



SUSY Searches for EWK Production of Gauginos and Sleptons at the LHC

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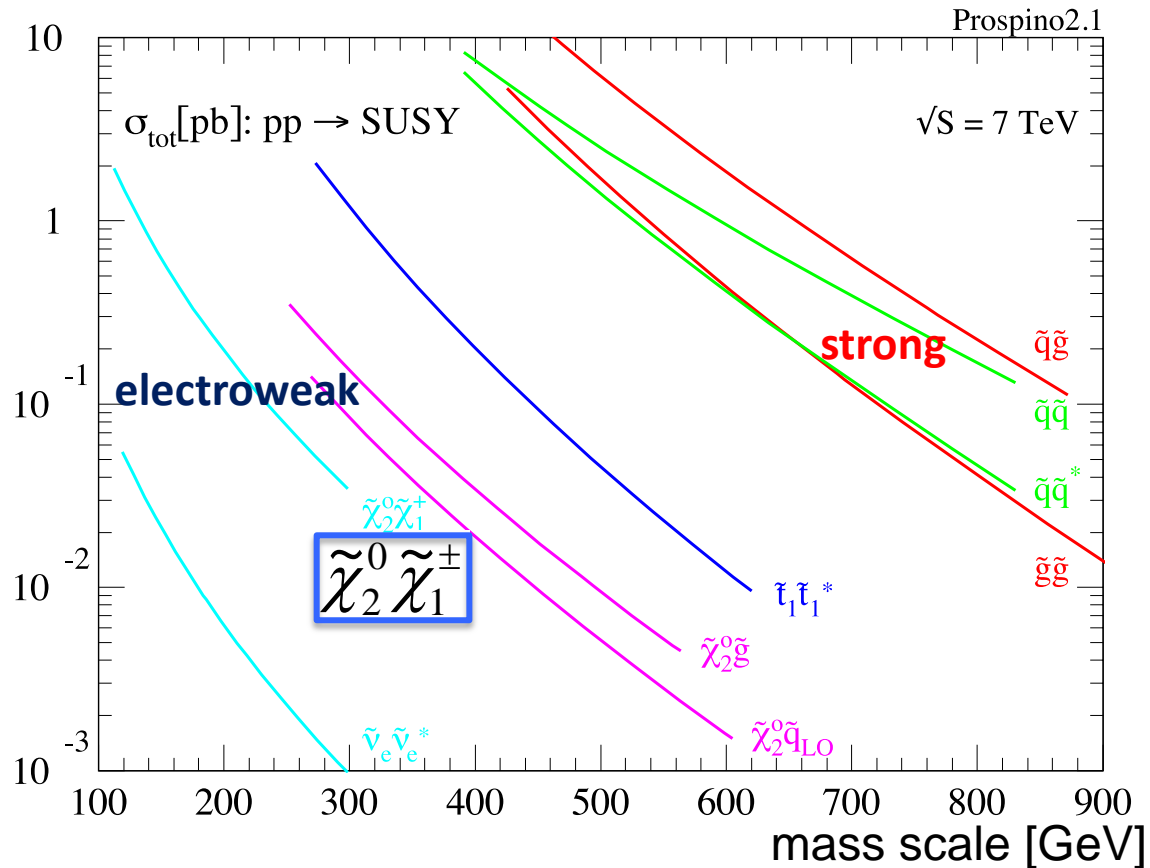
University of California, Los Angeles

On Behalf of the CMS and ATLAS collaborations

March 11, 2013

Motivation

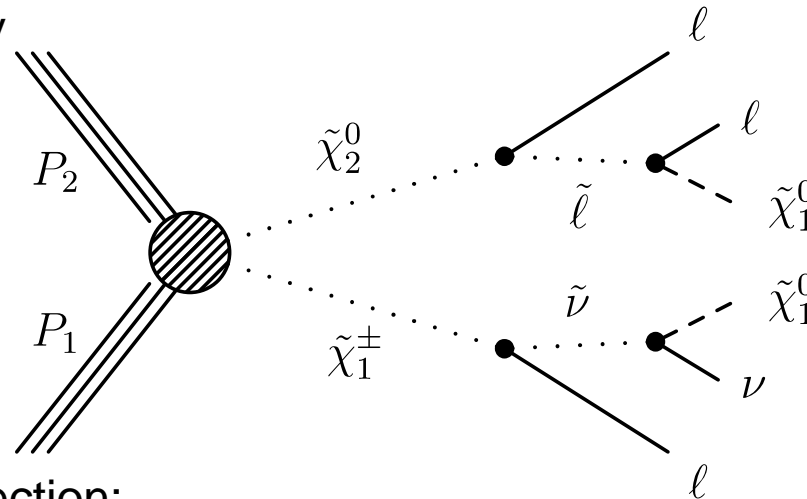
- Most SUSY searches have focused on strong production, which has the largest cross section



- Limits on these models probe masses of strongly-interacting particles up to $\sim 1 \text{ TeV}$
 - Similar cross-sections to EWK gaugino's of 300-400 GeV
- Interesting when squarks and gluino's are heavy, but EWKinos are light

General strategy

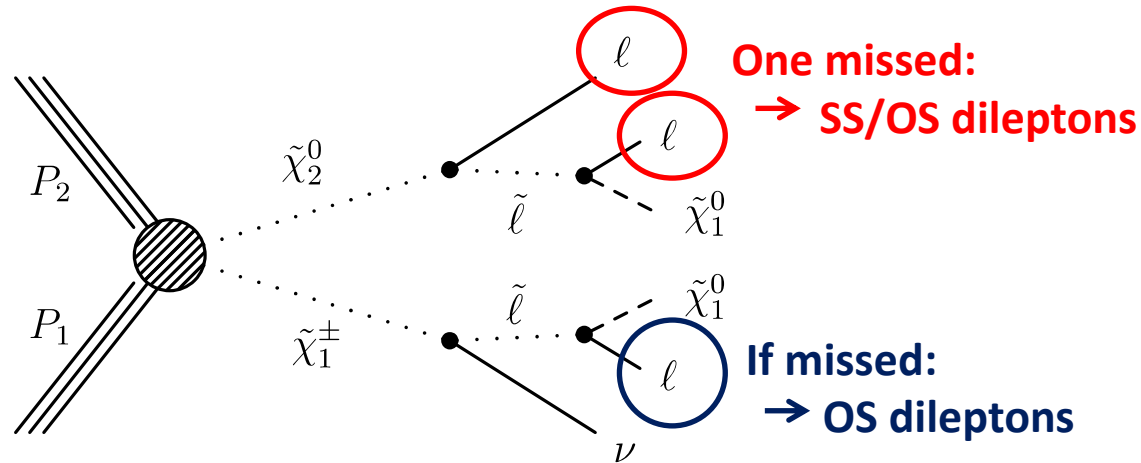
- Look for direct pair production of gaugino's and sleptons:
 - Very clean multi-lepton signatures
 - Low hadronic activity



- Main backgrounds and rejection:
 - Diboson backgrounds: apply Z mass cut
 - Not for intermediate vectorboson searches
 - $t\bar{t}$: apply b-jet veto (or jet-veto)
 - Binning in MET or other kinematic variable (m_{T2} , m_{CT})
- Background estimation:
 - Non-prompt backgrounds: data-driven techniques
 - Diboson backgrounds: validated MC, with data-driven corrections
- Main focus on 8 TeV results

Chargino-neutralino production

chargino-neutralino production: light sleptons and sneutrinos



- Model naturally gives 3 ℓ (off-Z) signatures, but can give 2 ℓ or 3 ℓ (on-Z) signatures, depending on mass spectrum

- flavor-democratic or tau-enriched

- Dedicated analyses:

- 3-lepton searches (ATLAS+CMS, 8 TeV)

- CMS: same-sign di-lepton analysis (Veto third lepton, fully exclusive)

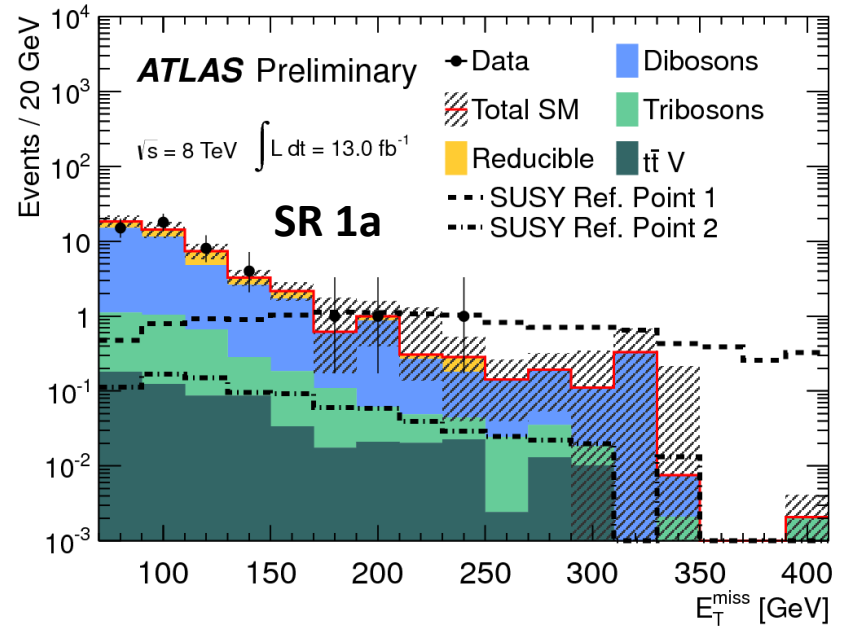
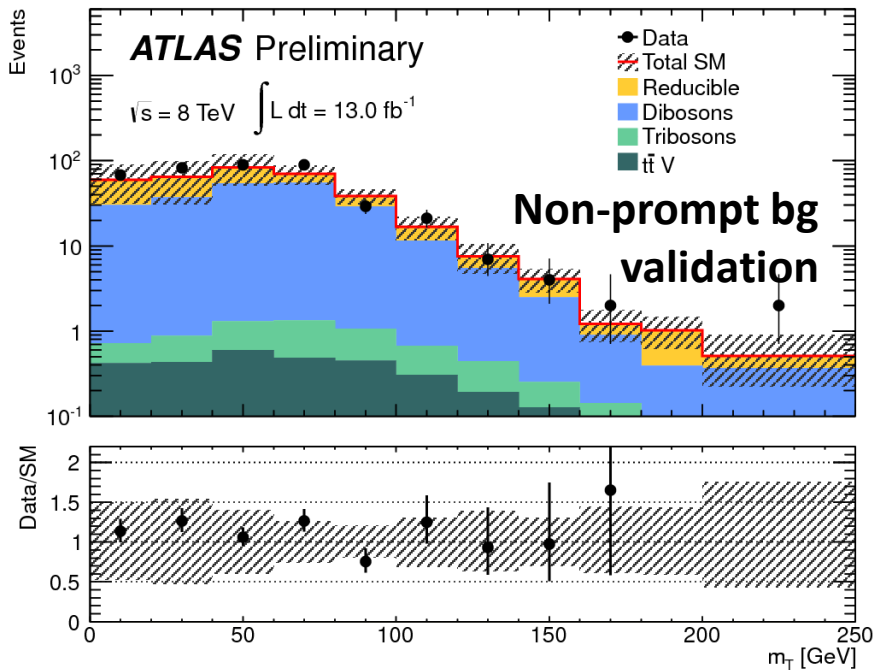
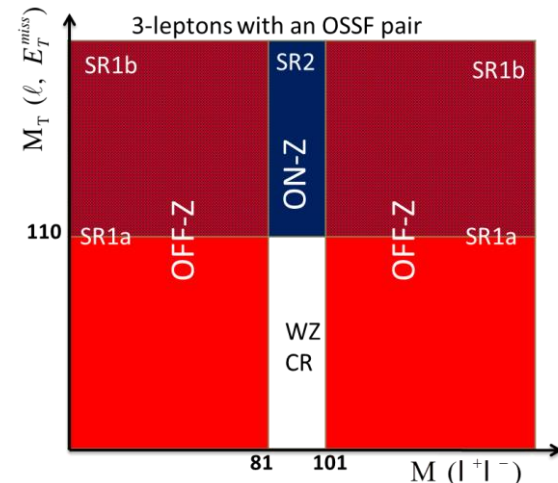
- ATLAS: same-sign and opposite sign jet-veto analysis (7 TeV)

Three lepton analysis



8 TeV

- 3 main search regions, targeted for specific models, with :
 - SR 1a: MET>75 GeV, Z-veto and b-jet veto
 - SR 1b: same as SR1a + $m_T > 110$ GeV, lepton $p_T > 30$ GeV
 - SR 2: Z candidate, $m_T > 110$ GeV, MET>120 GeV
- Normalize WZ simulation to WZ control region
- Data-driven non-prompt prediction



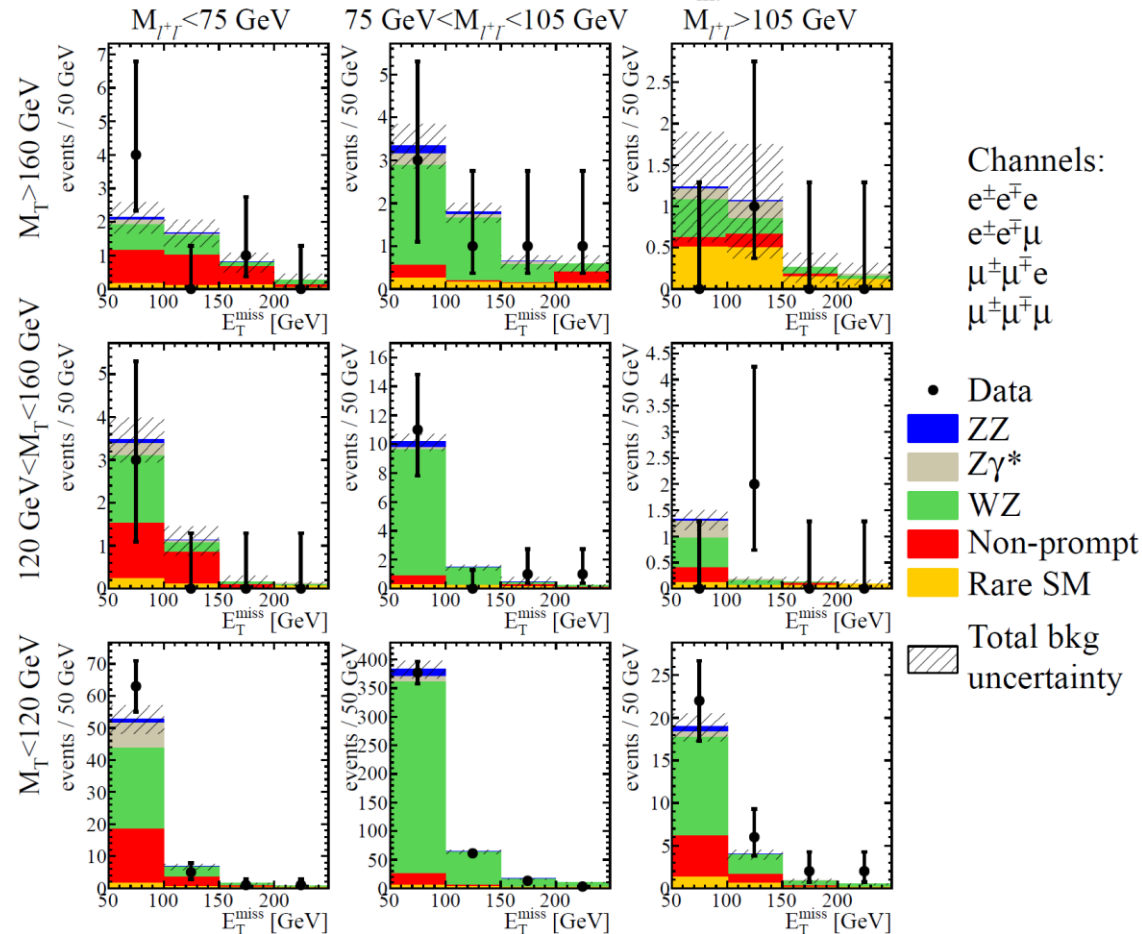
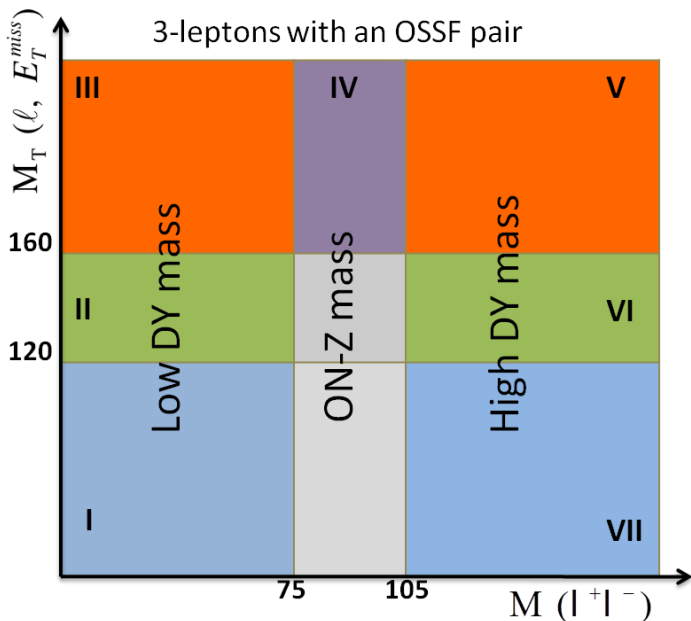
Three lepton analysis

- Use 3D binning : MET, m_T and dilepton mass
 - 50 GeV MET bins
- b-jet veto to suppress $t\bar{t}$
- Correction to WZ MC MET resolution
- Also hadronic taus and no OS same-flavor pairs
 - Tau-enriched models

8 TeV



CMS Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$, $L_{int} = 9.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



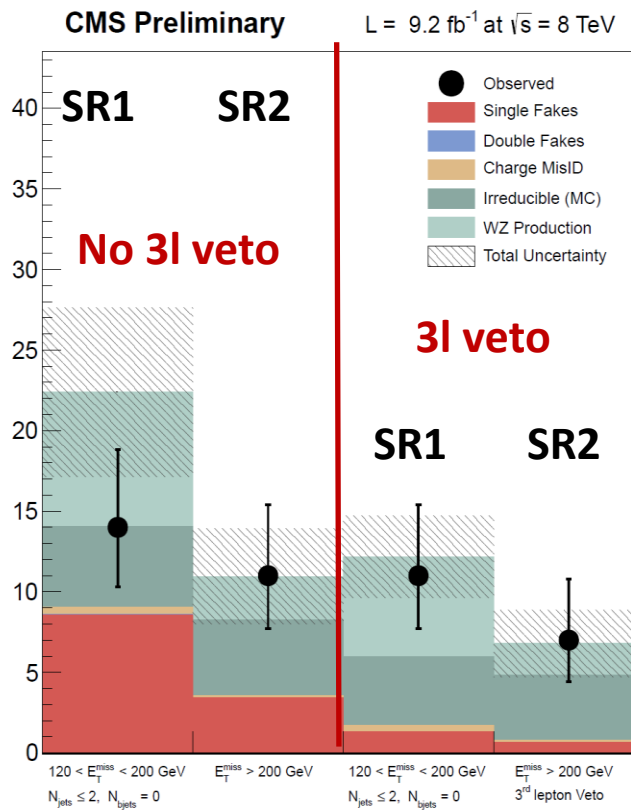
Same-Sign dilepton analysis

- Small mass splittings can lead to soft leptons and missing one of the leptons
- Tighter cuts needed because of larger backgrounds.
- SS dileptons, Z veto, cut on small hadronic activity or large MET:
 - SR1: MET > 120 GeV, $N_{\text{jets}} \leq 2$, b-veto
 - SR2: MET > 200 GeV



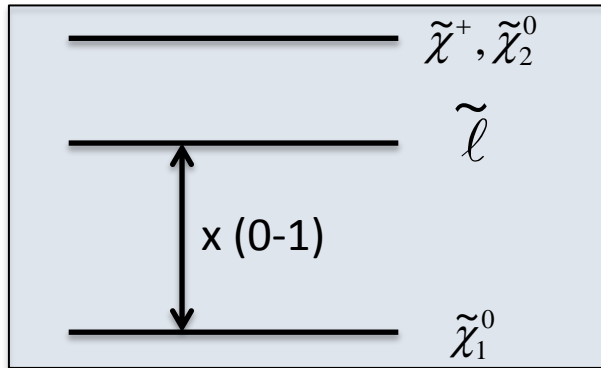
8 TeV

Similar 7 TeV
ATLAS dilepton analysis
(back-up slides)

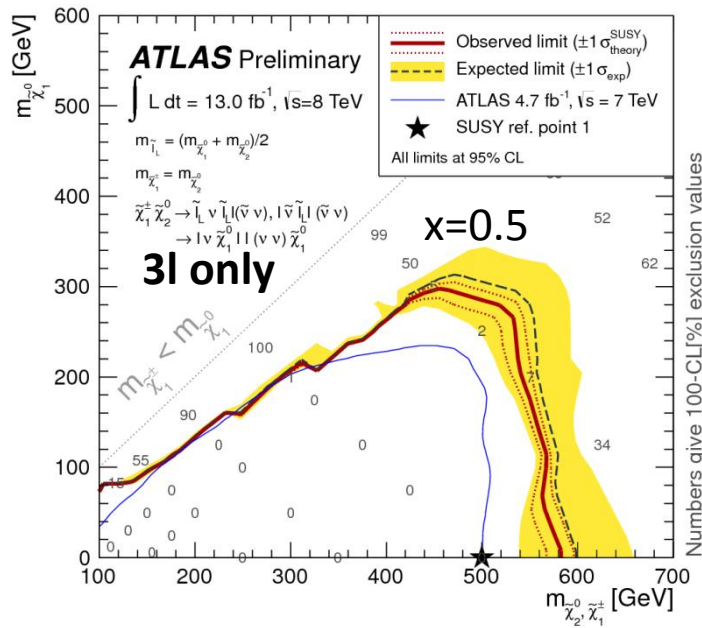


Chargino-neutralino production

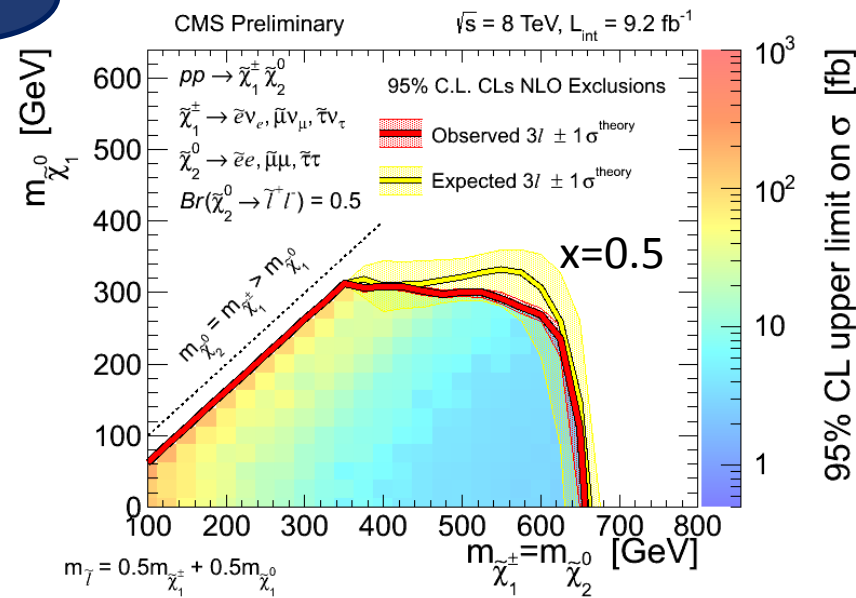
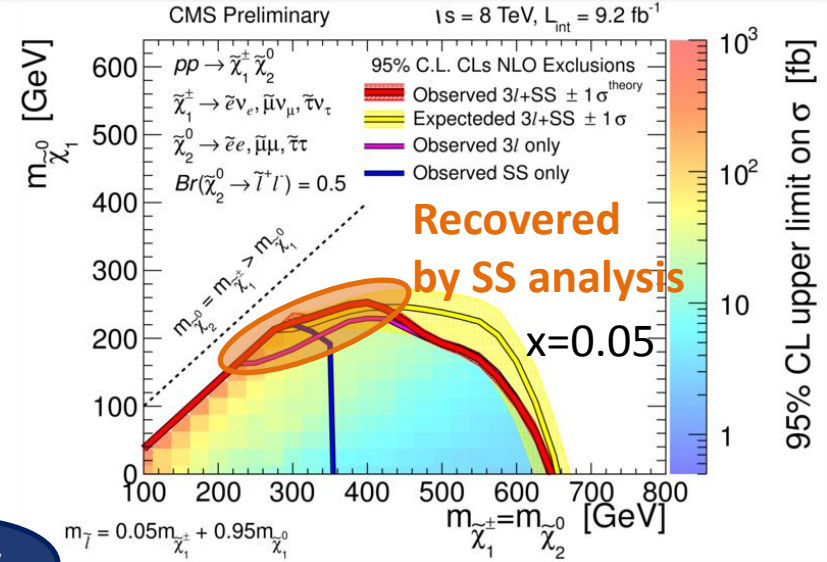
Same branching fraction to e, μ, τ



$$m_{\text{slep}} = x \cdot m_{\chi^+} + (1-x) \cdot m_{\text{LSP}}$$

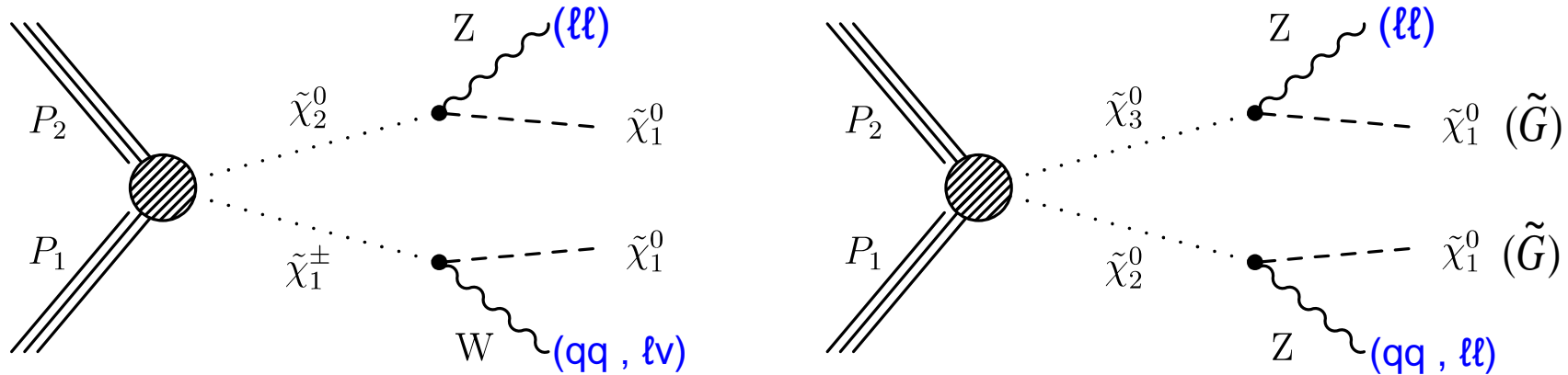


8 TeV



Chargino-neutralino production

chargino-neutralino production: direct decays to W/Z bosons (heavy sleptons)



- **Model naturally gives 3 ℓ and 4 ℓ (on-Z) and 2 ℓ (on-Z) + jets signatures**
 - Neutralino pair production suppressed, use GMSB model

• Dedicated analyses:

- 3-lepton + M($\ell\ell$) + MT
- 2-lepton + di-jet + MET

• Dedicated analyses:

- 4-lepton + MET
- 2-lepton + di-jet + MET

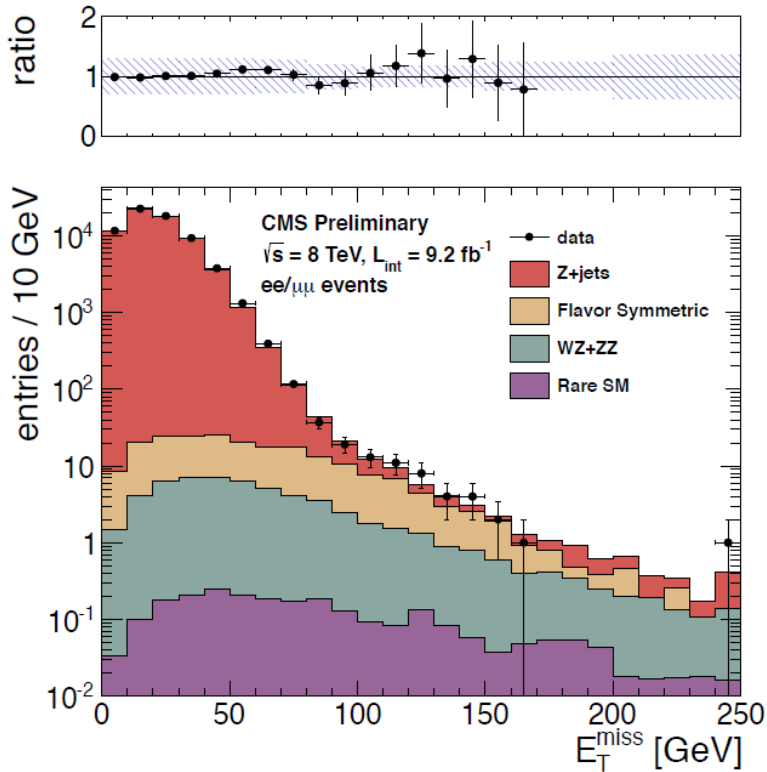
Z+dijet and four lepton analysis

SUS-PAS-12-022



- Z candidate, third lepton veto, b-veto
 - W/Z compatible dijet mass
- MET binning

Similar 7 TeV ATLAS analysis



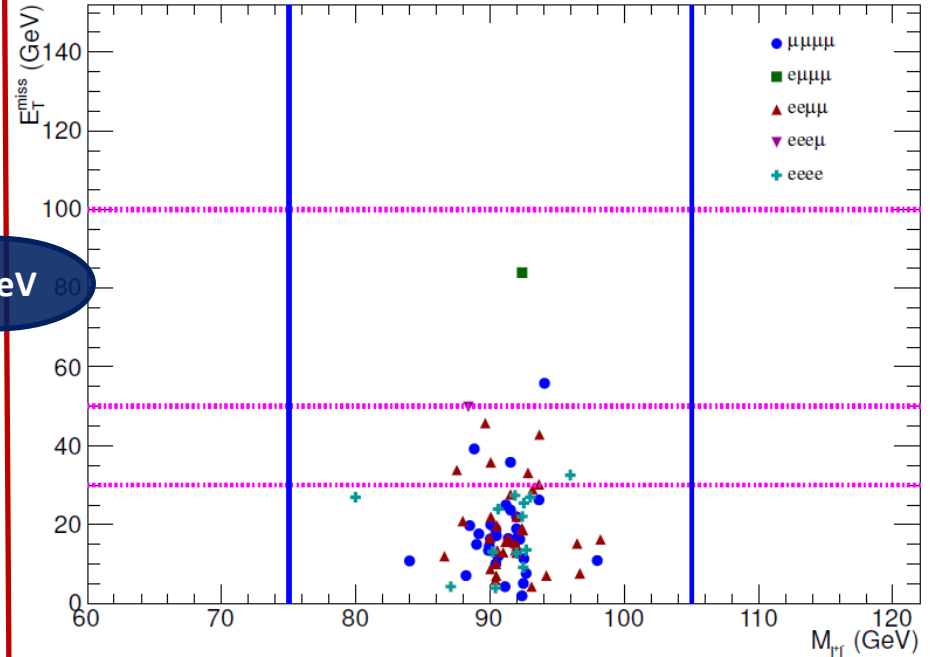
- Z+jets MET modeled with γ +jets templates
- Flavor symmetric backgrounds from $e\mu$

- 4 e/ μ or 3e/ μ + τ
- Bin in number of opposite-sign same-flavor pairs, dilepton mass and MET
- b-jet veto to suppress $t\bar{t}$

CMS Preliminary

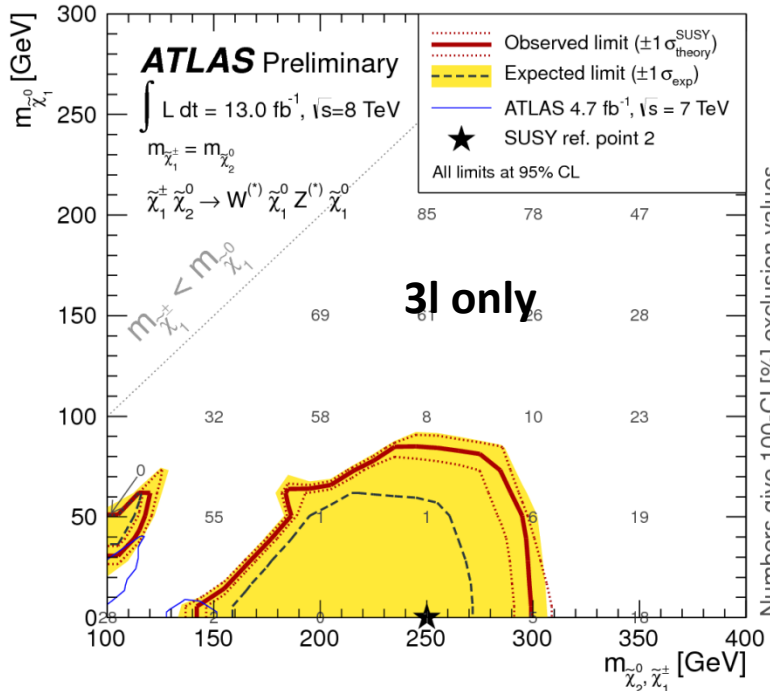
$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}, L = 9.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

8 TeV



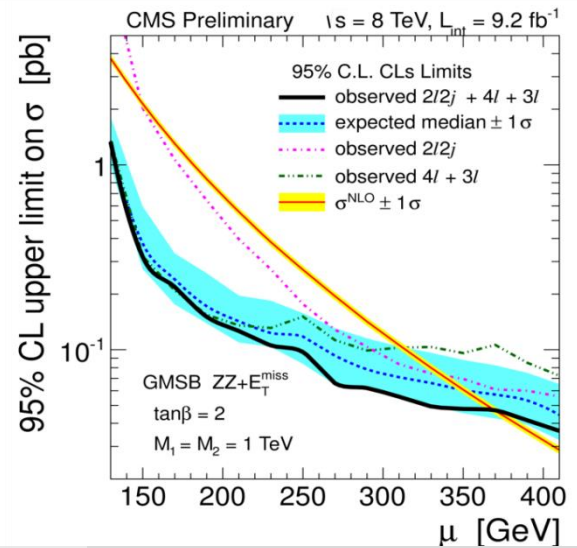
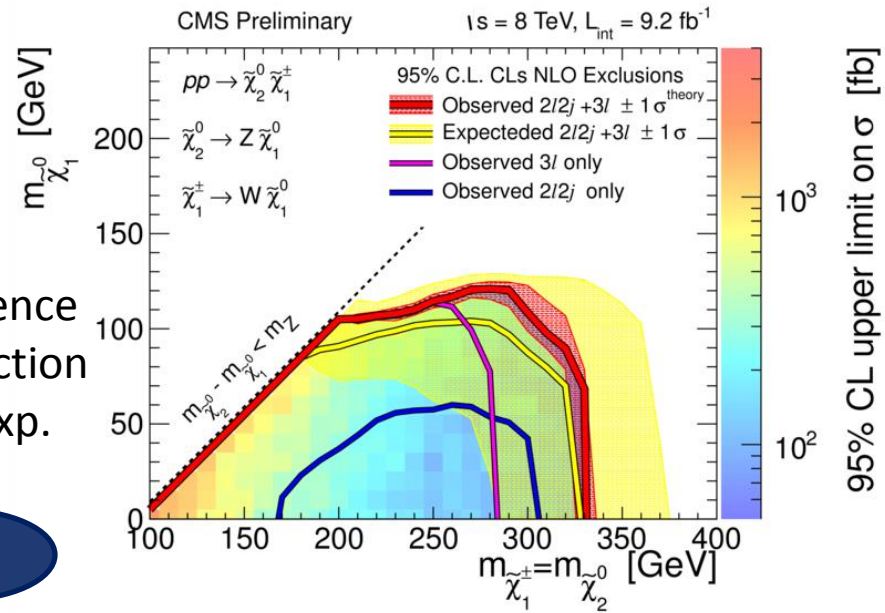
- Same background techniques as 3l analysis

Chargino-neutralino (WZ)/ GMSB Higgsino



10% difference in cross-section between exp.

8 TeV

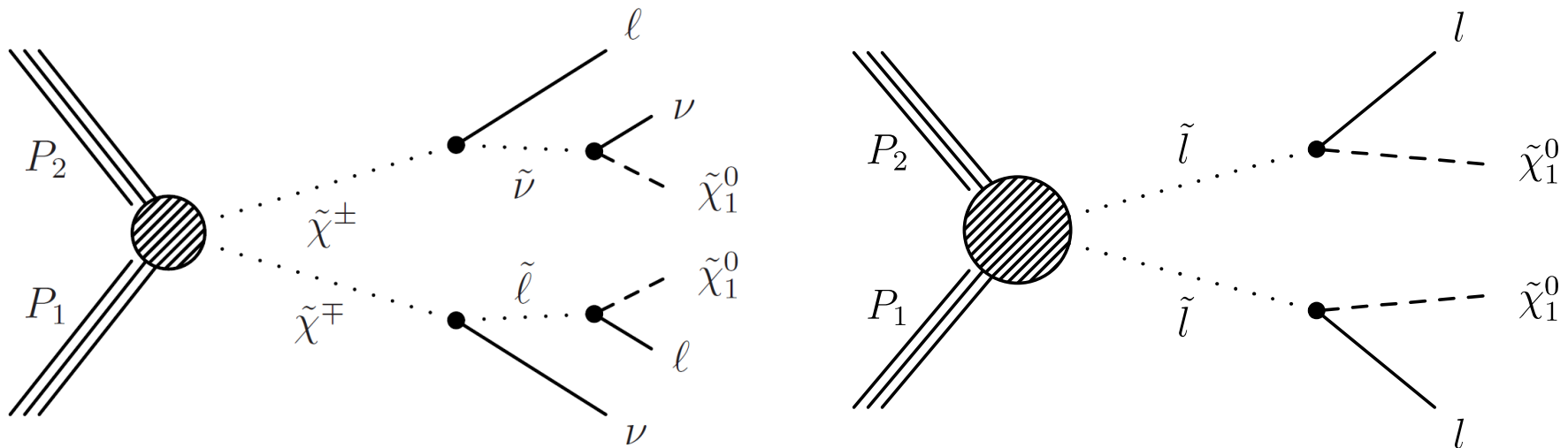


- Neutralino pair production in gauge-mediated symmetry breaking (GMSB) higgsino model
 - Exclusion in terms of parameter (μ) that controls the masses for Chargino and LSP

$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} \approx m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \approx \mu$$

ATLAS Z+jets analysis: similar search in cascade decay

Chargino and slepton pair production



- Model naturally gives 2ℓ (off-Z) signatures

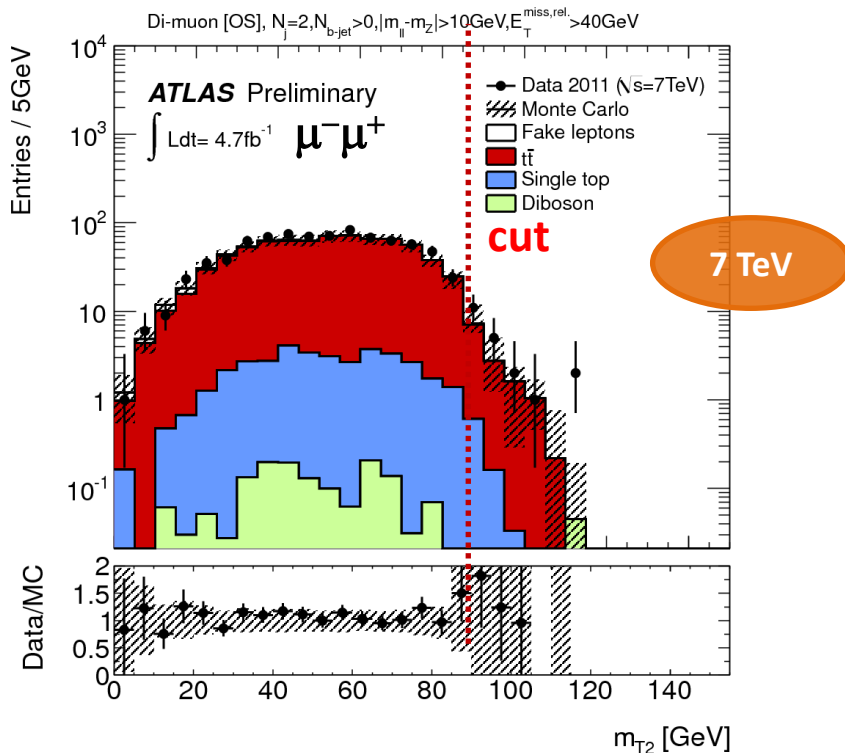
- Dedicated analysis:
 - opposite-sign di-lepton analysis

OS dilepton analysis



- 2 OS leptons, Z-veto, jet veto, MET > 40 GeV

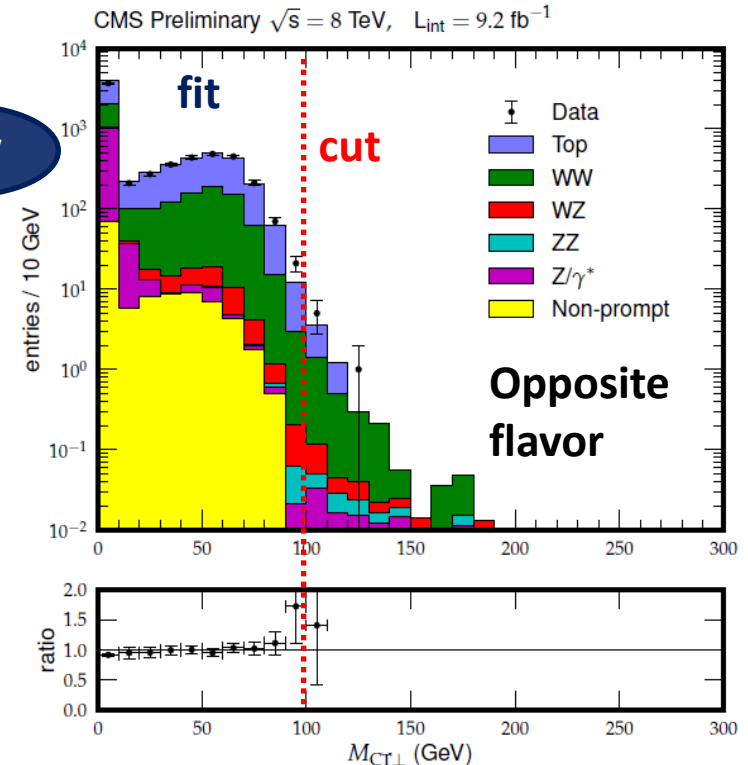
- Use M_{T2} -variable
- Kinematic endpoint for WW, ttbar,...



- 2 OS leptons, Z-veto, b-jet veto, MET > 60 GeV

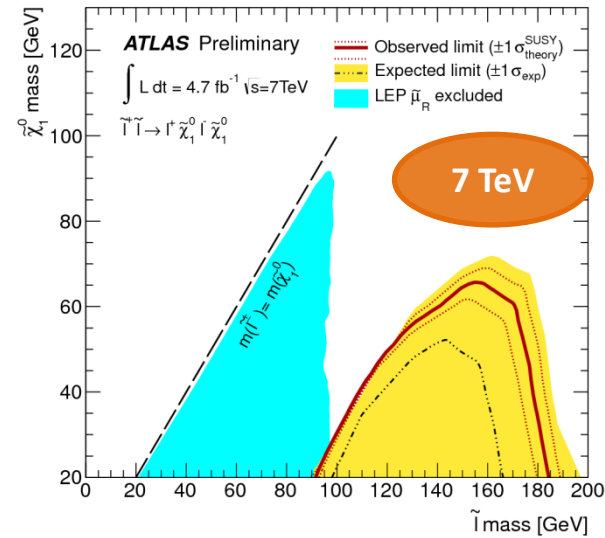
- Use $MC_{T,Perp}$ -variable (back-up)
- Kinematic endpoint for WW, ttbar,...

8 TeV

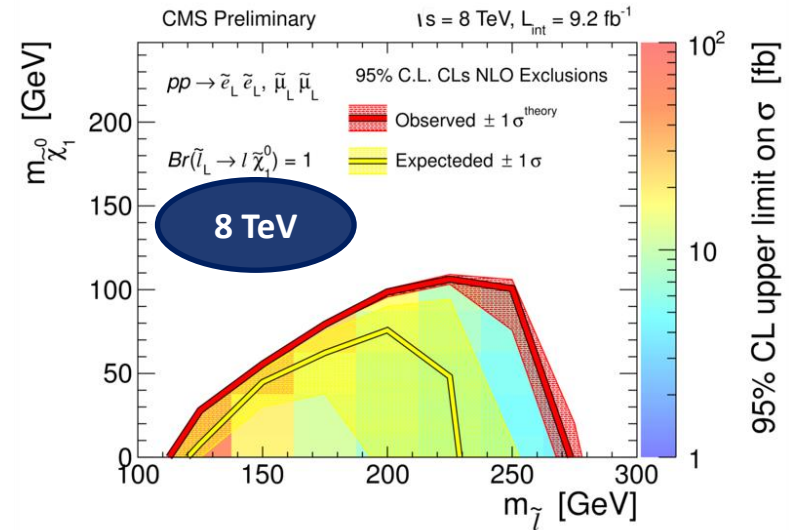


- Template fit for background estimates

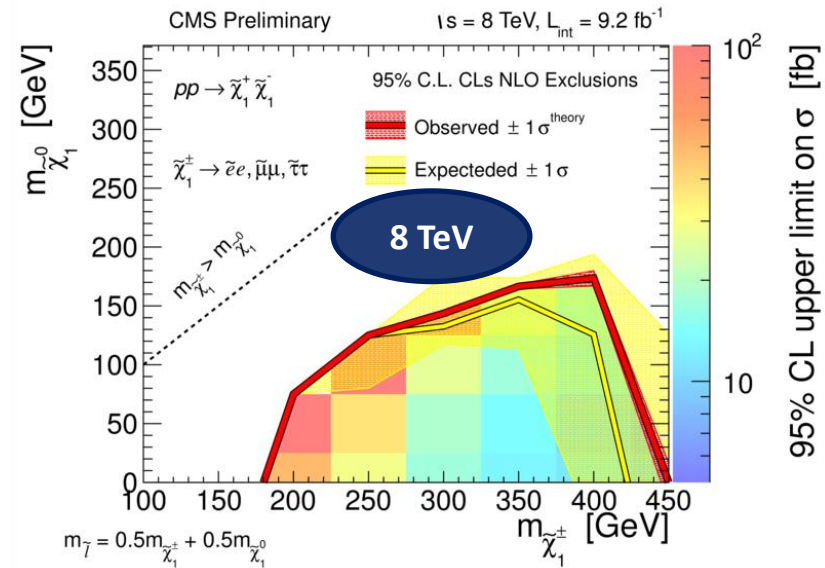
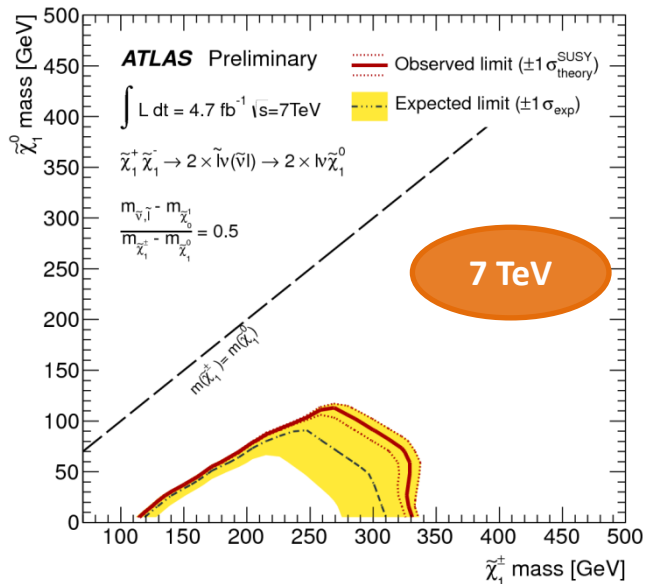
Chargino and slepton pair production



sleptons

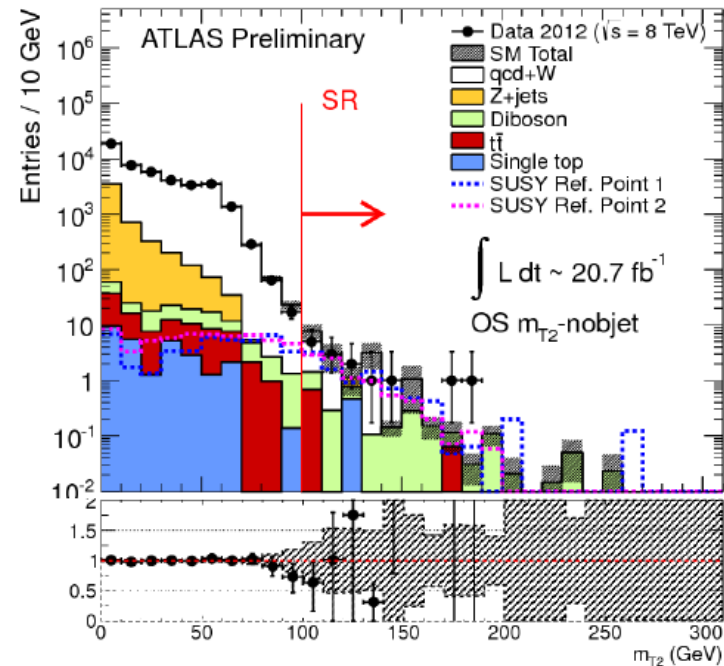
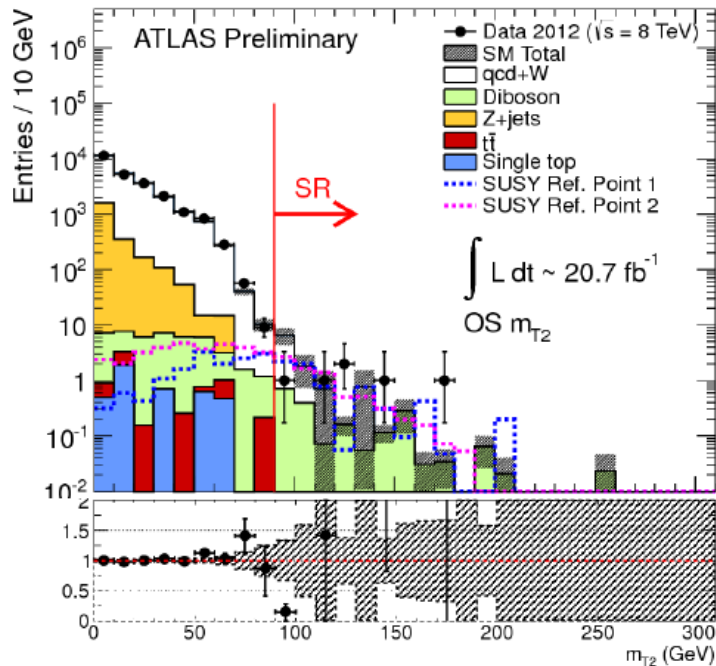


charginos



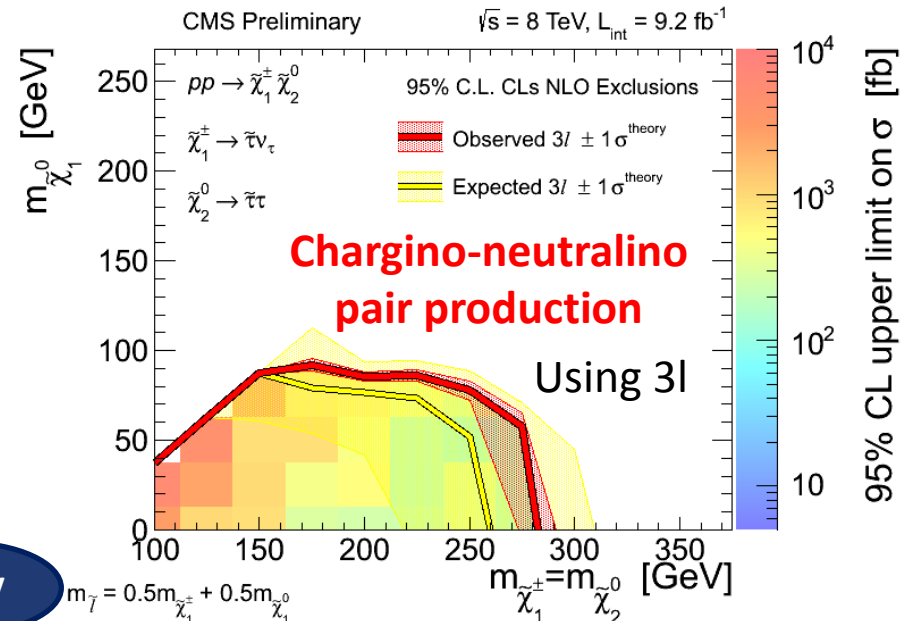
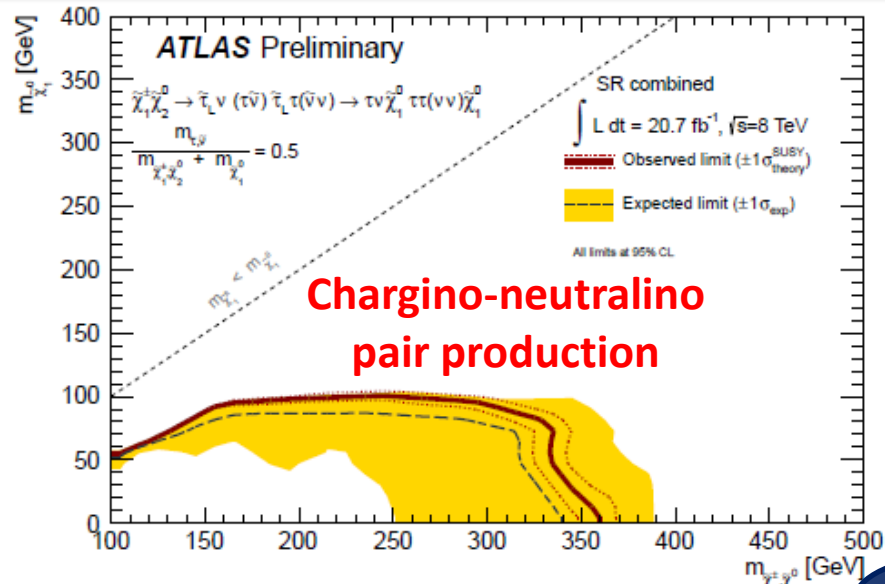


- Chargino/neutralino pair production or chargino pair production only through intermediate staus
- SR 1: OS hadronic tau, Z-veto, jet-veto, MET>40, $m_{T2} > 90$ GeV
- SR 2: OS hadronic tau, Z-veto, b-jet-veto, MET>40, $m_{T2} > 100$ GeV

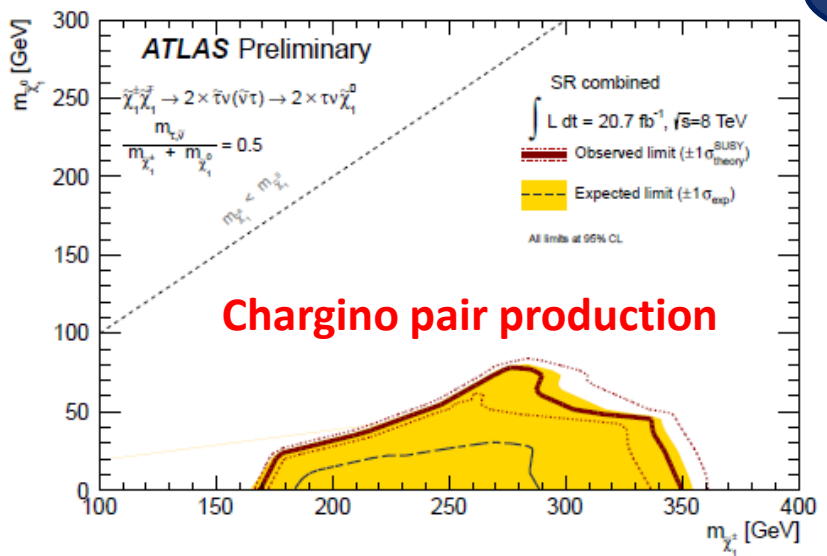


8 TeV

- ABCD technique for multi-jet and W+jet backgrounds



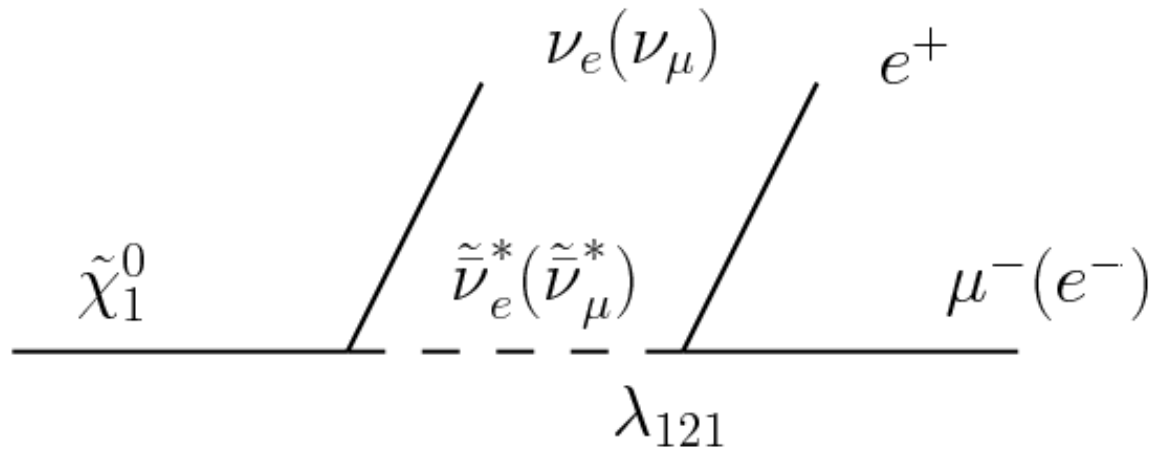
8 TeV



- First result for chargino pair production with decays through intermediate staus

R-parity violation SUSY searches

- LSP is not stable but will decay to two leptons
 - Low MET, multi-lepton signatures



- nLSP can be wino, L-slepton, sneutrino, gluino
- **Model naturally gives 4ℓ (off-Z) signatures**

- Dedicated analysis:
 - four lepton analysis

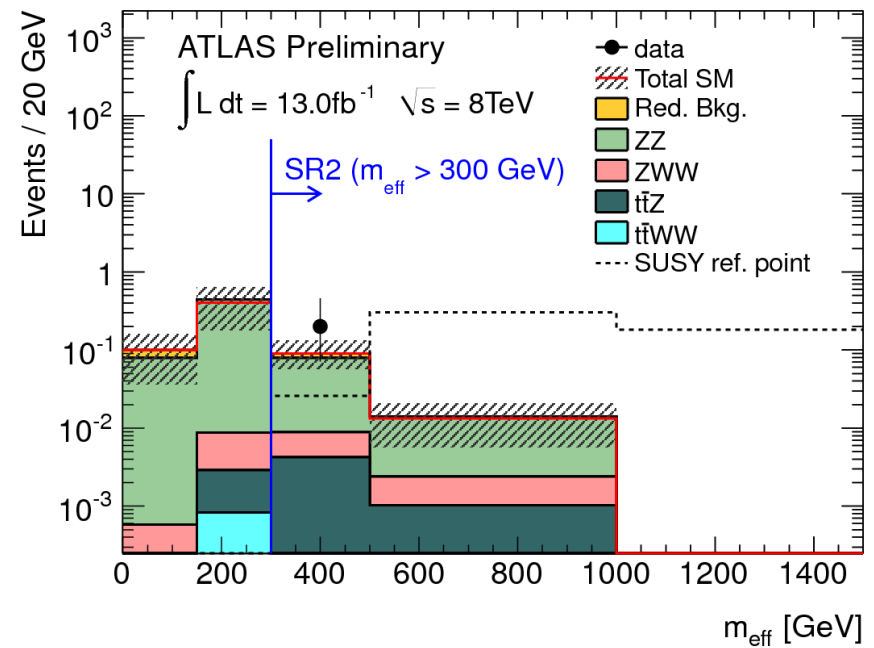
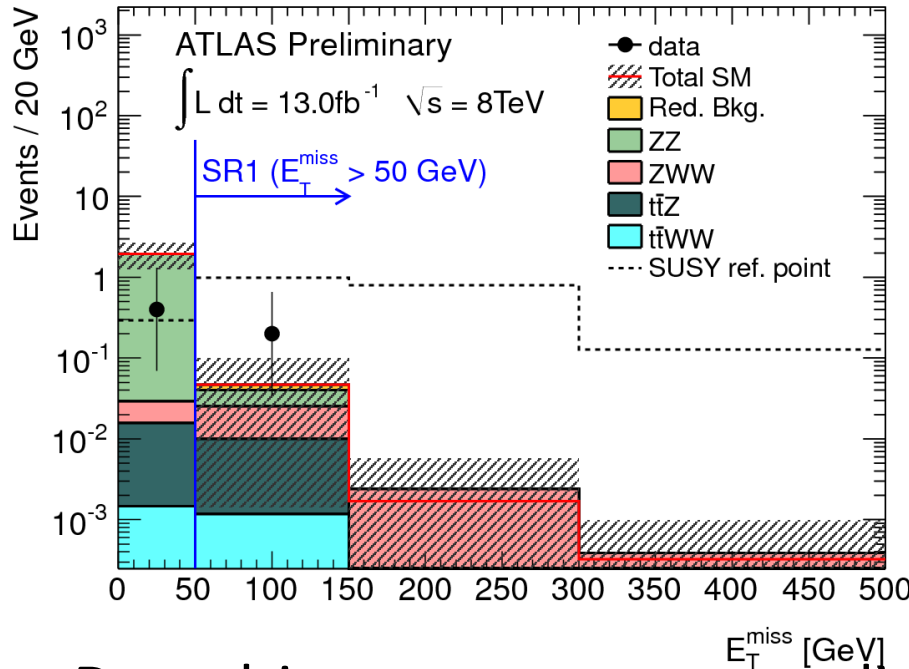
Four lepton analysis: RPV



- 2 search regions:
 - SR 1: 4 leptons, Z-veto and MET > 50 GeV (neutrinos in final state)
 - SR 2: 4 leptons, Z-veto and $m_{\text{eff}} > 300$ GeV

$$m_{\text{eff}} = E_T^{\text{miss}} + \sum_{\mu} p_T^{\mu} + \sum_e E_T^e + \sum_j E_T^j$$

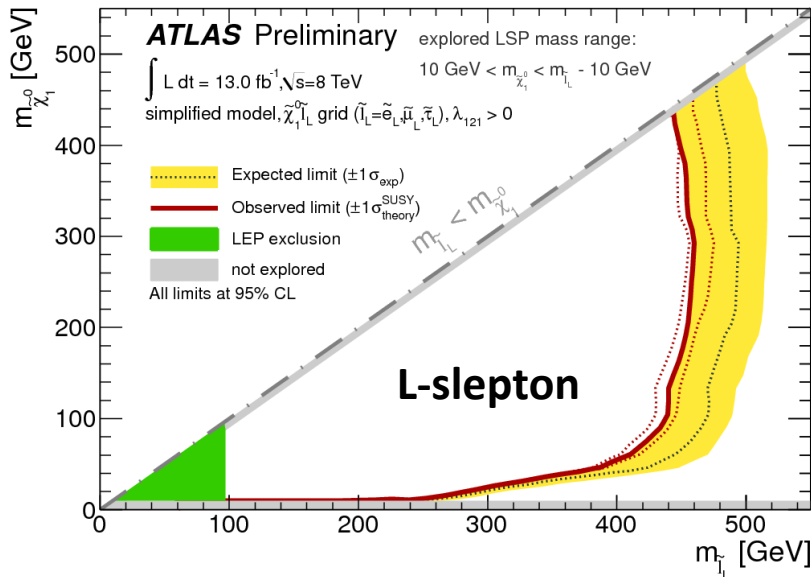
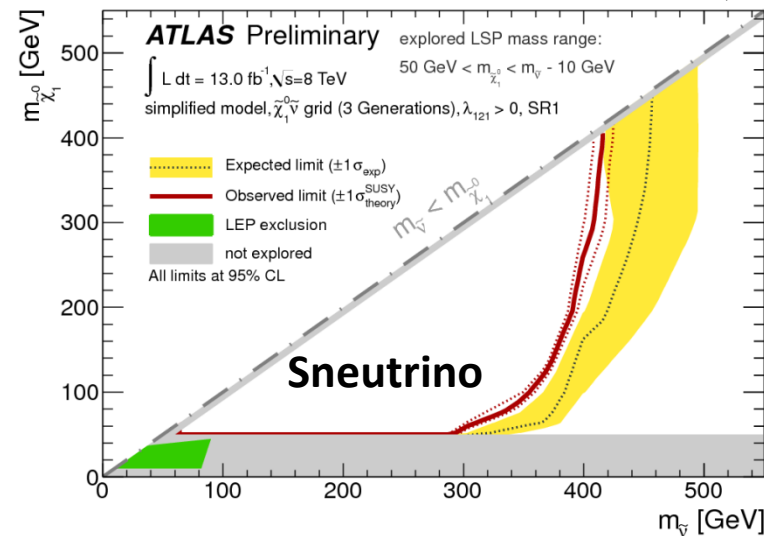
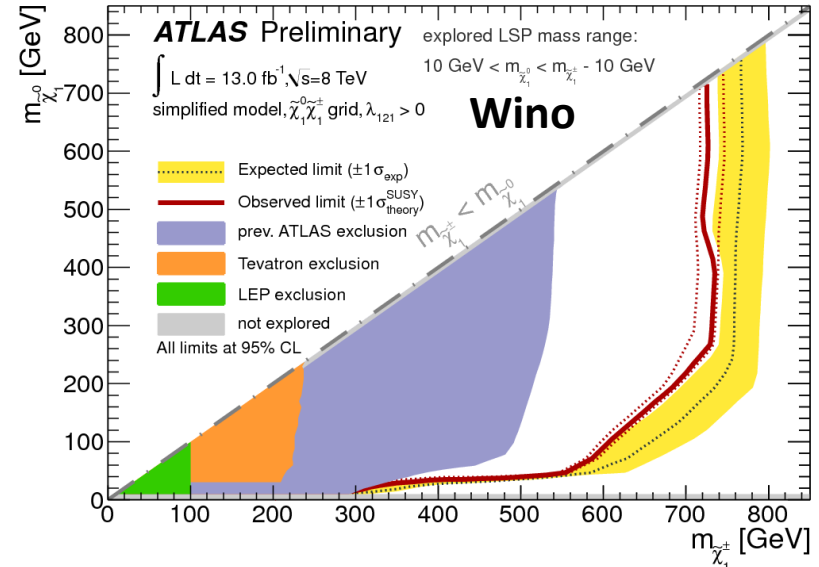
8 TeV



- Data-driven non-prompt prediction
- 3 validation regions (ttbar, ZZ, off-shell Z)

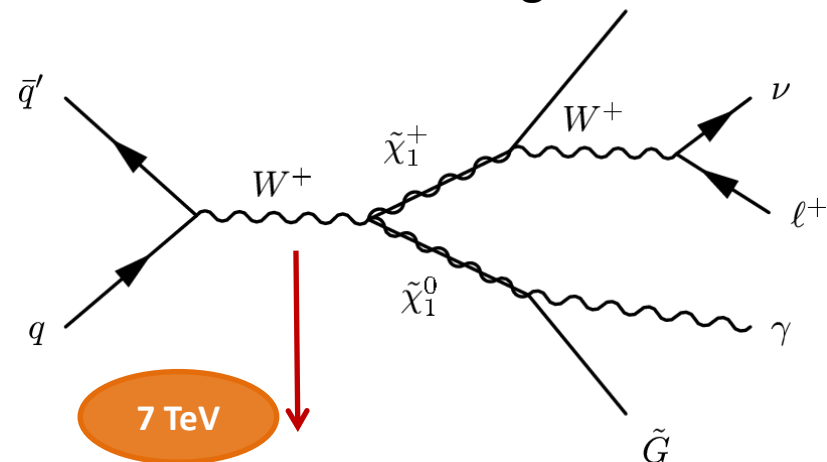
- Results shown for Wino, left-slepton and sneutrino models
 - Only results for $\lambda_{121} > 0$ shown, results for $\lambda_{122} > 0$ similar

8 TeV

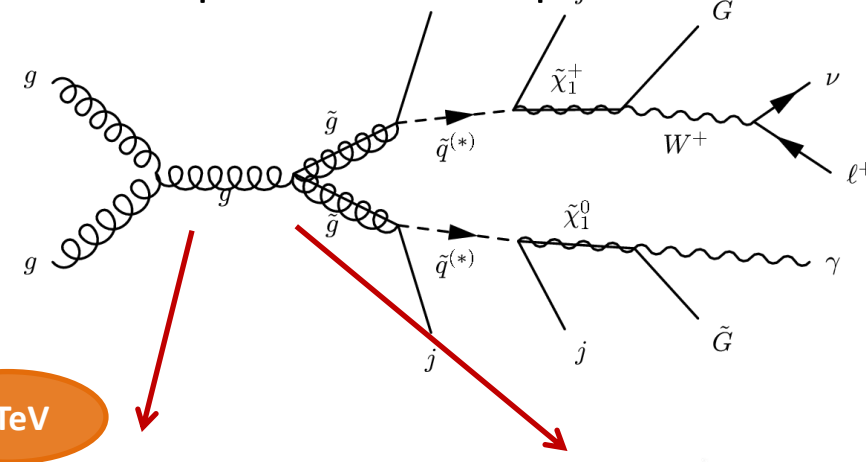


General Gauge-Mediated SUSY breaking

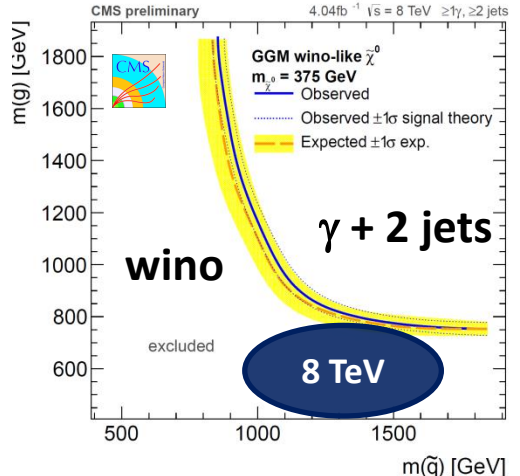
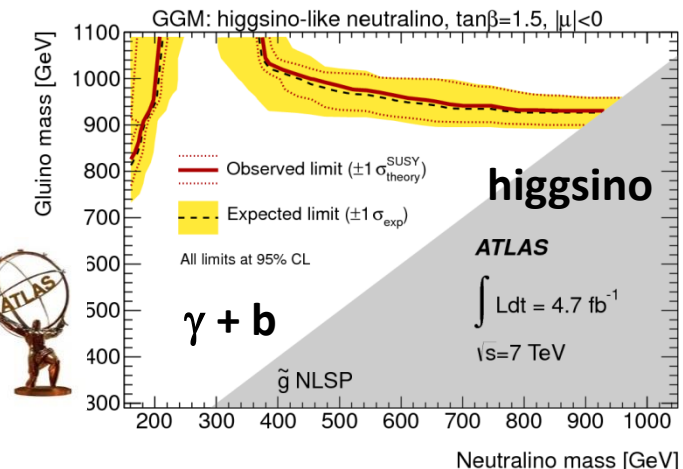
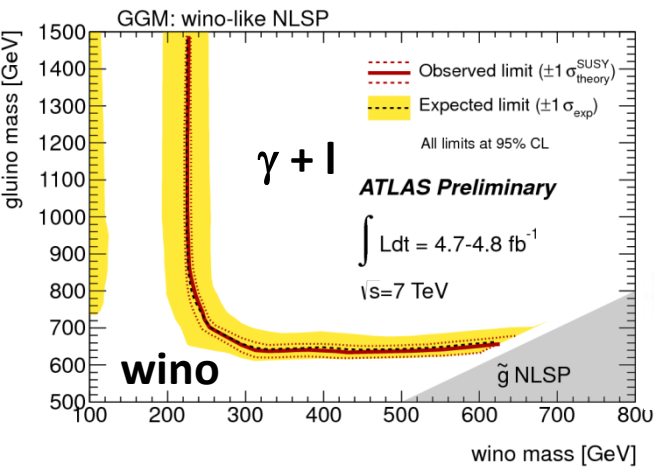
- Gravitino as LSP, nLSP is a neutralino, can be wino-, bino- or higgsino-like
 - Search in final states with photons, leptons and (b-)jets
 - Production through cascade decays gluinos and squarks or direct production



7 TeV

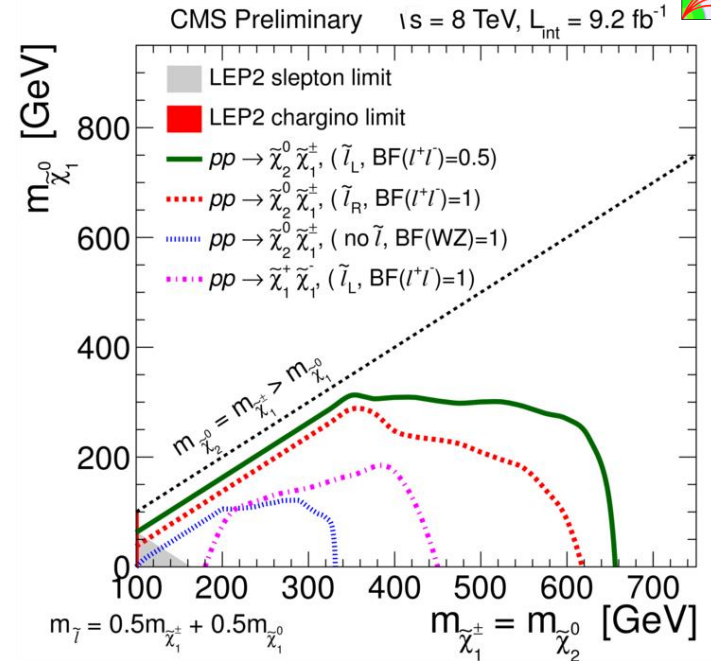


7 TeV



Conclusions

- Wide variety of searches for EWK SUSY
 - No SUSY found
 - Stringent constraints on masses of gauginos and sleptons
- Probing chargino-neutralino masses up to 600 GeV and slepton masses up to 250 GeV
- In R-parity violating models, wino masses up to 700 GeV and slepton masses up to 430 GeV



Search Type	Decay Channel	Search Reference	Mass Range [GeV]	Search Type	Assumptions
EW direct	$\tilde{l}_L, \tilde{l} \rightarrow l \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$L=4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 7 \text{ TeV}$ [1208.2884]	85-195 GeV	I mass	$(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0)$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\mp \rightarrow l \tilde{\nu} (l \bar{\nu}) \rightarrow l \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$L=4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 7 \text{ TeV}$ [1208.2884]	110-340 GeV	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ mass	$(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 10 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\nu}) = \frac{1}{2}(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) + m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)))$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow l \tilde{\nu} l (\tilde{\nu} \nu), l \tilde{\nu} l (\tilde{\nu} \nu)$	$L=13.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 8 \text{ TeV}$ [ATLAS-CONF-2012-154]	580 GeV	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ mass	$(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0, m(\tilde{\nu}) \text{ as above})$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$L=13.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 8 \text{ TeV}$ [ATLAS-CONF-2012-154]	140-295 GeV	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ mass	$(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0, \text{sleptons decoupled})$
RPV	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\mp \rightarrow W \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow e \tilde{\nu}_\mu, e \mu \nu$	$L=13.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 8 \text{ TeV}$ [ATLAS-CONF-2012-153]	700 GeV	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ mass	$(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 300 \text{ GeV}, \lambda_{121} \text{ or } \lambda_{122} > 0)$
	$\tilde{l}_L, \tilde{l} \rightarrow l \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow e \tilde{\nu}_\mu, e \mu \nu$	$L=13.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 8 \text{ TeV}$ [ATLAS-CONF-2012-153]	430 GeV	I mass	$(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 100 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{l}_e) = m(\tilde{l}_\mu) = m(\tilde{l}_\tau), \lambda_{121} \text{ or } \lambda_{122} > 0)$

Back-up

Documentation

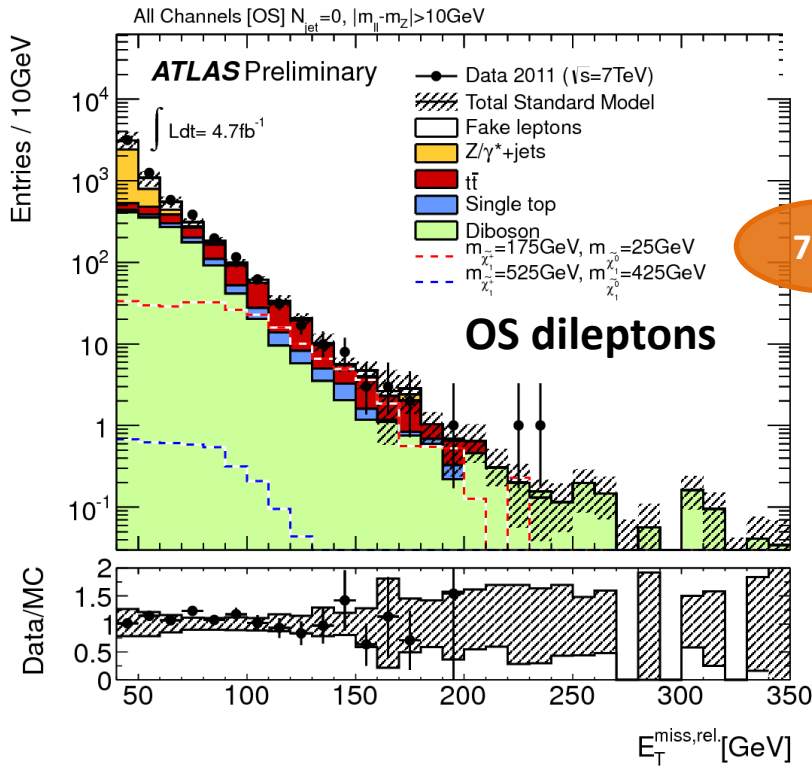
- Direct EWKino production
 - ATLAS-CONF-2012-154 (8 TeV)
 - ATLAS-CONF-2012-076 (7 TeV)
 - ATLAS-CONF-2013-028 (8 TeV)
 - CMS-PAS-SUS-12-022 (8 TeV)
- GGM models
 - ATLAS-CONF-2012-152 (8 TeV)
 - ATLAS-CONF-2012-147 (8 TeV)
 - ATLAS-CONF-2012-144 (7 TeV)
 - *Phys. Lett. B 719 (2013) 261-279*
 - CMS-PAS-SUS-12-018 (8 TeV)
 - CMS-PAS-SUS-12-013 (7 TeV)
- RPV violating models:
 - ATLAS-CONF-2012-153 (8 TeV)

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 - through sleptons and sneutrinos
 - through vector bosons
- Slepton and chargino pair production
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- General Gauge Mediated SUSY breaking
- Conclusions

Opposite-Sign and Same-Sign dilepton analysis

- Use both OS and SS dileptons:
 - Z veto, jet veto, MET > 100 GeV

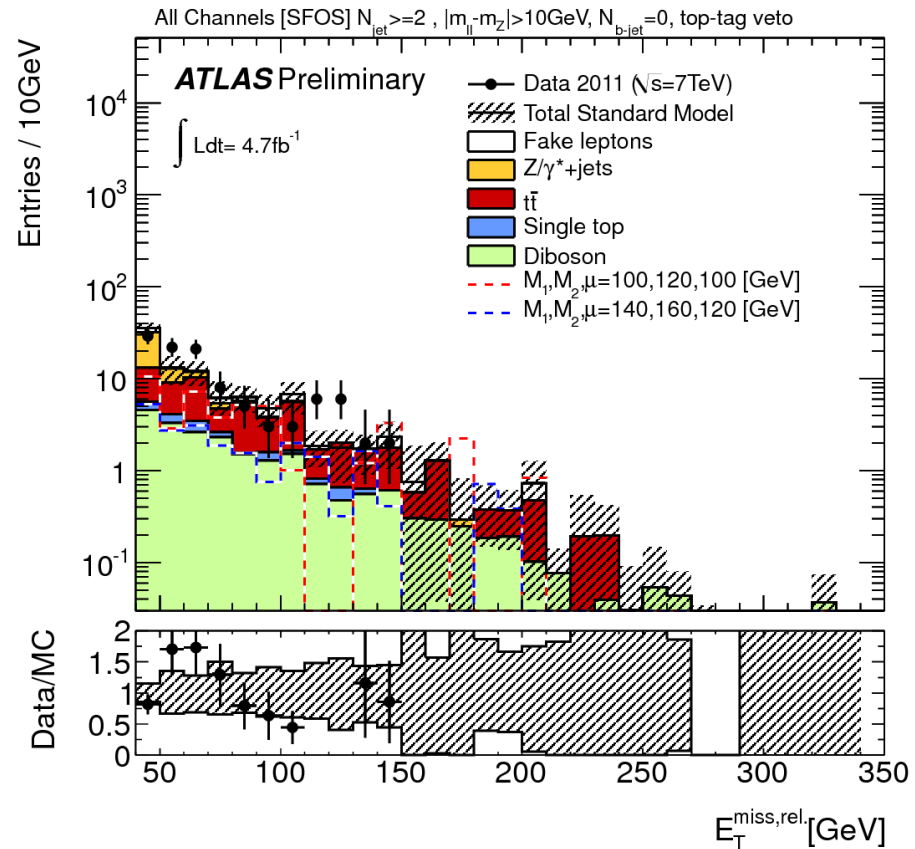


7 TeV

- Opposite sign dileptons, b-veto, top veto, at least 2 jets, MET > 50 GeV
 - Off-Z, not targeting intermediate vectorbosons

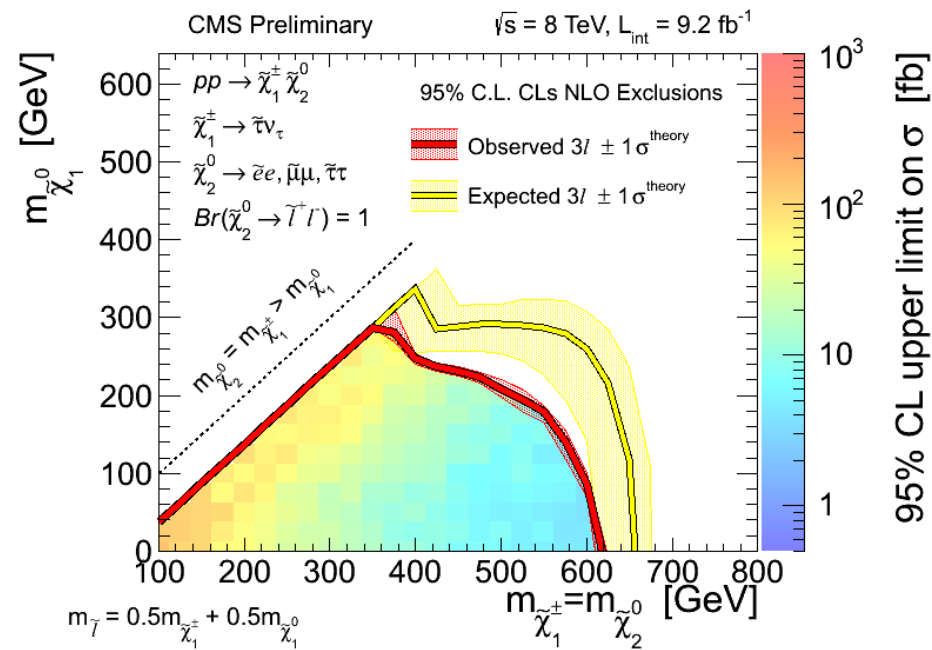


7 TeV

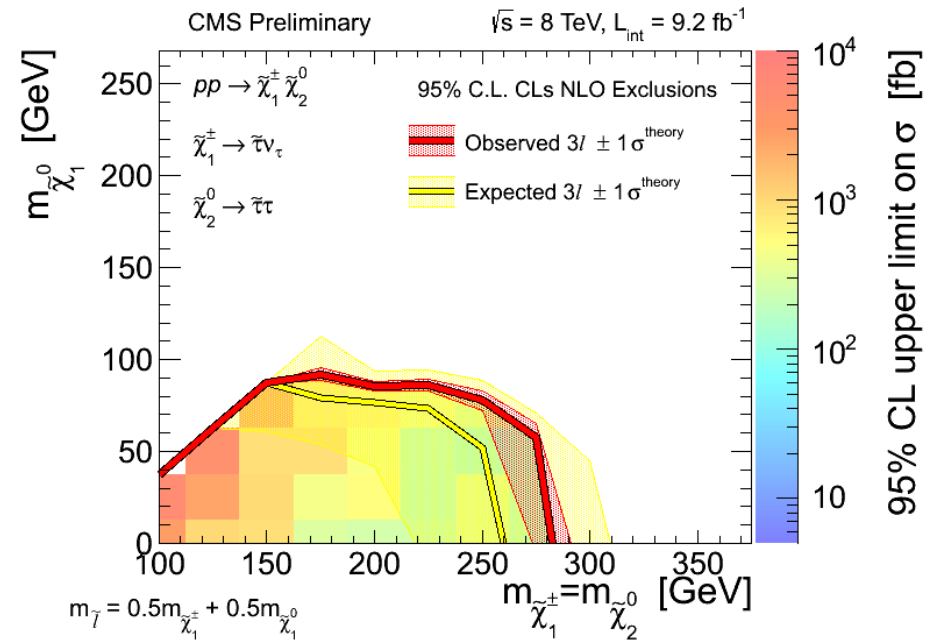


Tau-enriched and tau-dominated results

- Tau-enriched: chargino decays to taus
- Tau-dominated: chargino and neutralino decay to taus



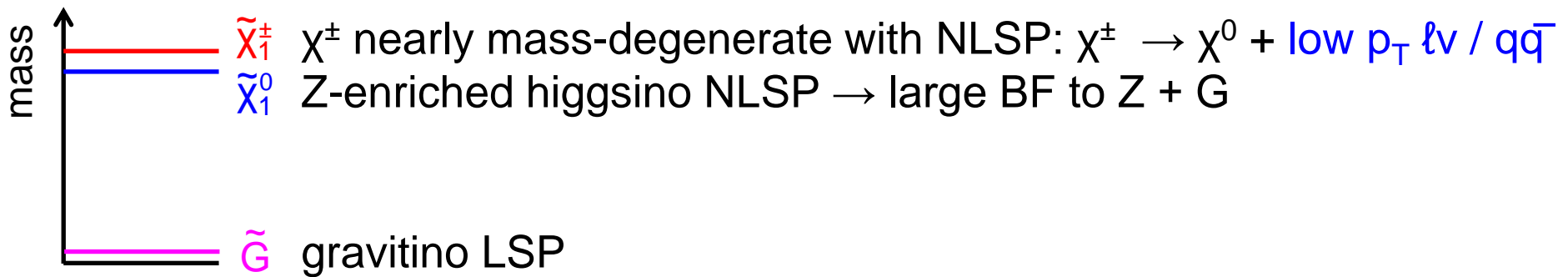
Tau-enriched



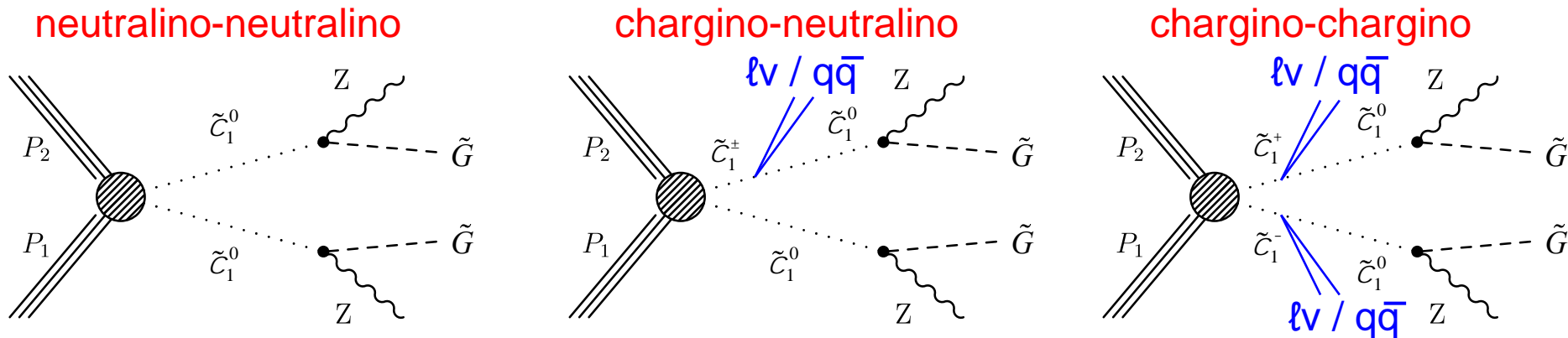
Tau-dominated

GSMB model (ZZ)

- Cross section of $\chi^0\chi^0$ is suppressed w.r.t. $\chi^\pm\chi^0 \rightarrow$ **no sensitivity to models with only $\chi^0\chi^0$ production**
- Interpret results using GSMB model with large BF to ZZ+MET



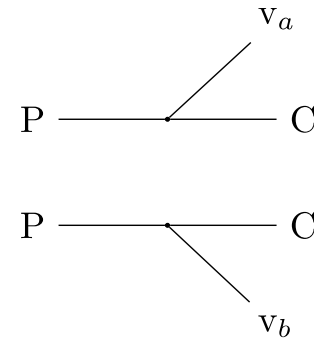
- **3 diagrams enhance $\sigma \times$ BF to ZZ+MET final state**



$M_{CT,Perp}$

$$M_{CT}^2 = m^2(v_a) + m^2(v_b) + 2 [E_T(v_a)E_T(v_b) + \mathbf{p}_T(v_a) \cdot \mathbf{p}_T(v_b)]$$

$$M_{CT}^{\max} = \frac{m^2(P) - m^2(C)}{m(P)}$$



- Endpoint only holds if PP are back-to-back (no ISR)
- Project visible momentum in direction perpendicular to ISR or other visible upstream objects

- Implemented as $\vec{p}_{Up} = -(\vec{p}_{T,miss} - \vec{p}_{T1} - \vec{p}_{T2})$

$$M_{CT\perp}^2 = m^2(v_a) + m^2(v_b) + 2 [E_{T\perp}(v_a)E_{T\perp}(v_b) + \mathbf{p}_{T\perp}(v_a) \cdot \mathbf{p}_{T\perp}(v_b)]$$

where

$$E_{T\perp}(v) = \sqrt{m^2(v) + \mathbf{p}_{T\perp}^2(v)}$$

if $m(v) = 0$,

$$M_{CT\perp}^2 = 2p_T(v_1)p_T(v_2) (|\sin \phi_1| |\sin \phi_2| + \sin \phi_1 \sin \phi_2)$$

ϕ_i is the angle between $\mathbf{p}_{T\perp}(v_i)$ and \mathbf{p}_{Up}

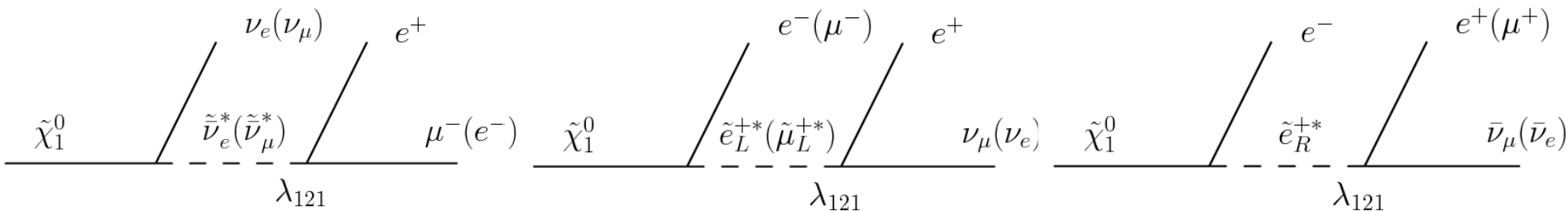
[arXiv:0910.1584](https://arxiv.org/abs/0910.1584)

R-parity violation SUSY searches

R-Parity violating SUSY searches

$$W_{\text{RPV}} = \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k + \lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j \bar{D}_k + \kappa_i L_i H_2 + \lambda''_{ijk} \bar{U}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k$$

Proton stability forbids simultaneous violation of **lepton** and **baryon** number
 LSP is Bino-like neutralino, nLSP can be wino, L-slepton, sneutrino, gluino



- **Model naturally gives 4ℓ (off-Z) signatures**

- Dedicated analysis:
 - four lepton analysis