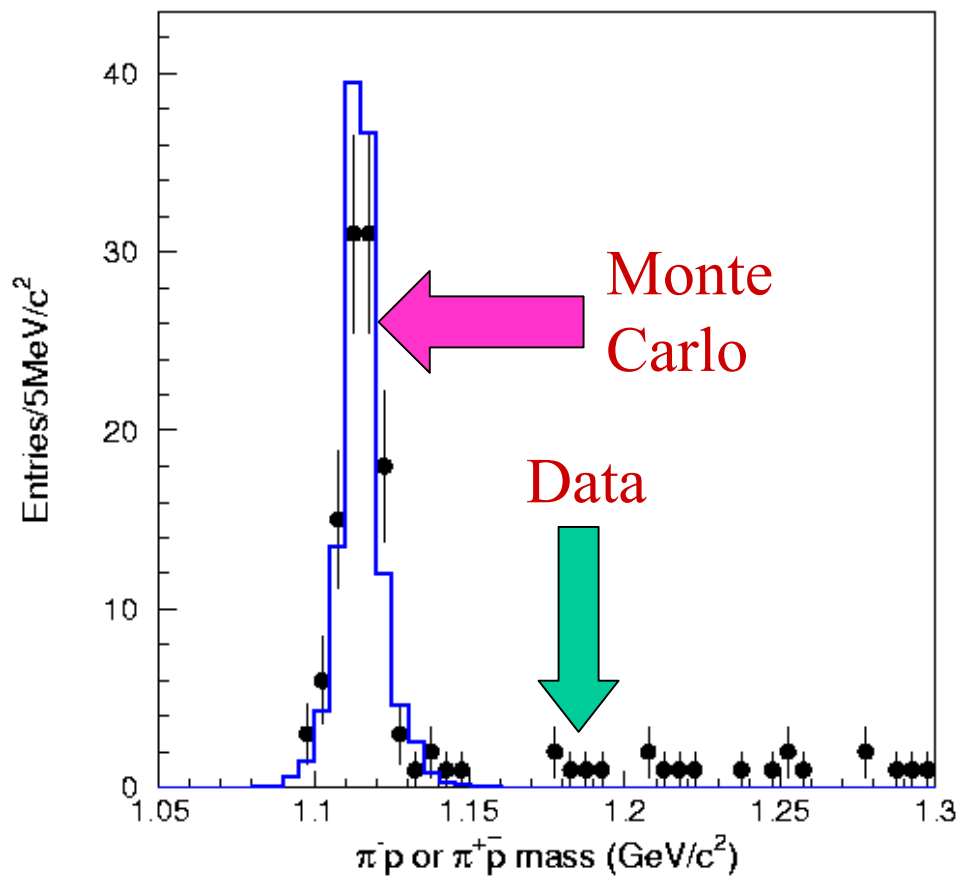
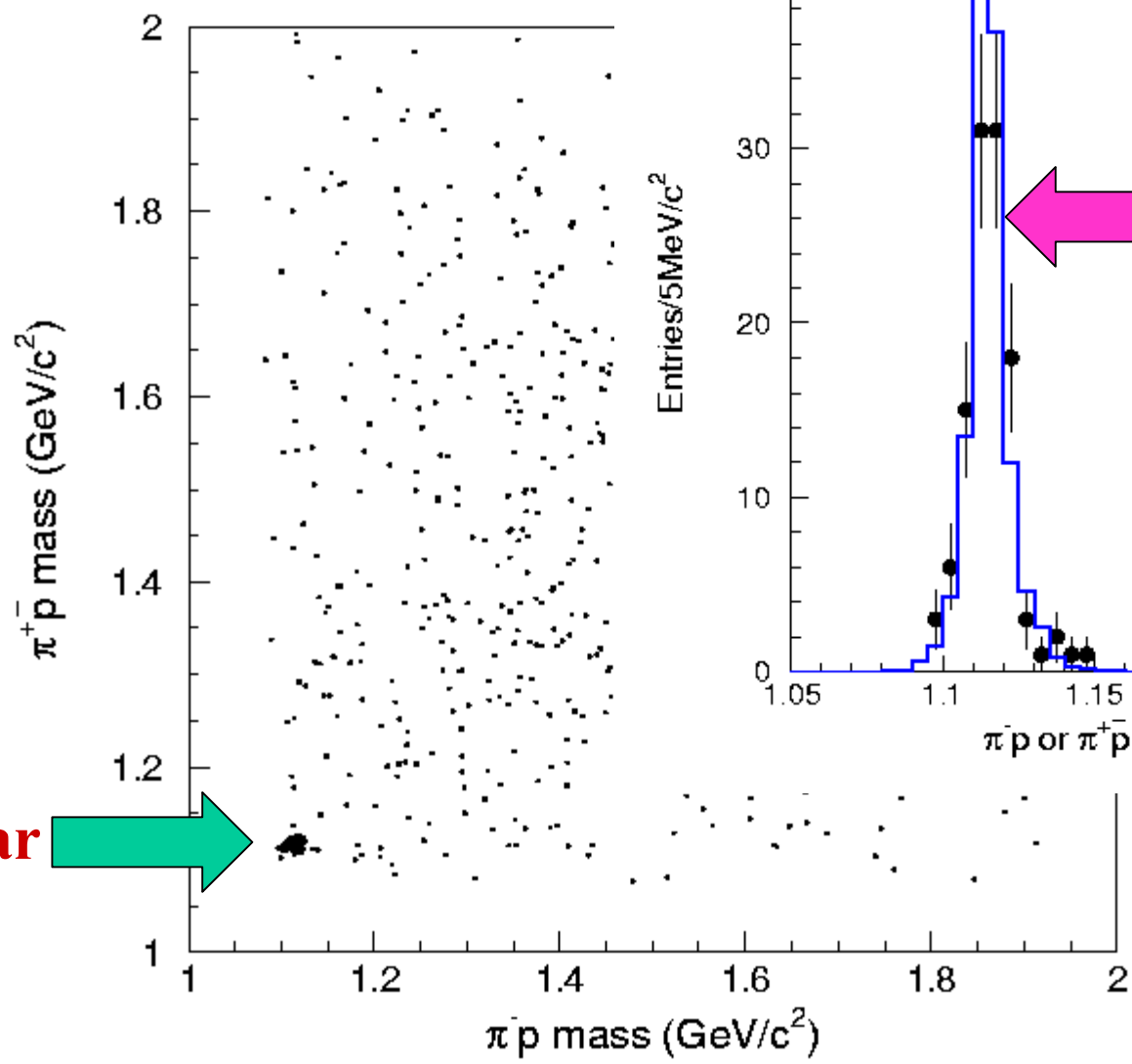
## Final states: $\gamma\pi^+\pi^-\text{pp-bar}$

- NCHRG=4, MFIT=2,  $\Sigma Q = 0$
- $|\cos\theta| < 0.8$
- Low momentum tracks:  $\pi^\pm$   
High momentum tracks:  $p/\bar{p}$
- Select photon which makes  $\chi_{4C}^2$  smallest  
(photon ID = BESI)
- ProbID > 1% for each track  
(PID code optimized for  $\psi(2S)$  data)
- Prob4C > 1%



$$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$$

# $\Lambda$ signal in $\pi p$ mass



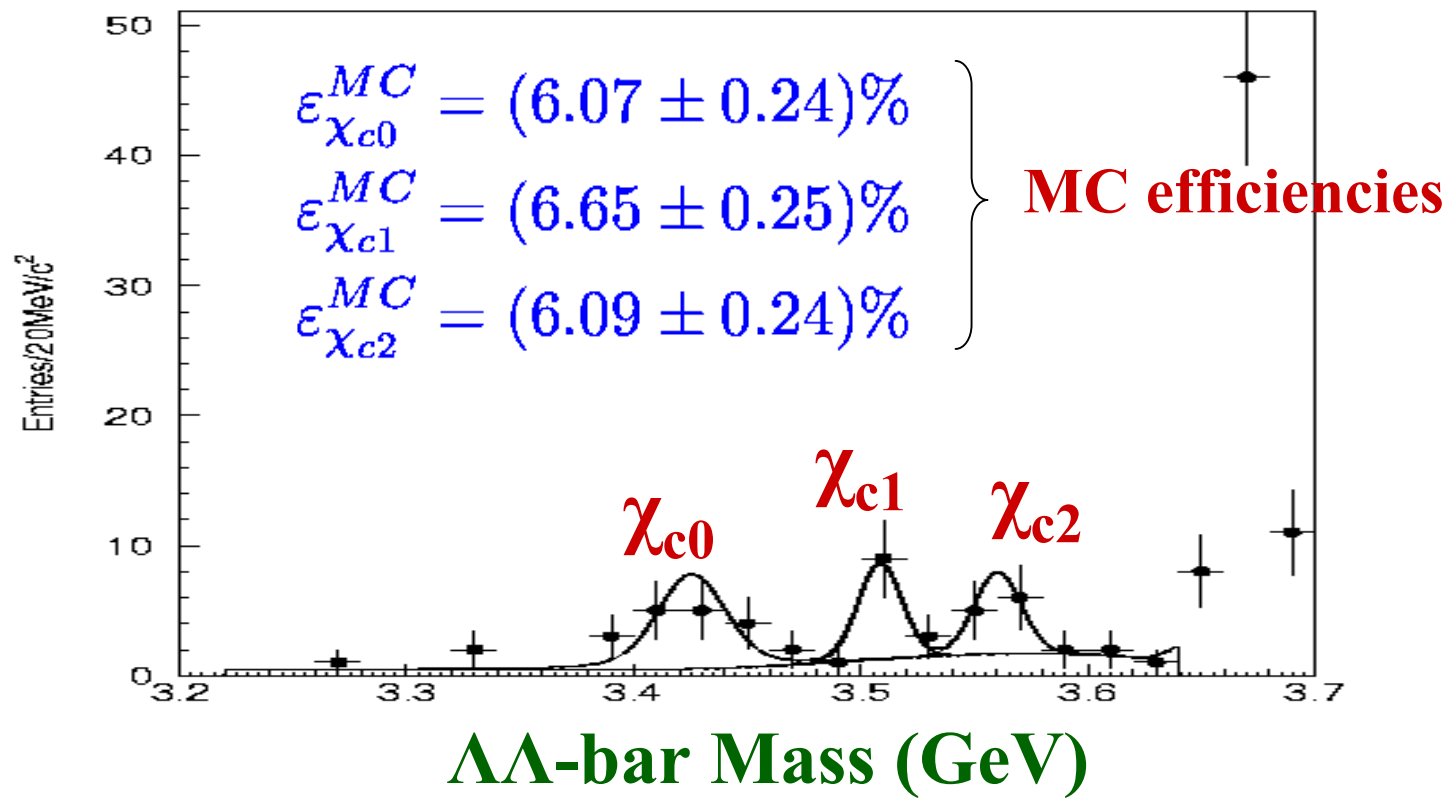
**Clear  
 $\Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$   
Signal**

**Monte  
Carlo**

**Data**

$$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$$

# Fit the mass spectrum

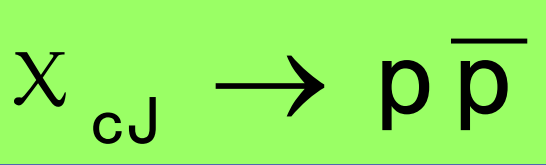


State	Stat. Sign.	Mass (MeV)	Events
$\chi_{c0}$	$4.5\sigma$	$3425.6 \pm 6.3$	$15.2^{+4.2}_{-4.0}$
$\chi_{c1}$	$3.5\sigma$	$3508.5 \pm 3.9$	$9.0^{+3.5}_{-3.1}$
$\chi_{c2}$	$2.6\sigma$	$3560.3 \pm 4.6$	$8.3^{+3.7}_{-3.4}$

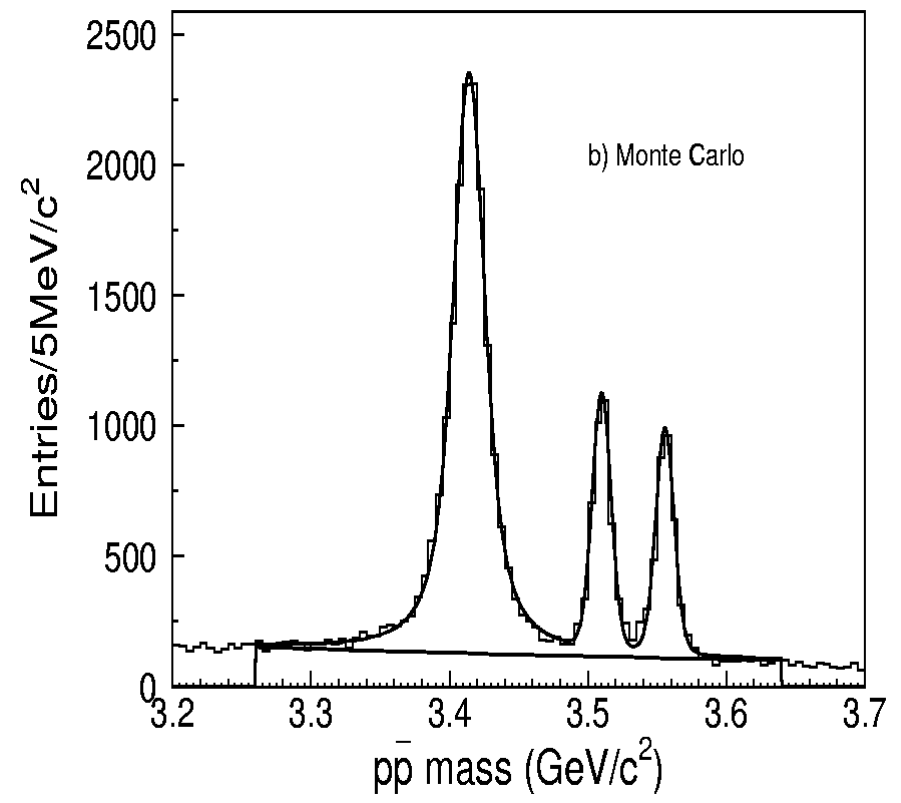
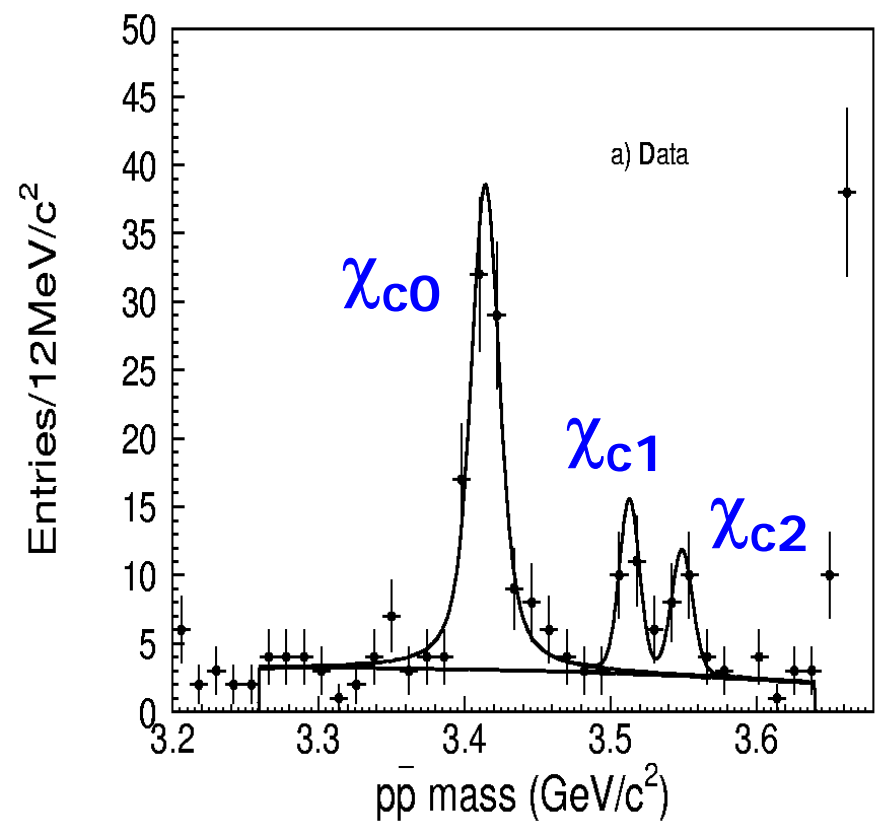
$$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$$

$$B_{\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}} = \frac{n^{\text{obs}} / \epsilon}{N_{\psi'} \cdot B_{\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{cJ}} \cdot B_{\Lambda \rightarrow \pi^- p}^2}$$

Quantity	$\chi_{c0}$	$\chi_{c1}$	$\chi_{c2}$
$n^{\text{obs}}$	15.2	9.0	8.3
$\epsilon(\%)$	$6.07 \pm 0.24$	$6.65 \pm 0.25$	$6.09 \pm 0.24$
$N_{\psi'}$		$14.9 \pm 1.2$	
$B_{\Lambda \rightarrow \pi^- p}$		$0.639 \pm 0.005$	
$B_{\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{cJ}}$	$8.7 \pm 0.8$	$8.4 \pm 0.7$	$6.8 \pm 0.6$
$B_{\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}} (10^{-4})$	$4.7^{+1.3}_{-1.2} \pm 1.0$	$2.6^{+1.0}_{-0.9} \pm 0.6$	$3.3^{+1.5}_{-1.3} \pm 0.7$



**Final states:  $\gamma p \bar{p}$**





$$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p}) = \frac{n^{obs}/(\varepsilon \cdot f)}{N_{\psi(2S)} \cdot \mathcal{B}[\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{cJ}]}$$

quantity	$\chi_{c0}$	$\chi_{c1}$	$\chi_{c2}$
$n^{obs}$	$89.5^{+14}_{-13}$	$18.2^{+5.5}_{-4.9}$	$14.3^{+5.2}_{-4.7}$
$\varepsilon$ (%)	$27.49 \pm 0.30$	$27.42 \pm 0.56$	$23.26 \pm 0.50$
$f$	0.987	0.992	0.995
$N_{\psi(2S)} (10^6)$		14	
$\mathcal{B}[\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{cJ}]$ (%)	$(8.7 \pm 0.8)\%$	$(8.4 \pm 0.7)\%$	$(6.8 \pm 0.6)\%$
$\mathcal{B}(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p}) (10^{-5})$	$27.1^{+4.3}_{-3.9} \pm 4.7$	$5.7^{+1.7}_{-1.5} \pm 0.9$	$6.5^{+2.4}_{-2.1} \pm 1.0$
$R_B$	$1.73 \pm 0.63$	$4.56 \pm 2.34$	$5.08 \pm 3.08$

$$R_B = \frac{n_{\Lambda \bar{\Lambda}}^{obs} / [\varepsilon_{\Lambda \bar{\Lambda}} \cdot \mathcal{B}(\Lambda \rightarrow \pi^- p)^2]}{n_{p \bar{p}}^{obs} / \varepsilon_{p \bar{p}}}$$

PRD, in press

$(\times 10^{-4})$	$\chi_{c0}$	$\chi_{c1}$	$\chi_{c2}$
$B(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda})$	$4.7_{-1.2}^{+1.3} \pm 1.0$	$2.6_{-0.9}^{+1.0} \pm 0.6$	$3.3_{-1.3}^{+1.5} \pm 0.7$
$B(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p})$ (PDG02)	$2.2 \pm 0.5$	$0.72 \pm 0.13$	$0.74 \pm 0.10$
$B(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p})$	$2.7 \Gamma_{-0.39}^{+0.43} \pm 0.47$	$0.57_{-0.15}^{+0.17} \pm 0.09$	$0.65_{-0.21}^{+0.24} \pm 0.10$

- **COM predicts:** for  $\chi_{c1}$  and  $\chi_{c2}$ .

$$\Gamma(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}) \sim \frac{1}{2} \Gamma(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p})$$

- **BES results** for  $B(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda})$  and  $B(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p \bar{p})$

do **NOT** agree with **COM** prediction

- **No prediction** for  $\chi_{c0}$

# Search for $\psi'$ , $J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_S$

- CP violating process
- Test EPR paradox  
(Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen)
- MarkIII: 2.7M  $J/\psi$   
 $\mathbf{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_S) < 5.2 \times 10^{-6}$   
(@90% C.L.)
- BESII: 58M  $J/\psi$   
14M  $\psi'$

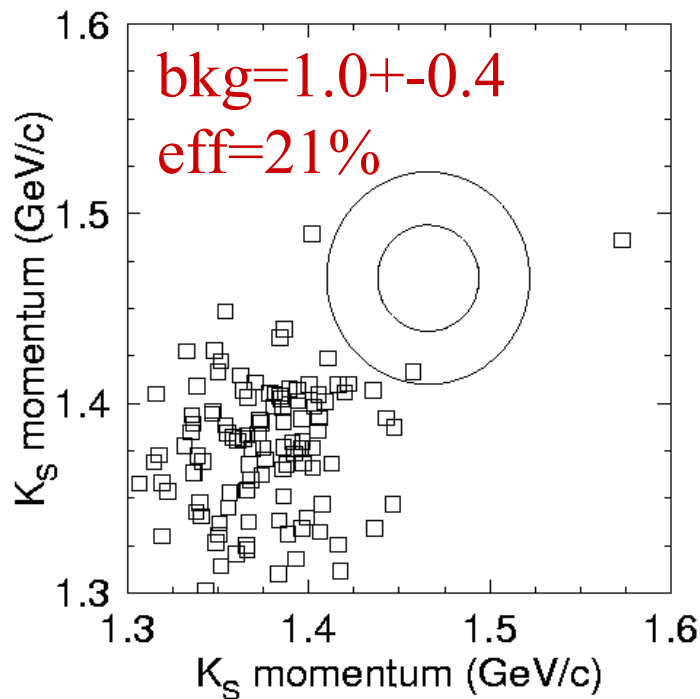
## Events selection

- 4 good charged tracks
- $Q(\text{sum}) = 0$
- $|\cos\theta| < 0.8$
- $K_S$  decay length  
 $L_{xy} > 3 \text{ mm}$
- $|M_{\pi\pi} - M_{K_S}| > 2 \sigma_M$

$\psi', J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_S$

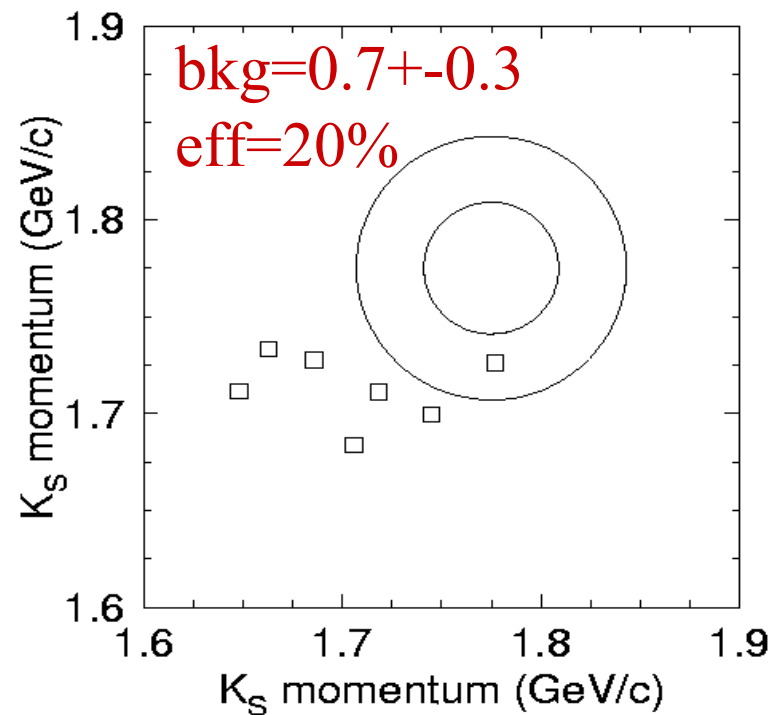
2 circles – 1  $\sigma$  & 2  $\sigma$  regions from MC

1 evt in 2  $\sigma$  region



$J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_S$  candidate

1 evt in 2  $\sigma$  region



$\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_S$  candidate

$$\psi', J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_S$$

## Upper Limits (@95% C.L.)

$R$	$J/\psi$	$\psi(2S)$
$n^{obs}$	1	1
$n_{UL}^{obs}$	4.74	4.74
$\epsilon_{MC}$ (%)	$20.74 \pm 0.41$	$19.18 \pm 0.39$
$\epsilon_{trg}$ (%)	$98.2 \pm 0.2$	$96.5 \pm 0.7$
$\epsilon_{2nd}$ (%)	$92.9 \pm 4.5$	$96.2 \pm 5.8$
$N_{\psi(2S)} (10^6)$	$57.7 \pm 2.7$	$14.0 \pm 0.7$
$B(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$	$0.6860 \pm 0.0027$	
$B(R \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0) <$	$1.0 \times 10^{-6}$	$4.6 \times 10^{-6}$

- 1st upper limit for  $B(\psi' \rightarrow K_S K_S)$ .
- Higher sensitivity for  $B(J/\psi \rightarrow K_S K_S)$  upper limit.
- Sensitivity insufficient for testing EPR paradox and CP violation.

**PLB (in press)**

# Summary

- 👁  $\psi' \rightarrow VT$  channels  $\omega f_2$ ,  $\rho a_2$ ,  $K^* \bar{K}_2^*$  and  $\phi f_2'$  are **first observed** and branching ratios are measured. The **suppression** of VT in  $\psi'$  is confirmed.
- 👁 **First observation** of  $K_S^0 K_L^0$  in  $\psi'$  decay. **Improved** measurement of  $J/\psi \rightarrow K_S^0 K_L^0$ .  
 $\psi'$  is **enhanced** relative to the pQCD 12% rule.  
The phase for  $\psi' \rightarrow PP$  is  $-82^\circ$  or  $+121^\circ$ .
- 👁  $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma J/\psi$  is studied to measure the BRs.
- 👁 **Relative BR between  $\Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$  and  $p \bar{p}$**  in  $\chi_{cJ}$  decays **disagrees** with  
“COM+baryon wave function” calculation.
- 👁 **No  $K_S^0 K_S^0$  signal observed** in  $\psi'$  and  $J/\psi$  decays.

*Thanks a lot !*

**谢谢！**