

Top Quark Properties at the Tevatron

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On behalf of the CDF and DØ Collaborations



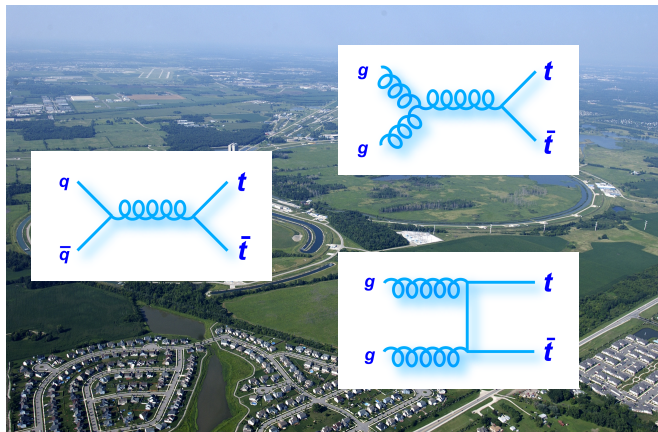
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Top quarks at the Tevatron

- $m_t > m_H$. Special role in BSM physics?
- Produced via the strong interaction in $p\bar{p}$ collisions
- 85% $q\bar{q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ + 15% $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (opposite of LHC)



- Many new physics models arise only from $q\bar{q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$

Many opportunities for new physics

- Today's items in red

Top width

Lifetime

Top mass

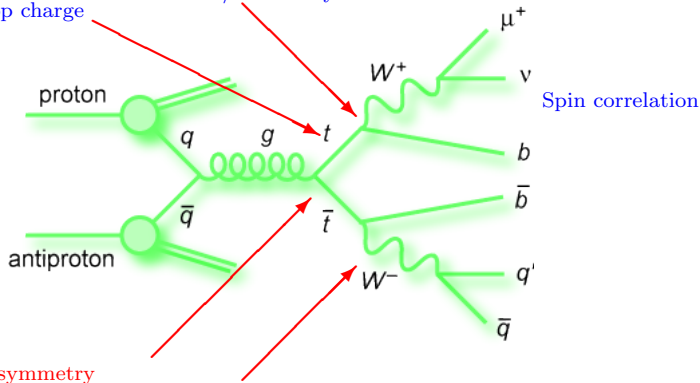
$t\bar{t}$ mass difference

Top charge

Top branching ratios

Anomalous couplings

New/rare decays



FB asymmetry

Resonance production

New particles

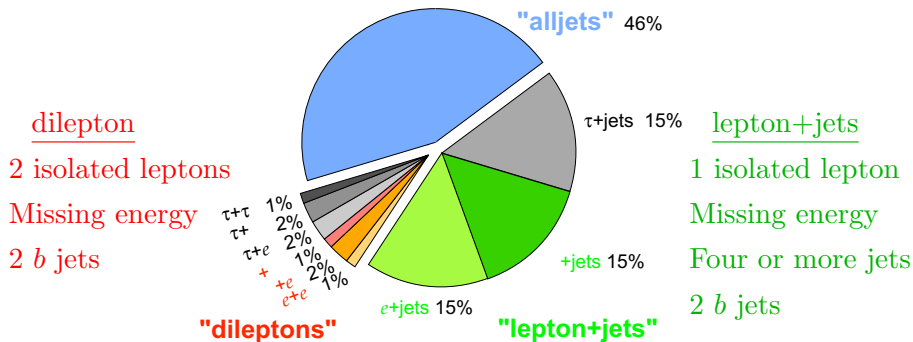
Violation of Lorentz invariance/CPT

W helicity

Top decays

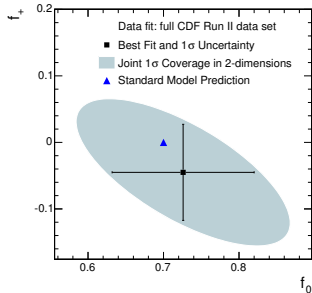
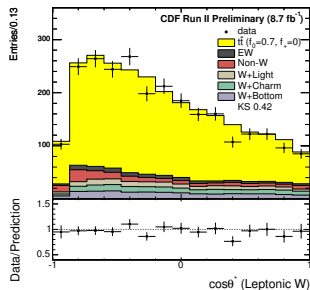
- $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+bW^-\bar{b}$, $\text{BR}_{\text{SM}}(t \rightarrow W^+b)=100\%$
- Top pair decays classified by decay of W^+W^-

Top Pair Branching Fractions



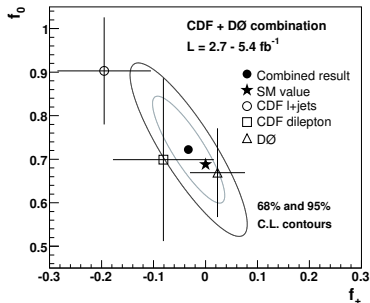
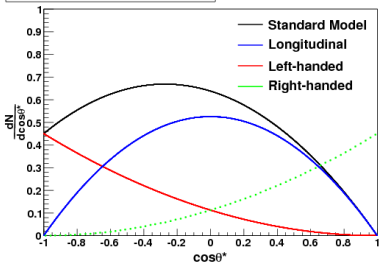
W helicity - CDF PRD 87, 031104(R) (2013)

- W bosons from t decay produced in three possible helicity states: $+$, 0 , $-$
- Sensitive to new physics at tWb vertex and non-SM $t\bar{t}$ production
- SM predictions for fractions:
 $f_+ = 0.0017 \pm 0.0001$ $f_0 = 0.688 \pm 0.004$,
and $f_- = 0.310 \pm 0.004$
- Analyze with matrix element method:
 - ▶ Probability for event to be from $t\bar{t}$ decay with f_+ and f_0
 - ▶ Probability for event to be from W +jets background
- Results:
 - ▶ $f_+ = -0.045 \pm 0.072$
 - ▶ $f_0 = 0.726 \pm 0.094$

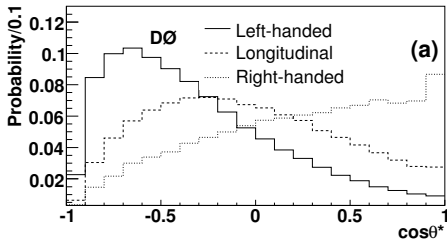


W helicity - CDF+DØ PRD 85 , 091104 (2012)

Theoretical $\text{Cos}\theta^*$ distributions

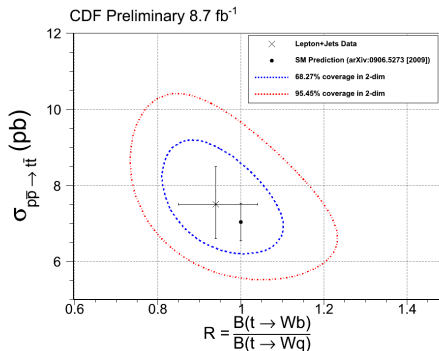
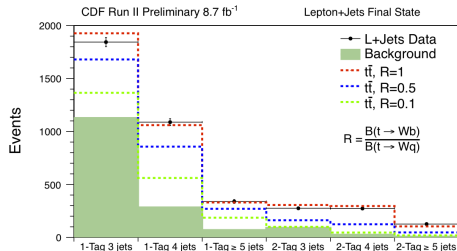


Reconstructed $\text{cos}\theta^*$



- CDF l +jets uses matrix element method
- CDF dilepton and DØ analyses use template fits for kinematically reconstructed $\text{cos}(\theta^*)$
- Results from combination:
 - ▶ $f_+ = -0.033 \pm 0.046$
 - ▶ $f_0 = 0.722 \pm 0.081$

Top branching ratio - CDF conf. note 10887 (2012)



- Using 8.7 fb⁻¹ of data in the l +jets channel

- $R = \frac{B(t \rightarrow Wb)}{B(t \rightarrow Wq)}$

- $R = \frac{|V_{tb}|^2}{|V_{tb}|^2 + |V_{ts}|^2 + |V_{td}|^2}$

- Maximum likelihood fit using templates to measure R and $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$

- Results:

- ▶ $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = (7.5 \pm 1.0)$ pb

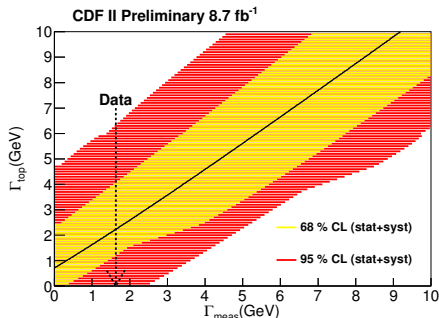
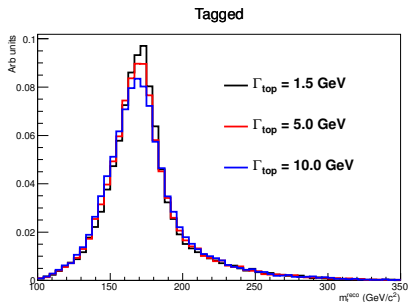
- ▶ $R = 0.94 \pm 0.09$

- SM prediction: $R = 0.998$

- Extract $|V_{tb}| = 0.97 \pm 0.05$, assuming unitary 3×3 CKM matrix

Width of top quark - CDF conf. note 10936 (2012)

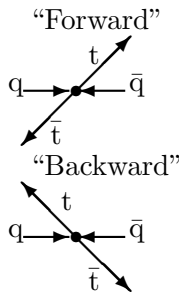
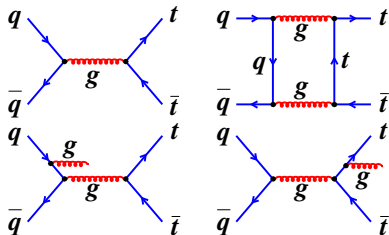
- Using 8.7 fb^{-1} of data in the $l+\text{jets}$ channel
- Event is kinematically reconstructed with constraints:
 - ▶ $m_W = 80.4 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{t,1} = m_{t,2}$
- Use a maximum likelihood method to measure Γ_t from shape of m_t^{reco} in data
- Use MC experiments with Feldman-Cousins scheme to calibrate value from data and calculate uncertainties
- Measure $\Gamma_t = 2.21_{-1.11}^{+1.84} \text{ GeV}$, in agreement with SM value of $\Gamma_t = 1.25 \text{ GeV}$
- Using Heisenberg Uncertainty principle: $\tau_t = (2.98_{-1.35}^{+3.00}) \times 10^{-25} \text{ s}$
- See single top talk for $D\bar{O}$ analysis



$t\bar{t}$ Forward-Backward Asymmetry

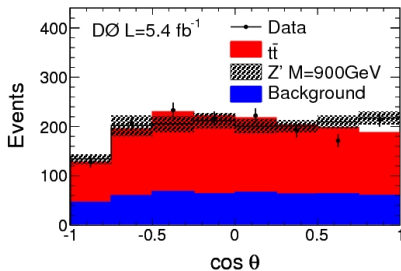
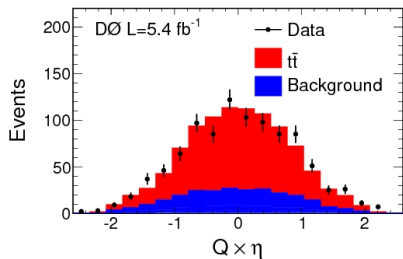
DØ Phys. Rev. D 87, 011103(R), CDF conf. note 10975

- Focus on best measured object from $t\bar{t}$ decay: the lepton
 - ▶ l +jets: large branching fraction
 - ▶ dilepton: twice the number of leptons, better signal to background
- Multiple observables:
 - ▶ $A_{FB}^l = \frac{N(q_l y_l > 0) - N(q_l y_l < 0)}{N(q_l y_l > 0) + N(q_l y_l < 0)}$
 - ▶ $A^l = \frac{N(\Delta\eta > 0) - N(\Delta\eta < 0)}{N(\Delta\eta > 0) + N(\Delta\eta < 0)}$, where $\Delta\eta = \eta_{l^+} - \eta_{l^-}$



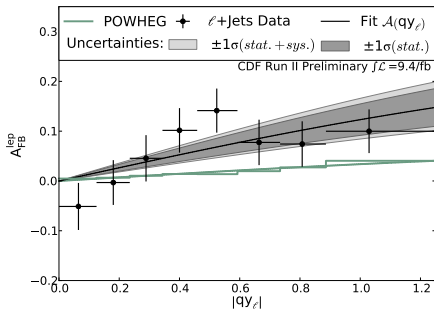
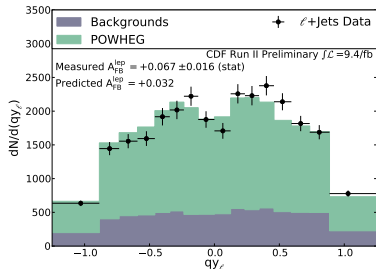
A_{FB}^l - DØ Phys. Rev. D 87, 011103(R) (2012)

- Using 5.4 fb^{-1} in the dilepton channel
- Measured asymmetries, corrected for effects from selection:
 - ▶ $A_{FB}^l = (5.8 \pm 5.1(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.3(\text{syst.})) \%$, compared to MC@NLO (re-weighted for QCD+EW) prediction of $(4.7 \pm 0.1)\%$
 - ▶ $A^{ll} = (5.3 \pm 7.9(\text{stat.}) \pm 2.9(\text{syst.})) \%$, compared to $(6.2 \pm 0.2)\%$
- Investigated polarization of top quark. In agreement with MC@NLO simulation.



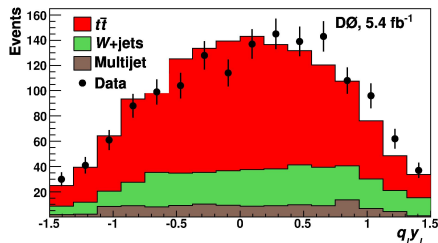
A_{FB}^l - CDF conf. note 10975 (2013)

- Measured with 9.4 fb^{-1} in the l +jets channel
- Updated selection: p_T of fourth jet reduced to 12 GeV from 20 GeV
- For background-subtracted data: $A_{FB}^l = (7.0 \pm 2.2) \%$
- After correcting for acceptance and extrapolating:
 $A_{FB}^l = (9.4 \pm 2.4(\text{stat.})_{-1.7}^{+2.2}(\text{syst.})) \%$ compared to QCD+EW prediction of 3.6%
- Deviation of $\sim 2\sigma$

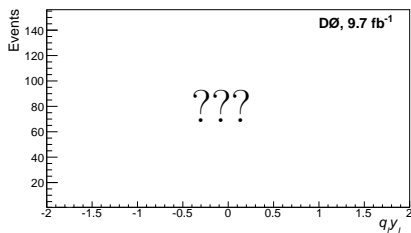


Coming soon...

5.4 fb^{-1}



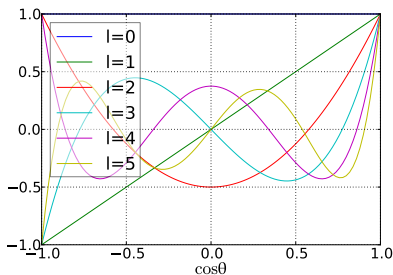
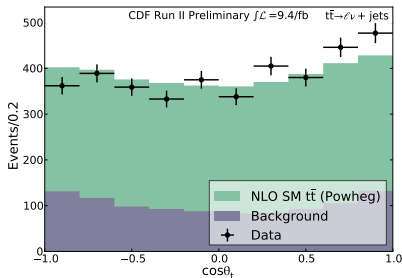
9.7 fb^{-1}



- A_{FB}^l in $D\bar{O}$ l +jets channel
- Many updates
 - ▶ More data: 9.7 fb^{-1} from 5.4 fb^{-1}
 - ▶ More inclusive: l +3 jets as well as l + ≥ 4 jets
 - ▶ A_{FB}^l versus p_T^l (suggested by G. Perez)
 - ▶ More precise: $< 3\%$ uncertainty

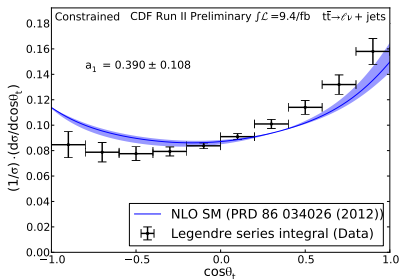
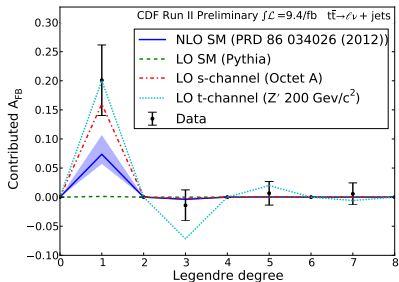
Alternative to asymmetry - CDF conf. note 10974 (2013)

- Previous measurements have quantified t quark angular production with A_{FB}
- Asymmetries are not optimal or complete
 - ▶ Compare only two parts of distribution (rather than entire distribution)
 - ▶ Sharp change at zero
- Use angle between t quark and proton, $\cos(\theta_t)$
- Finds moments of Legendre polynomial for kinematically reconstructed $\cos(\theta_t)$
 - ▶ $\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos(\theta_t)} = \sum_l a_l P_l(\cos(\theta_t))$
- Measure moments $a_1 - a_8$



Measurement of moments - CDF conf. note 10974 (2013)

- Correct (unfold) measured moments for effects from detector for comparison with theoretical predictions
- Compare to two new physics models: s -channel axiglons and t -channel Z'
- Measure $a_1 = 0.40 \pm 0.12$
- Predicted $a_1 = 0.15 \pm 0.05$
- Deviation of $\sim 2\sigma$
- Assuming SM is correct for all moments but a_1 :
 - ▶ $a_1 = 0.390 \pm 0.108$



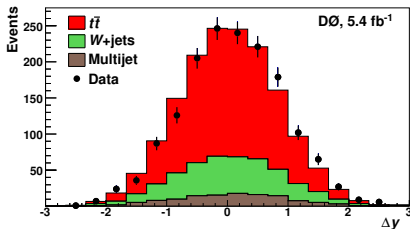
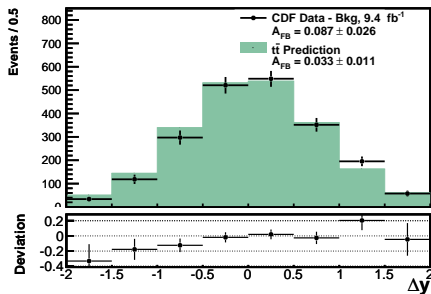
Summary

- Many new measurements of top properties at the Tevatron
- We have developed novel techniques for mature analyses
- Most results agree with SM, but still some puzzles
- More information here:
 - ▶ CDF top results:
http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/new/top/public_tprop.html
 - ▶ DØ top results:
http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/top/top_public_web_pages/top_public.html
- Thank you for your attention and see you on the slopes!



Backup Slides

$t\bar{t}$ forward-backward asymmetry



- CDF and DØ both measure larger than predicted A_{FB} based on $\Delta y = y_t - y_{\bar{t}}$
- For CDF with 9.4 fb⁻¹: $A_{FB} = (16.4 \pm 4.5)\%$
- For DØ with 5.4 fb⁻¹: $A_{FB} = (20 \pm 7)\%$
- SM prediction: $A_{FB} = 7\% - 9\%$
- CDF measures dependence of A_{FB} on $m_{t\bar{t}}$ of $\sim 2\sigma$ larger than SM