

QCD predictions for the production of a Z boson in association with a hadronic jet

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in collaboration with

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Rencontres de Moriond
QCD and High Energy Interactions

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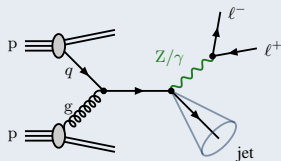
ETH

Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich



MC@NNLO

Z + jet production at the LHC



$$p p \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* + \text{jet} \rightarrow \ell^- \ell^+ + \text{jet} + X$$

- ▶ large cross section
- ▶ clean leptonic signature

- ▶ precision measurements
 - ↪ test pQCD
 - ↪ constrain PDFs (gluon)
- ▶ detector calibration
 - ↪ jet energy scale
- ▶ searches for BSM physics

high-precision predictions mandatory!

NNLO QCD

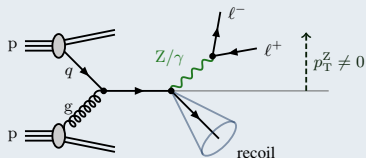
[Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Morgan '15]

[Boughezal, Campbell, Ellis, Focke, Giele, Liu, Petriello.'15]

[Boughezal, Liu, Petriello.'16]

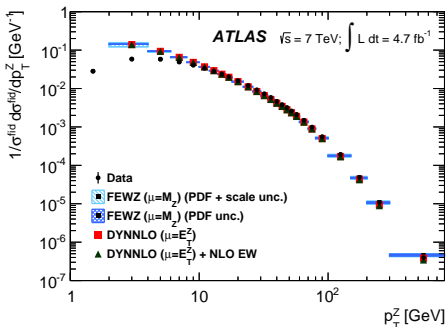
Motivation and Introduction

Inclusive p_T spectrum of the Z boson ($p_T^Z > 0$ GeV)



$$p p \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* + X \rightarrow \ell^- \ell^+ + X$$

- ▶ large cross section
- ▶ clean leptonic signature



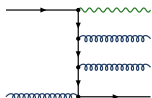
[JHEP 1409 (2014) 145]

- ▶ fully inclusive w.r.t. QCD radiation
- ▶ only reconstruct ℓ^+ , ℓ^-
 - ↪ very clean & precise measurement
- ▶ potential to constrain gluon PDFs
 - ↪ **NNLO needed** [Malik, Watt '14]

- 1 Z + jet @ NNLO using Antenna Subtraction
- 2 Results for the inclusive p_T spectrum of the Z boson

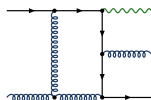
Anatomy of an NNLO calculation

$$\sigma_{\text{NNLO}} = \int_{\Phi_{Z+3}} d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{RR}}$$



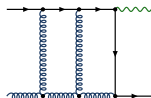
- ▶ single-unresolved
- ▶ double-unresolved

$$+ \int_{\Phi_{Z+2}} d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{RV}}$$



- ▶ single-unresolved
- ▶ $1/\epsilon^2, 1/\epsilon$

$$+ \int_{\Phi_{Z+1}} d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{VV}}$$



- ▶ $1/\epsilon^4, 1/\epsilon^3, 1/\epsilon^2, 1/\epsilon$

Σ

finite (Kinoshita–Lee–Nauenberg & factorization)

Non-trivial cancellation of infrared singularities

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{NNLO}} = & \int_{\Phi_{Z+3}} \left(d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{RR}} - d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{S}} \right) \\ & + \int_{\Phi_{Z+2}} \left(d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{RV}} - d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{T}} \right) \\ & + \int_{\Phi_{Z+1}} \left(d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{VV}} - d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{U}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

- ▶ $d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{S}}, d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{T}}$:
mimic $d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{RR}}, d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{RV}}$
in unresolved limits
- ▶ $d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{T}}, d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{U}}$:
analytic cancellation of
poles in $d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{RV}}, d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}^{\text{VV}}$

Σ finite -0

⇒ each line suitable for numerical evaluation in $D = 4$

Checks of the calculation

Analytic pole cancellation

- ▶ Poles $(d\sigma^{\text{RV}} - d\sigma^{\text{T}}) = 0$
- ▶ Poles $(d\sigma^{\text{VV}} - d\sigma^{\text{U}}) = 0$

DimReg: $D = 4 - 2\epsilon$

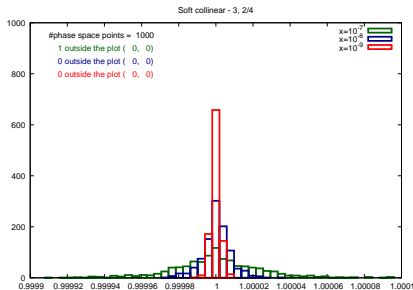
Unresolved limits

- ▶ $d\sigma^{\text{S}} \rightarrow d\sigma^{\text{RR}}$ (single- & double-unresolved)
- ▶ $d\sigma^{\text{T}} \rightarrow d\sigma^{\text{RV}}$ (single-unresolved)

bin the ratio: $d\sigma^{\text{S}}/d\sigma^{\text{RR}} \xrightarrow{\text{unresolved}} 1$

$q \bar{q} \rightarrow Z + g_3 g_4 g_5$ (g_3 soft & $g_4 \parallel \bar{q}$)

```
09:26:35 ..maple/process/Z
$ form autoqgB1g2ZgtoqU.frm
FORM 4.1 (Mar 13 2014) 64-bits
#-
poles = 0;
6.58 sec out of 6.64 sec
```

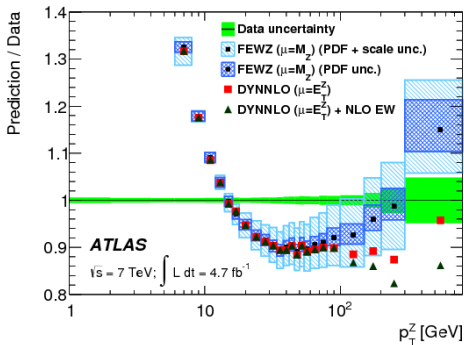


(approach singular limit: $x_i = 10^{-7}, 10^{-8}, 10^{-9}$)

1 Z + jet @ NNLO using Antenna Subtraction

2 Results for the inclusive p_T spectrum of the Z boson

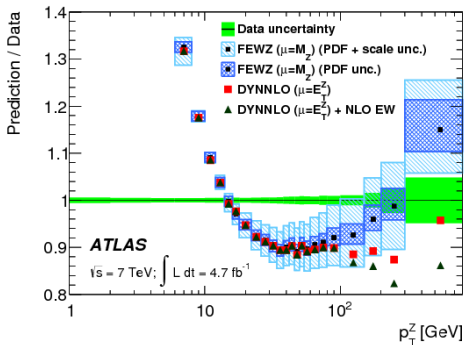
Inclusive p_T^Z at fixed order



[JHEP 1409 (2014) 145]

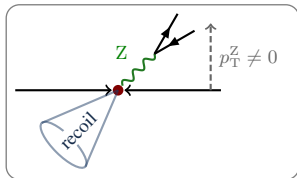
- ▶ low $p_T^Z \lesssim 10 \text{ GeV}$:
resummation required
- ▶ $p_T^Z \gtrsim 20 \text{ GeV}$:
fixed-order prediction
 $\sim 10\%$ below data!

Inclusive p_T^Z at fixed order



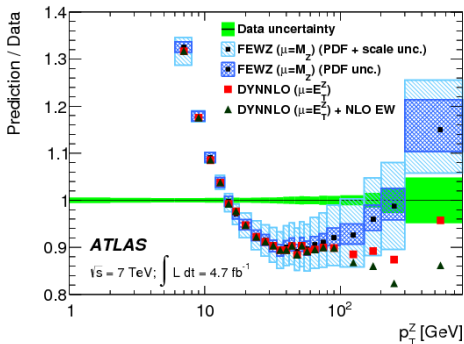
[JHEP 1409 (2014) 145]

FEWZ } Z + 0 jet @ NNLO
 DYNNLO }

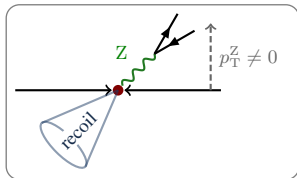


↪ Only NLO accurate
 in this distribution!

Inclusive p_T^Z at fixed order



FEWZ } Z + 0 jet @ NNLO
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NNLO

$p_T^Z > p_{T,cut}^Z = 20 \text{ GeV}$

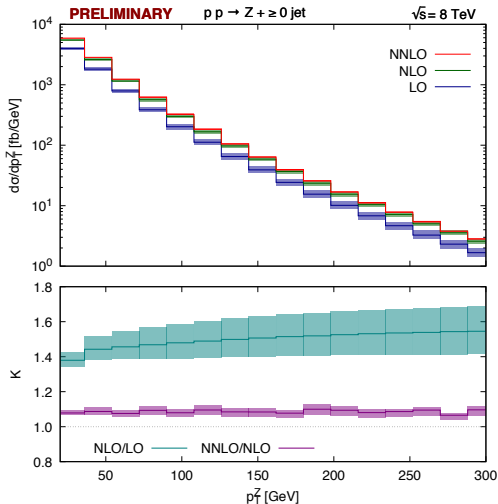
- ▶ requires hadronic recoil
- ↪ Z + ≥ 1 jet @ NNLO

Computational setup

- ▶ LHC @ 8 TeV
- ▶ PDF: NNPDF2.3 $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.118$
- ▶ jet cuts \longleftrightarrow fully inclusive w.r.t. QCD radiation
- ▶ $p_T^Z > 20$ GeV
- ▶ $p_T^{\ell_1} > 20$ GeV, $p_T^{\ell_2} > 10$ GeV, $|y^{\ell^\pm}| < 2.4$, $12 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 150 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ scale choice (dynamical)

$$\mu_F = \mu_R = \sqrt{m_{\ell\ell}^2 + p_{T,Z}^2} \times \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1, 2 \right]$$

Inclusive p_T spectrum of Z/γ^*



- ▶ **NLO** corrections $\sim 40 - 60\%$
- ▶ significant reduction of scale uncertainties **NLO** \rightarrow **NNLO**
- ▶ **NNLO** corrections: relatively flat $\sim 5 - 10\%$

Can this resolve the discrepancy in theory vs. data?!

$(12 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 150 \text{ GeV})$

Computational setup

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- ▶ $p_T^{\ell_1} > 20$ GeV, $p_T^{\ell_2} > 10$ GeV, $|y^{\ell^\pm}| < 2.4$, 12 GeV $< m_{\ell\ell} < 150$ GeV
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CMS setup

[arXiv:1504.03511]

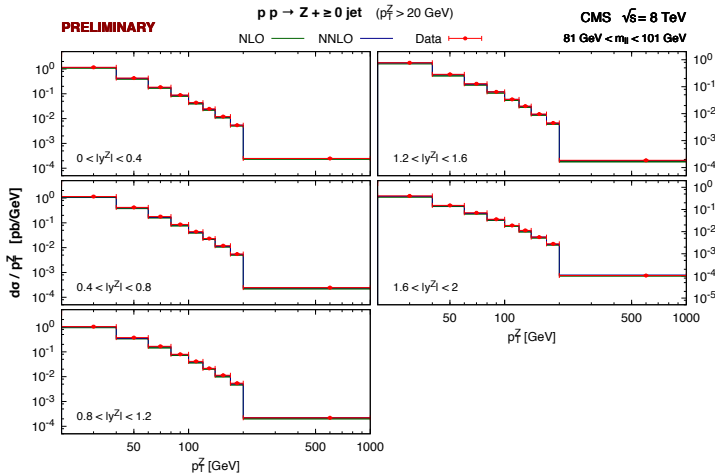
- ▶ $p_T^{\ell_1} > 25$ GeV, $|y^{\ell_1}| < 2.1$
- ▶ $p_T^{\ell_2} > 10$ GeV, $|y^{\ell_2}| < 2.4$
- ▶ 81 GeV $< m_{\ell\ell} < 101$ GeV
+ binning in y^Z

ATLAS setup

[arXiv:1512.02192]

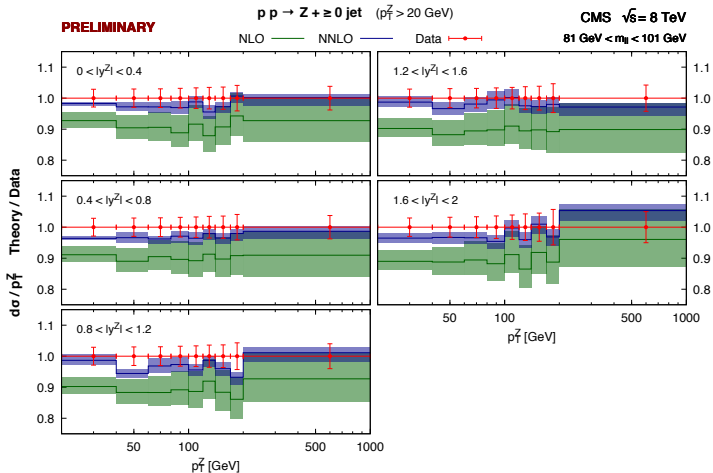
- ▶ $p_T^{\ell^\pm} > 20$ GeV, $|y^{\ell^\pm}| < 2.4$
- ▶ 66 GeV $< m_{\ell\ell} < 116$ GeV
+ binning in y^Z
- ▶ $|y^Z| < 2.4$ + binning in $m_{\ell\ell}$

Double-differential: $d\sigma/dp_T^Z$ binned in y^Z — CMS



- ▶ $81 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 101 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ 5 bins in y^Z : $[0, 0.4]$ $[0.4, 0.8]$ $[0.8, 1.2]$ $[1.2, 1.6]$ $[1.6, 2]$

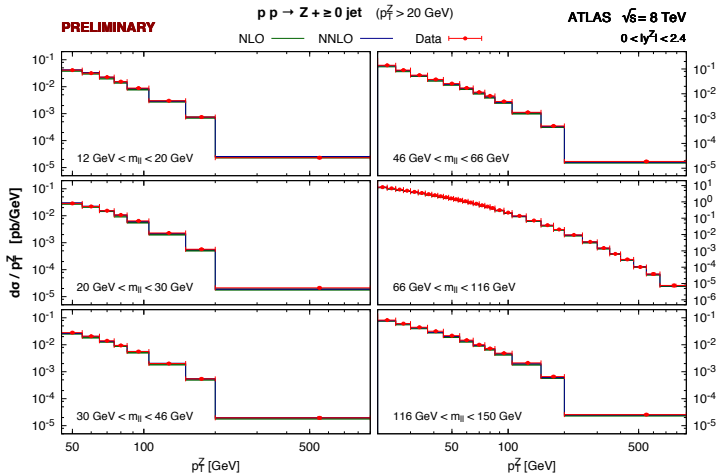
Double-differential: $d\sigma/dp_T^Z$ binned in y^Z — CMS



- ▶ significant improvement in **theory** vs. **data** comparison
- ▶ reduction of scale uncertainties

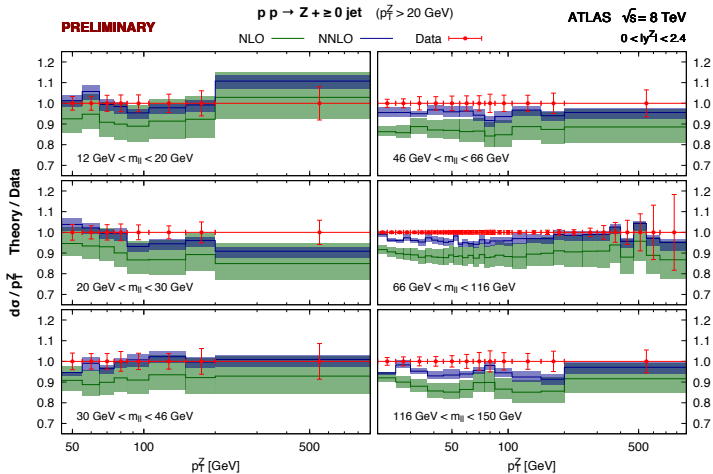
*fluctuations in “NLO/Data” from Data

Double-differential: $d\sigma/dp_T^Z$ binned in $m_{\ell\ell}$ — ATLAS



- ▶ $0 < |y^Z| < 2.4$
- ▶ 6 bins in $m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]: [12, 20] [20, 30] [30, 46] [46, 66] [66, 116] [116, 150]

Double-differential: $d\sigma/dp_T^Z$ binned in $m_{\ell\ell}$ — ATLAS



- ▶ significant improvement in **theory** vs. **data** comparison
- ▶ reduction of scale uncertainties

Summary

- ▶ The inclusive p_T^Z spectrum is an important observable at hadron colliders: Powerful testing ground for QCD predictions, modelling of Z/W backgrounds, potential to constrain PDFs, ...
- ▶ We have used our recent Z + jet calculation to predict this distribution to NNLO accuracy for $p_T^Z > p_{T,cut}^Z$
- ▶ We observe a reduction of the scale uncertainty and a significant improvement in the theory vs. data comparison

Outlook

- ▶ Repeat calculation with different PDF sets
↔ study potential of data to constrain PDF sets
- ▶ **work in progress:** interface to APPLgrid, fastNLO

Summary

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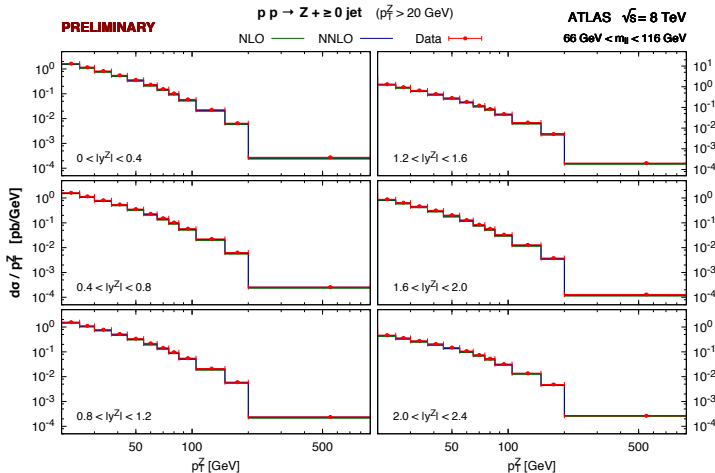
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Thank you

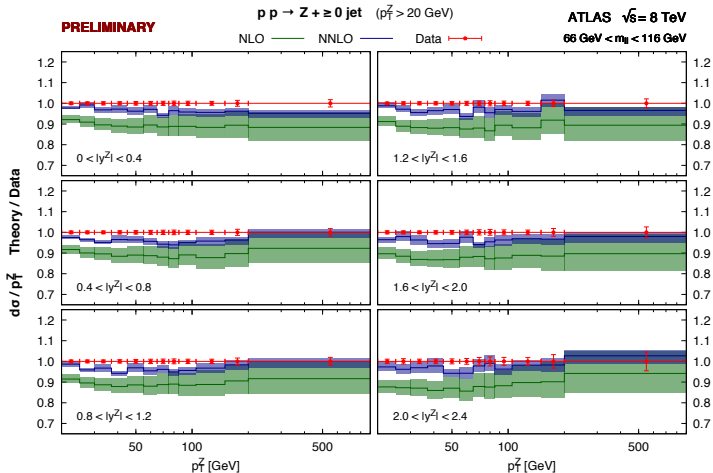
Backup Slides

Double-differential: $d\sigma/dp_T^Z$ binned in y^Z — ATLAS



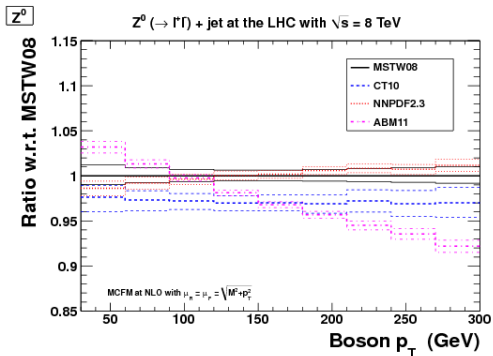
- ▶ 66 GeV < $m_{\ell\ell}$ < 116 GeV
- ▶ 6 bins in y^Z : [0, 0.4] [0.4, 0.8] [0.8, 1.2] [1.2, 1.6] [1.6, 2] [2, 2.4]

Double-differential: $d\sigma/dp_T^Z$ binned in y^Z — ATLAS



- ▶ significant improvement in **theory** vs. **data*** comparison
- ▶ reduction of scale uncertainties

* ATLAS errors significantly smaller compared to CMS



- ▶ $p_T^Z \gtrsim M_Z \rightsquigarrow$ fixed-order reliable
- ▶ left: only PDF uncertainties!
(NLO scale uncertainty: $\sim 10\%$)
- ▶ potential to constrain gluon PDFs
 \Rightarrow NNLO calculation needed!

[Malik, Watt '14]

- ▶ repeat study at NNLO using newest generation of PDF sets
- ▶ **work in progress**: interface to APPLgrid, fastNLO
- ▶ tag flavour: $Z + b(b) \leftrightarrow$ constrain b-quark PDFs